

OSIsoft®

USERS' ²⁰¹⁷ CONFERENCE



Turning **insight** into **action**.



SMART Catch: An Early Warning System - *Excelled through PI System*

Presented by **Sachin Agarwal & ANS Suryanarayana**

Outline

- NTPC-A Snapshot
- Organizational Challenges
- SMART Catch
- Our Enablers
- Approach-Fish Bone Diagram
- Case Studies
- Future Roadmap



Outline

- NTPC-A Snapshot
- Organizational Challenges
- SMART Catch
- Our Enablers
- Approach-Fish Bone Diagram
- Case Studies
- Future Roadmap



Who We Are...

**NTPC
Ltd**

One of the Best in Capacity Utilization in the World

One of the largest in the World in Energy Generation

Significant presence in the entire value chain of Power Generation Business

15 Coal and 7 Gas station with generating capacity of 33194 MW

03 Subsidiaries and 20 JVs

Plan of becoming 128 GW Company by 2032

NTPC Vision

To be the World's Largest and
Best Power Producer,
Powering India's Growth

NTPC...As on Date

CAPACITY (MW)		
A 33000+ MW Company with 126 units and still growing.		
Coal	85	29,830
Gas/Liquid Fuel	28	
Total	113	29,830
Owned By JVs		
Coal & Gas	6	3,364
Total	28	33,194

- 85 Coal Units
- 28 Gas Turbines
- 13 Steam Turbines/WHRB

REGION	COAL	GAS	TOTAL
Northern	8,015	2,312	10,327
Western	6,860	1,293	8,153
Eastern		350	3,950
Total	27,265	5,000	33,194

A Fleet with average age of 18+ yrs, having disparate designs

JVs

Units operating at challenging targets of >92% PLF

NTPC-Diversified Growth



Hydro Power



Power Trading



Renewable
Energy



Ash Business



Nuclear Power



Power
Distribution

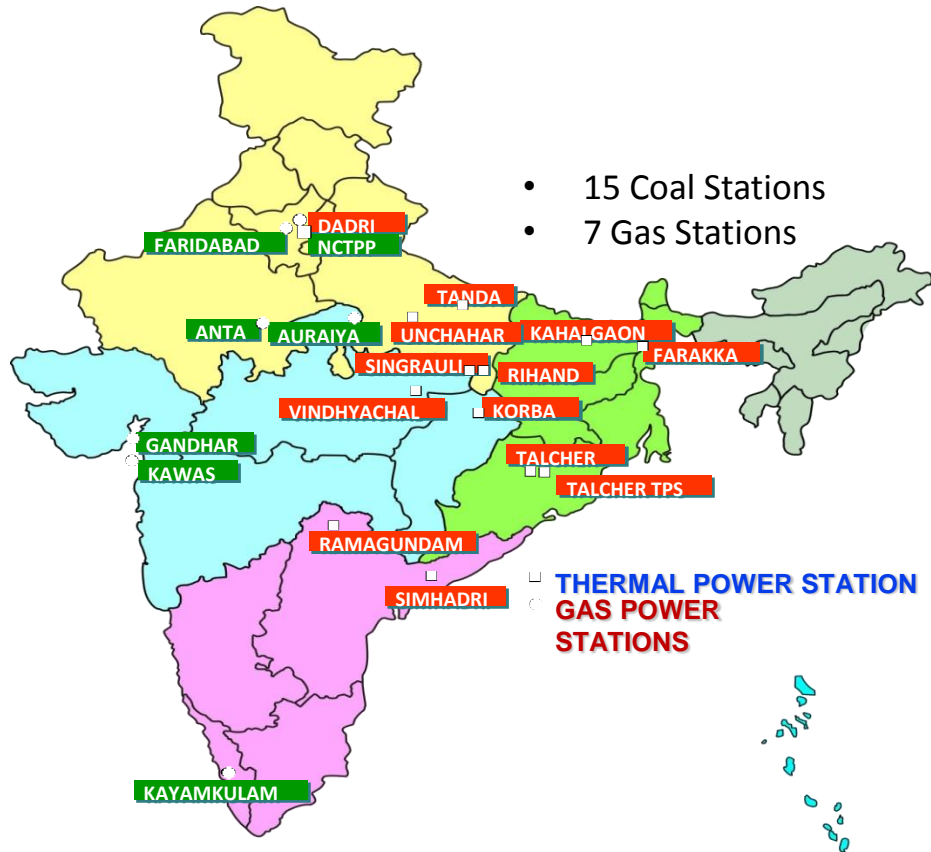


Coal Mining



Equipment
Manufacturing

Spread



Subsidiaries

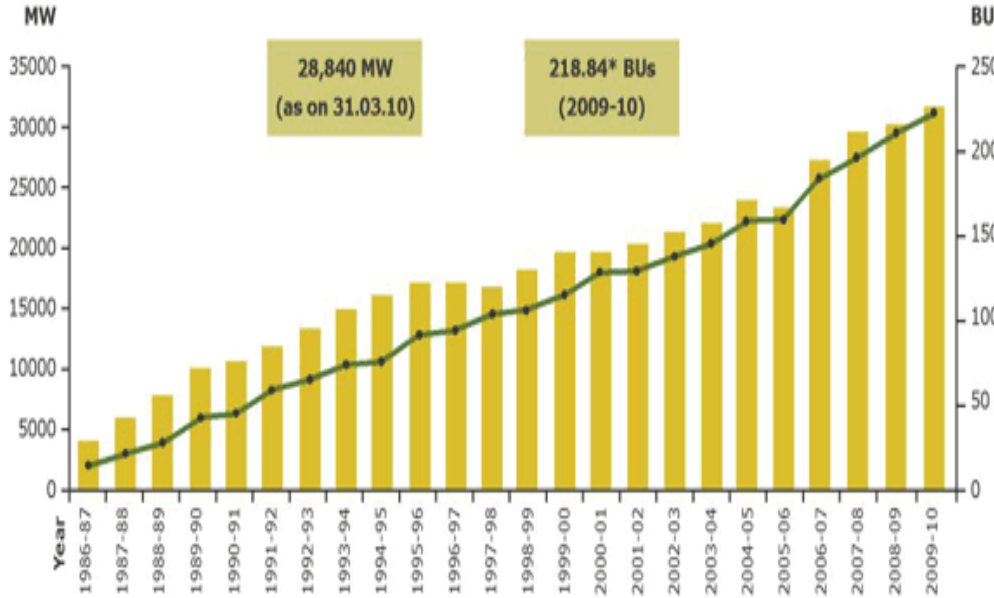
- NTPC Electric Supply Company Ltd. (NESCL)
- NTPC Vidyut Vyapar Nigam Ltd. (NVVN)
- NTPC Hydro Ltd. (NHL)

Joint Ventures

- NTPC -ALSTOM POWER SERVICES PVT. LTD. (NASL)
- NTPC – SCCL GLOBAL VENTURES PRIVATE LTD
- INTERNATIONAL COAL VENTURES PVT. LIMITED (ICVL)
- NTPC-BHEL POWER PROJECTS PVT.LTD
- NTPC-SAIL POWER COMPANY (PVT) LTD (NSPCL)

Growth of NTPC

■ **INSTALLED CAPACITY** ■ **GENERATION**



Outline

- NTPC-A Snapshot
- Organizational Challenges
- SMART Catch
- Our Enablers
- Approach-Fish Bone Diagram
- Case Studies
- Future Roadmap



Organizational Challenges

Ageing fleet

Reduction in O&M cost

Optimization of plant processes

Limited experts in specific areas

Expected reduction in GHG emissions

De-regulation and Global competition

Rapid growth in capacity, across the country



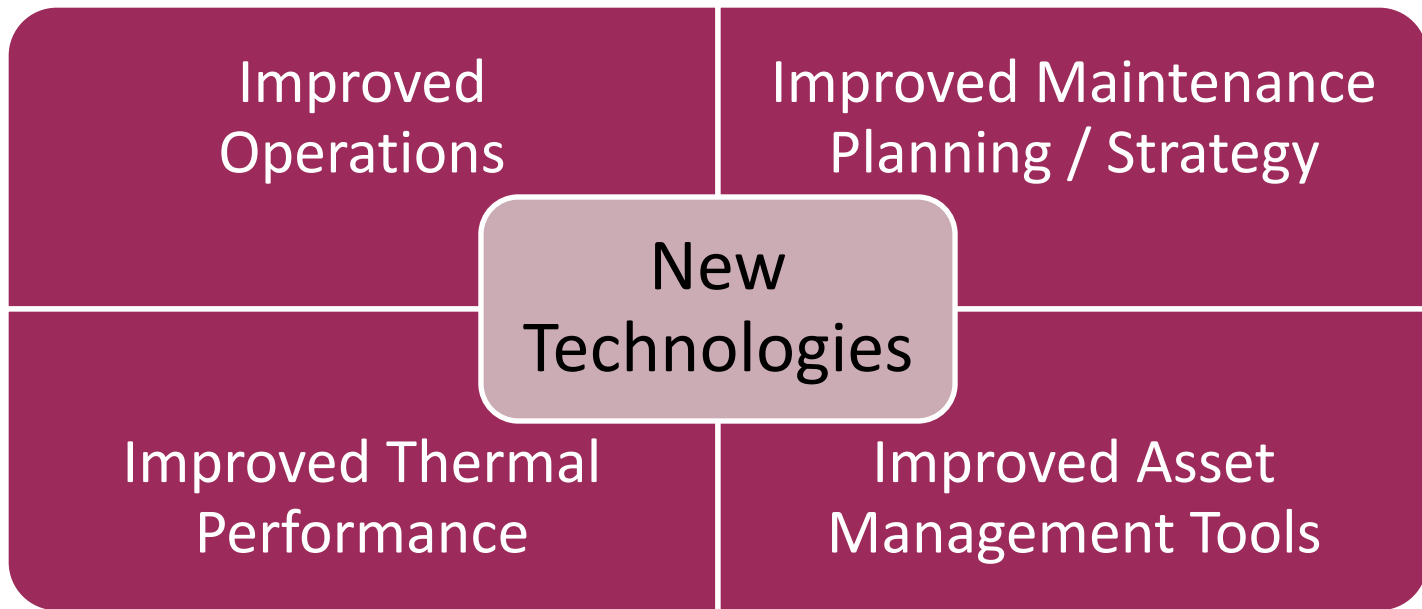
Business Drivers for using PI System

- Earlier, data input was manual and that too in non-standardized form
- PI System came along with ERP system to automate the MIS
- Real time data retrieval through PI System brought it on uniform platform
- Added no extra cost to present system
- Provide “Fleet wide” Plant Monitoring Capabilities

Fleet-Wide Monitoring (FWM)

- A Centralized Resource to manage Generating Assets
- Implementation of applications for monitoring, maintaining and optimizing business assets from a centralized location
- Primary focus is to develop an integrated approach based on all available information and advanced monitoring capabilities:
 - Equipment, plant, and fleet health status
 - Maintenance schedules and outage planning
 - Thermal Performance
 - Vibration Monitoring

FWM-Drivers



An Offshoot is SMART Catch

Outline

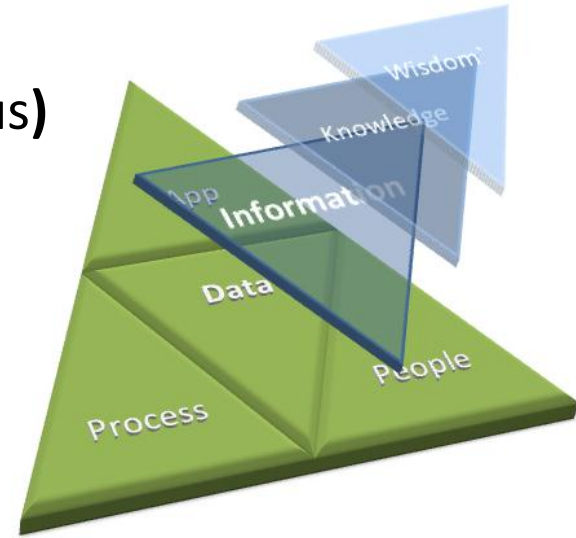
- NTPC-A Snapshot
- Organizational Challenges
- SMART Catch
- Our Enablers
- Approach-Fish Bone Diagram
- Case Studies
- Future Roadmap



SMART Catch

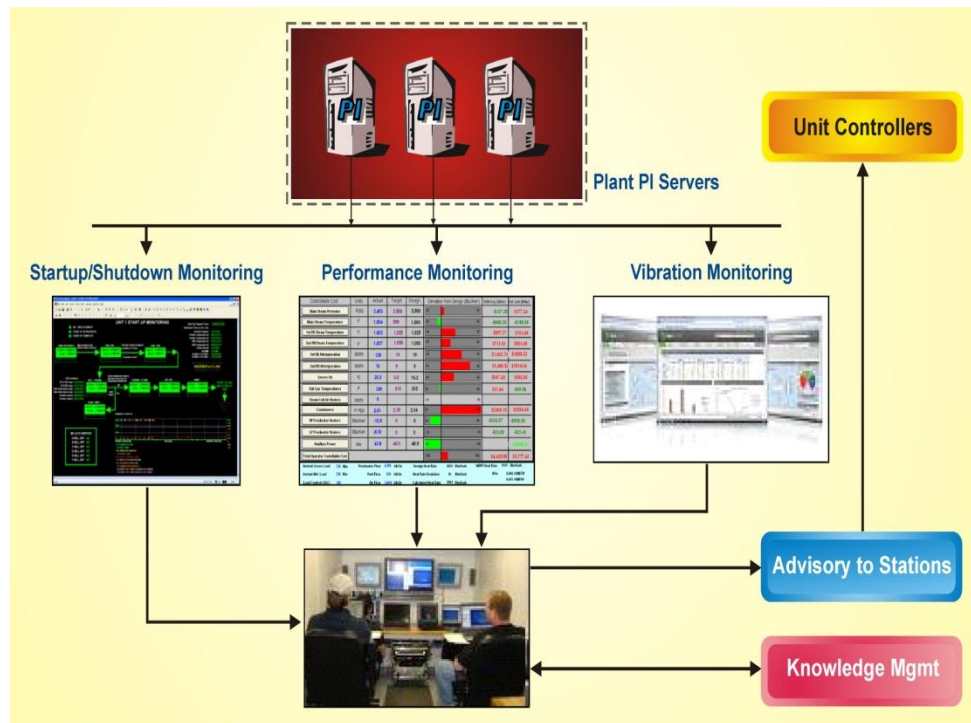
(Strategic Monitoring & Assistance Remote Terminus)

- An additional watchful eye
- Automation of thought process
- In-depth analysis of real time data
- Early detection of impending problems
- Innovative approach for providing solutions
- Pool of experts operating from a centralized location
- Making knowledge available where it matters, reducing knowledge gap



Objectives

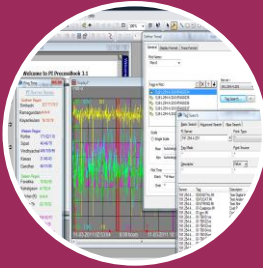
- To bring the real time data to Regional set up & Corporate Centre
- 24x7 Access to Specialized Domain Knowledge
- Deployment of State-of-the-art Software & Diagnostic Tools
- Advisories to Plant personnel
- Creation of “Knowledge Repositories.”
- Move Data, Not People



Evolution



Capturing the Experience



Providing Real time measures



Identifying key elements for current and historical analysis



Providing alerts and advisories to plants



Establishing Knowledge Repository

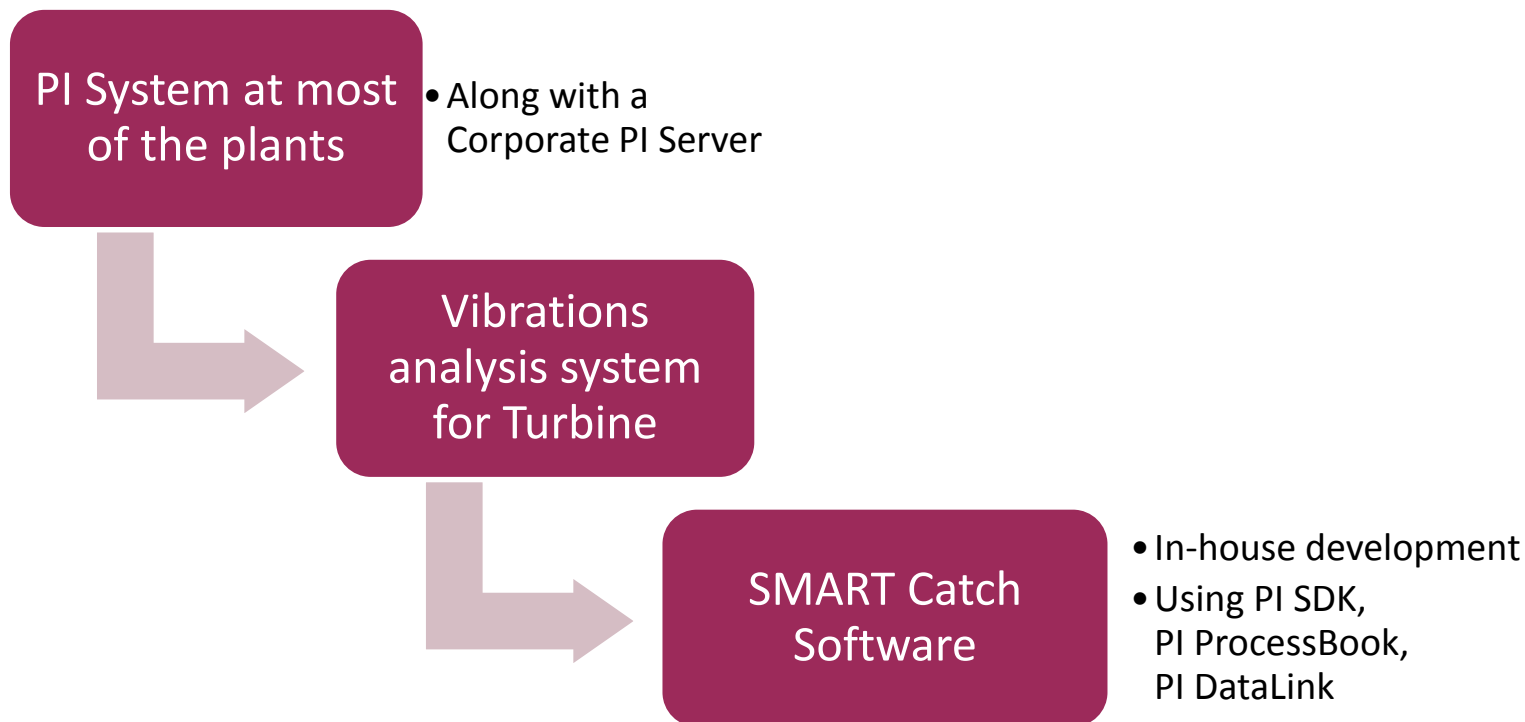
Automating the Thought Process

Outline

- NTPC-A Snapshot
- Organizational Challenges
- SMART Catch
- Our Enablers
- Approach-Fish Bone Diagram
- Case Studies
- Future Roadmap



Our Enablers



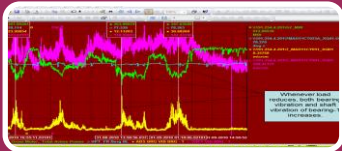
Deliverables using Existing Enablers



Tracking of Unit Startup and Shutdowns



Performance & Loss Monitoring



Monitoring of Turbine Vibration
(With the addition of client Software)



Keeping track of critical parameters
(Available in PI Servers from DCS)

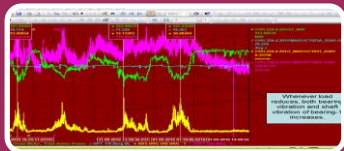
Deliverables using Existing Enablers



Tracking of Unit Startup and Shutdowns



Performance & Loss Monitoring



Monitoring of Turbine Vibration
(With the addition of client Software)



Keeping track of critical parameters
(Available in PI Servers from DCS)

Non-routine Operations : Start-Up

START UP Ramagundam U#3

PRE START CHECKS

H2 Pr: 1.85Kg/cm2	1.97473
H2 Purity:>98%	98.9995
MOT Level LO	NOT_LOW
Lube oil temp: 45 deg	46.8300
Vacuum	-693.366
Gnd stm temp>280Deg	239.406
M S line charged	151.630
HP/LP charged	OUT_OF_SERVICE
Dea stm charged	8.10537
Drum Lvl	-15.5041
Dea Lvl	2423.75
Hotwell Lvl	447.221
Turning Gear :	DISENGAGED

Rolling Parameter

MS Pr : 75 Kg/cm2	151.630
MS temp: 350 deg	538.275
HRH Pr: 12 Kg/cm2	24.5788
HRH temp: 320 deg	521.469
Boiler PH	7.70544
Cond cation cond.	0.12395

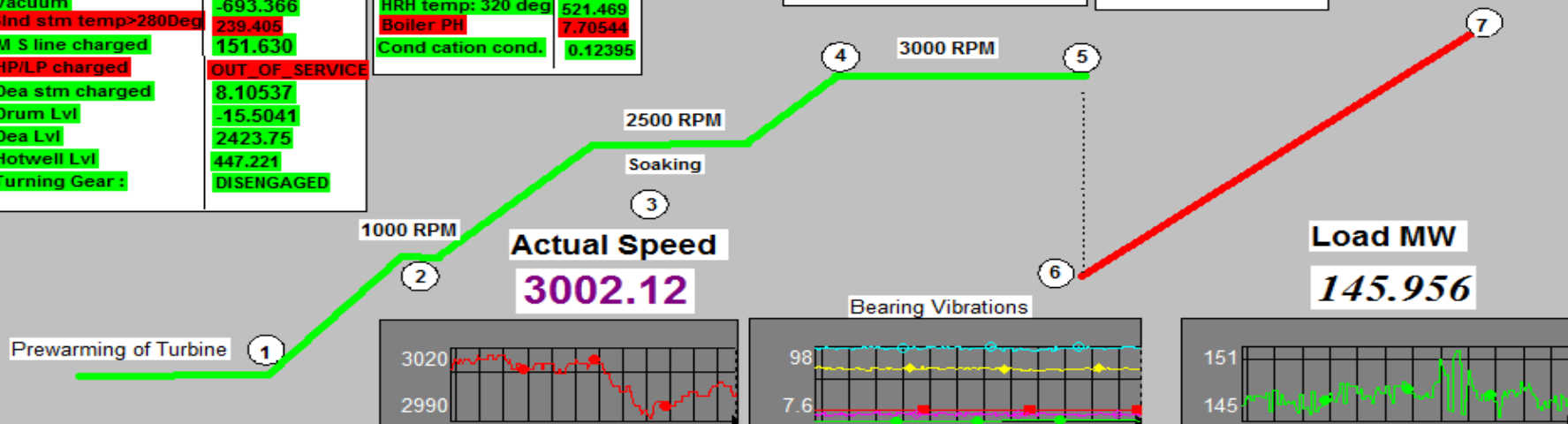
Oil Injection test
Electrical test
Total time at 3000 rpm
Time From step 4 to 5: 6 Hours

Check 5

AVR Auto	Auto
H2Cold gastemp	36.1253
Seal oil temp	35.4081

BLK 4,5 FINAL RAMP STABLISH

Raise full load: 200 MW @ 1.5 MW



Check 1

Barring Speed: 3 to 5 RPM	3002.12
EHC in service	NOT_MALFUNCTION
Criteria: ESV opening	
Main Stm to CV Chest DT < 50 deg	
Criteria: CV opening	
HP inner Shell Metal Temp > 165	
Speed raising to 1000 rpm	

Check 2

Turbine Speed: 1000 RPM	3002.12
All Vibrations With in Limit	
Check for all Bearing temp normal	
Speed raising from 1000 to 2500 rpm	

Check 3

Criteria : Speed raising 3000 rpm	
- Accln rate 100 rpm	0
-HRH pr 12 kg/cm2	
Block Load : 10 MW	
AOP cut out 2800 rpm	OFF

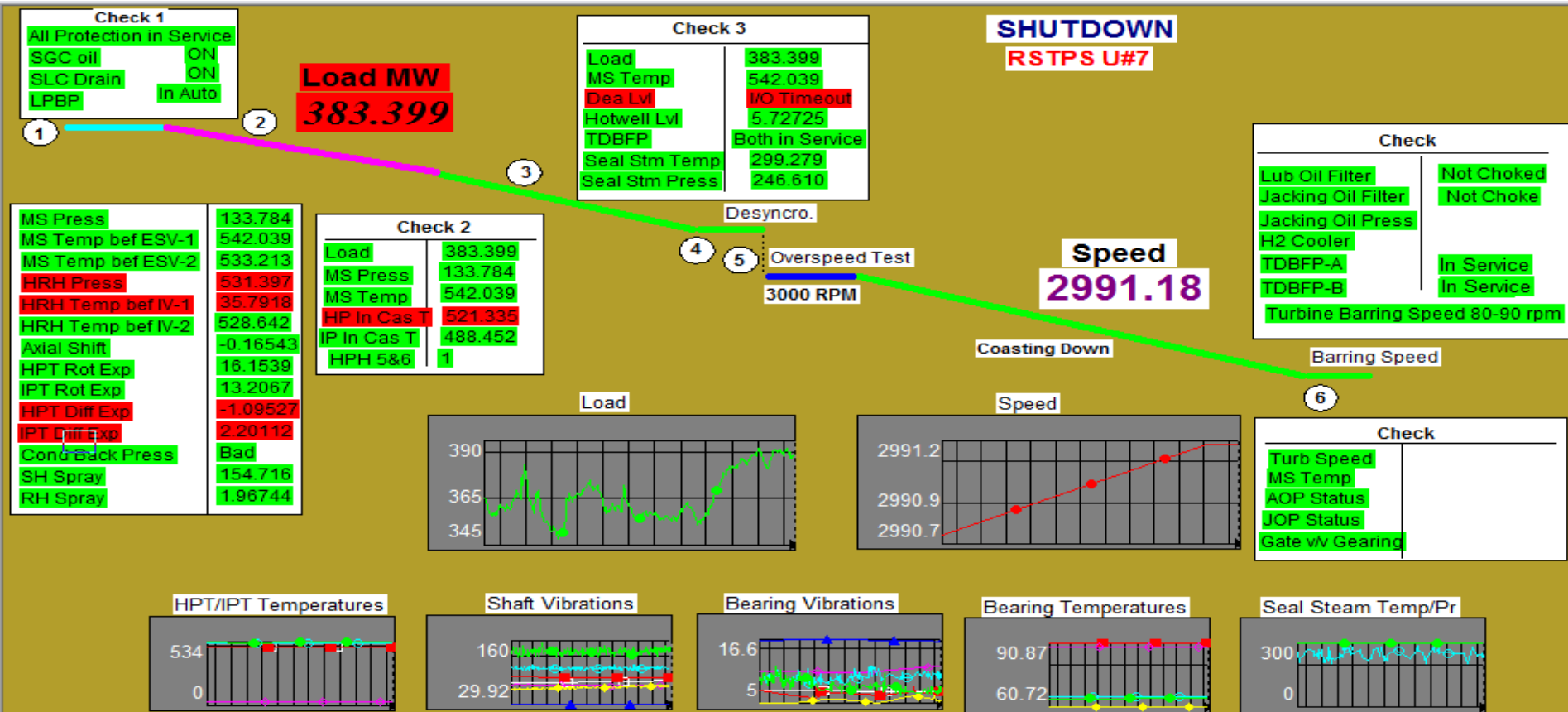
Check 7

Load Raising from Block load to 200 MW	
Cross Over Pipe Inner Metal Temp. >= 175 Deg	
For 60 Minutes	
HP Heaters Charged	-1.14373

ROLLING

BLOCKWISE

Non-routine Operations : Shut-Down



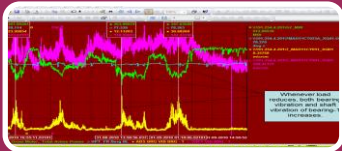
Deliverables using Existing Enablers



Tracking of Unit Startup and Shutdowns



Performance & Loss Monitoring



Monitoring of Turbine Vibration
(With the addition of client Software)

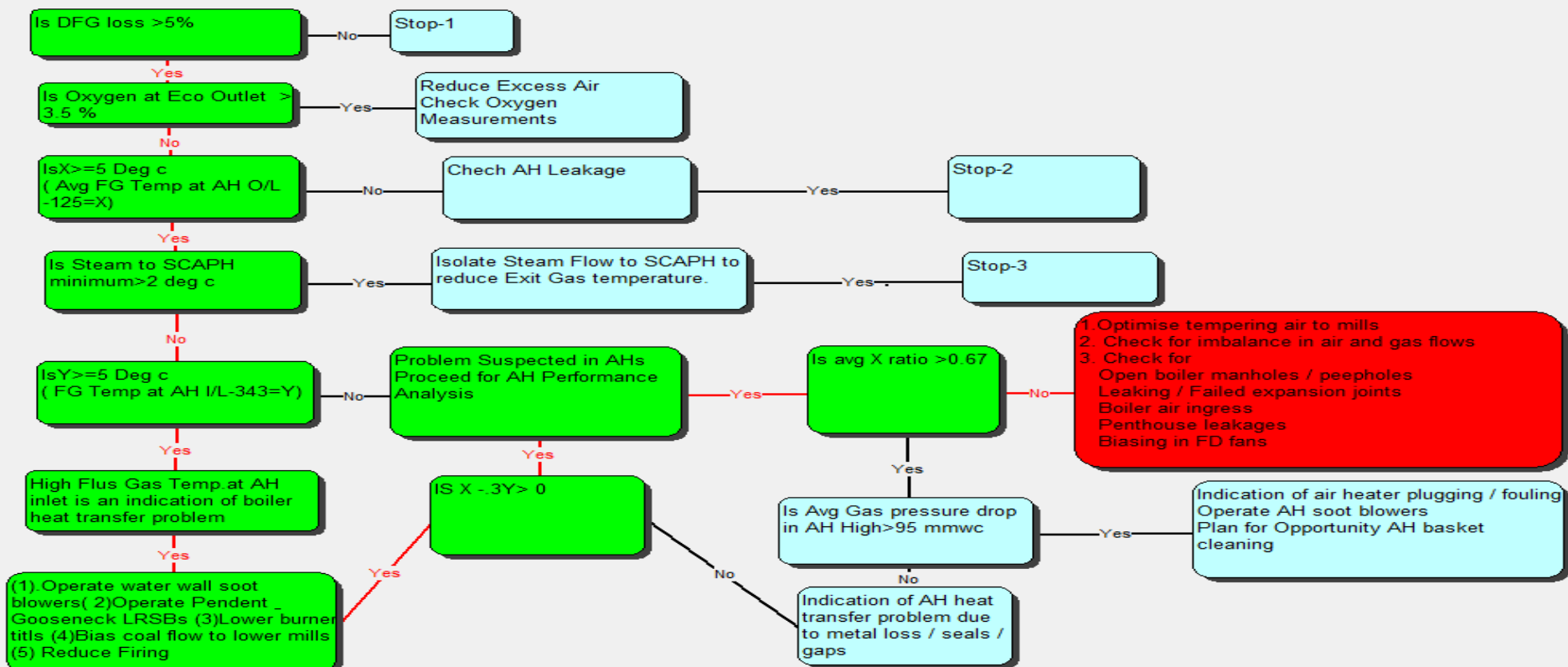


Keeping track of critical parameters
(Available in PI Servers from DCS)

Decision Tree

Start

Simhadri- # 1



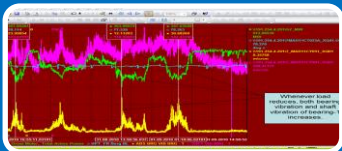
Deliverables using Existing Enablers



Tracking of Unit Startup and Shutdowns



Performance & Loss Monitoring

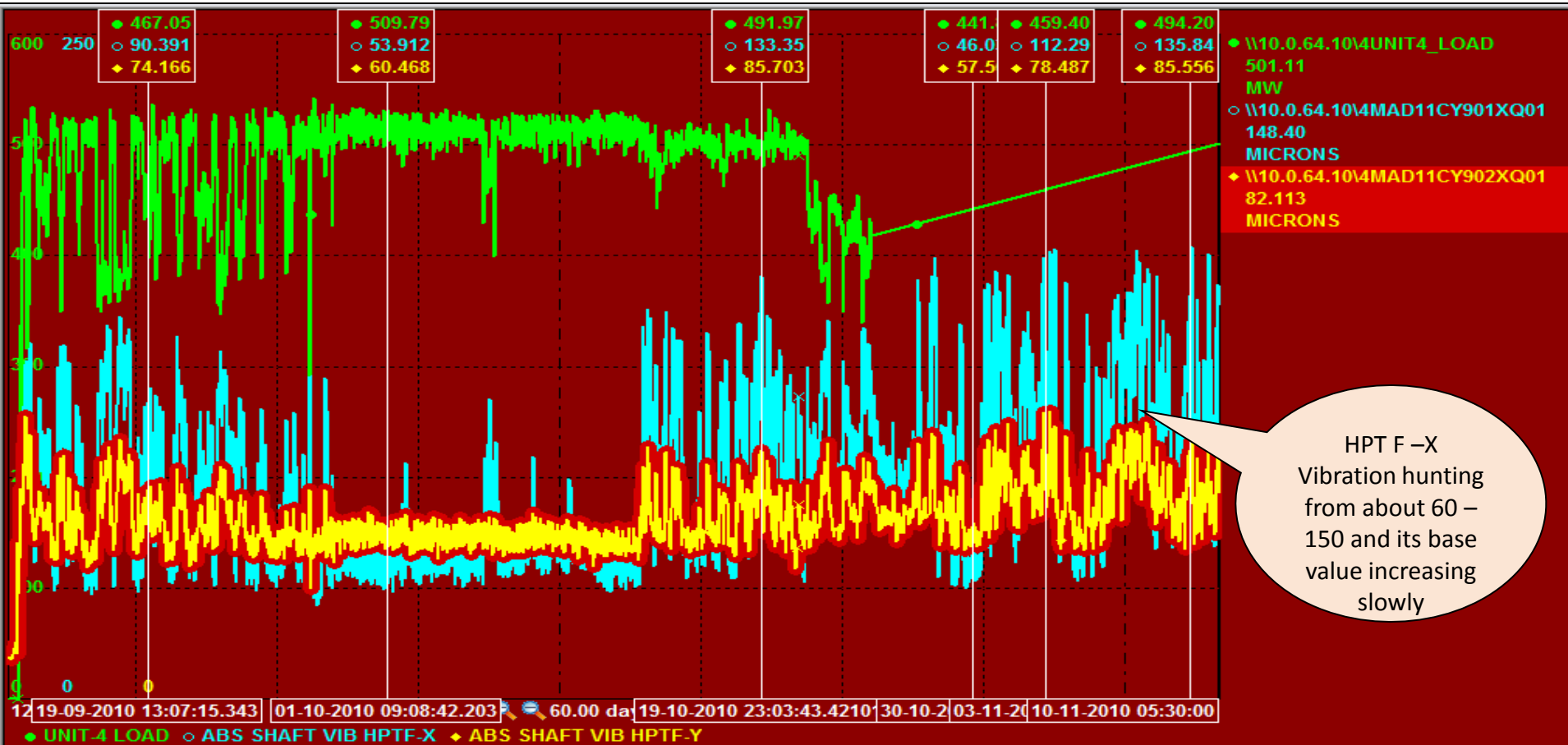


Monitoring of Turbine Vibration
(With the addition of client Software)



Keeping track of critical parameters
(Available in PI Servers from DCS)

Vibration Monitoring



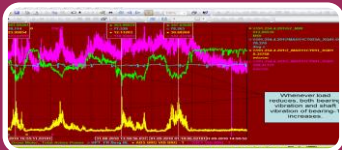
Deliverables using Existing Enablers



Tracking of Unit Startup and Shutdowns



Performance & Loss Monitoring



Monitoring of Turbine Vibration
(With the addition of client Software)



Keeping track of critical parameters
(Available in PI Servers from DCS)

Monitoring of Critical Parameters



Simhadri Super Thermal Power Station Unit # 1

10-01-2011 14:59

UNIT OVERVIEW

Press 'F9' to Refresh Data

S No.	Parameter	Current Value	Avg Value of Last 02 Hour	Deviation from Average	S No.	Parameter	Current Value	Avg Value of Last 02 Hour	Deviation from Average
BOILER					TURBINE				
1	Load	524.70	525.62	Normal	1	Turbine Speed	2979.97	2978.12	Normal
2	Total Coal Flow	376.07	377.45	Normal	2	Throttle Press	170.56	171.78	Alert
3	Total Air Flow	1725.69	1743.93	Normal	3	First Stage Press	166.04	166.04	Normal
4	Drum Pressure	192.15	192.95	Normal	4	Max Shaft Vibration (SHAFT VIB HPTR-X)	155.18	154.26	Normal
5	MS Temp Left	530.33	530.12	Normal	5	Max Brg Vibration (BRG VIB EXCT-X)	56.02	57.27	Normal
6	MS Temp Right	530.33	529.47	Normal	6	Max Brg Temp (BRG-3 REAR BOT RGT)	95.65	95.01	Normal
7	HRH Temp Left	534.85	531.92	Normal	7	Trip Oil Pressure	10.16	10.12	Normal
8	HRH Temp Right	515.33	521.87	Normal	8	Turbine Lub Oil Temp	46.12	45.11	Normal
9	Max SH Metal Temp	559.25	560.02	Normal	9	Condenser Vacuum	-0.93	-0.93	Normal
10	Max RH Metal Temp	566.08	566.02	Normal	10	CW Inlet temp	29.65	29.70	Normal
11	Total SH Spray	55.28	55.68	Normal	11	Condensate DO	6.78	6.63	Normal
12	Total RH Spray	21.01	20.70	Normal	12	Condensate ACC	0.13	0.13	Normal
13	APH Exit Gas Temp	139.20	139.75	Normal	13	DM Make-up*(08Hr/01Day)	11.96	10.93	Alert
15	Hot Sec Air Temp	352.21	352.76	Normal	14	Seal Steam Pressure	358.60	346.94	Normal
16	Hot Pri Air Temp	306.46	306.41	Normal					
17	Any Fan Not I/S	All In Service		Normal					
18	Seal Stm Hdr Temp	287.92	287.19	Normal					
GENERATOR									
1	Primary Water Cond	2.47	2.47	Normal	4	Excitor Hot Air Temp	49.53	49.33	Normal
2	H2 Pressure	3.52	3.52	Normal	5	Seal Oil DP H2S (TE)	2.30	2.28	Normal
3	Seal Oil Temp	31.72	31.68	Normal	6	Seal Oil DP H2S (EE)	2.43	2.42	Normal

Operations
MonitoringPerformance
MonitoringUnit
Startup/Shutdown

OffSite

Safety

Environment

Chemistry

View
Fishbone**SMART Catch***Special Analytics & Computing Services*

SMART Catch

Special Analytics & Computing Services

Operations Monitoring

24-02-2011 11:23:09

Station	Freq	Unit-1	Unit-2	Unit-3	Unit-4	Unit-5	Unit-6	Unit-7
NR	49.604							
Rihand		0 / 0 525	0 / 0 526	7 / 9 522	7 / 10 521			
Singrauli		0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0
Unchahar		5 / 17 Unit S/D	4 / 5 217	0 / 0 220	0 / 0 221	0 / 0 223		
Tanda		0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0			
SR	49.57							
Kayamkulam		0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0				
Simhadri		3 / 7 526	8 / 11 526					
Ramagundam		14 / 12 193	16 / 20 198	18 / 24 195	12 / 23 497	10 / 14 513	8 / 11 517	9 / 14 523

SMART Catch

Special Analytics & Computing Services

Operations Monitoring

Simhadri Unit-1

Fishbones Hit (3)

1.TURBINE DIFFERENTIAL EXPANSION PROBLEM
2.HPH PERFORMANCE POOR
3.POSSIBILITY OF APH TROUBLE

View Fishbone

Exceptions Trend

SMS

E-mail

☒ View All Alarms☐ Apply Filter

Alarms less than

1

Days

old

Sort by

Alarm Time

Filter by Alarm Type

All

Multi-Trends

Ack Alarm

Bad Tags

Alarms (7)

DESCRIPTION	Ack	TY...	VALUE	TIMESTAMP	ALM TIME	DE...	LO	HI	RAMP
<input type="checkbox"/> IP casing overall expansion	N	HI	10.699	24-02-2011 10:42...	24-02-2011 10:42...	8	5	10.5	0/0
<input type="checkbox"/> FG TEMP BEF SAH-B AVG	N	HI	380.518	24-02-2011 10:42...	23-02-2011 21:15...	330	285	380	0/0
<input type="checkbox"/> FG TEMP BEF SAH-A AVG	N	HI	385.398	24-02-2011 10:42...	23-02-2011 11:01...	330	285	380	0/0
<input type="checkbox"/> HPH 6B TTD	N	HI	3.645	24-02-2011 10:42...	23-02-2011 10:51...	-0.3	-2	2	1.8/M
<input type="checkbox"/> PRESS DROP ACROSS HPH5A	N	HI	4.148	24-02-2011 10:41...	23-02-2011 10:08...	0.25	-2	3	0.2/M
<input type="checkbox"/> HPH 5A TTD	N	HI	2.272	24-02-2011 10:42...	22-02-2011 23:09...	-0.3	-2	2	2/M
<input type="checkbox"/> HPT differential expansion	N	LO	-5.111	24-02-2011 10:42...	20-02-2011 09:50...	-4.4	-4.8	2	0/0

Outline

- NTPC-A Snapshot
- Organizational Challenges
- SMART Catch
- Our Enablers
- Approach-Fish Bone Diagram
- Case Studies
- Future Roadmap



Fishbone Approach

- The fishbone diagram identifies many possible causes for an effect or problem
- It can be used to structure a brainstorming session
- It immediately sorts ideas into useful categories
- The same approach has been used for SMART Catch system



Outline

- NTPC-A Snapshot
- Organizational Challenges
- SMART Catch
- Our Enablers
- Approach-Fish Bone Diagram
- Case Studies
- Future Roadmap

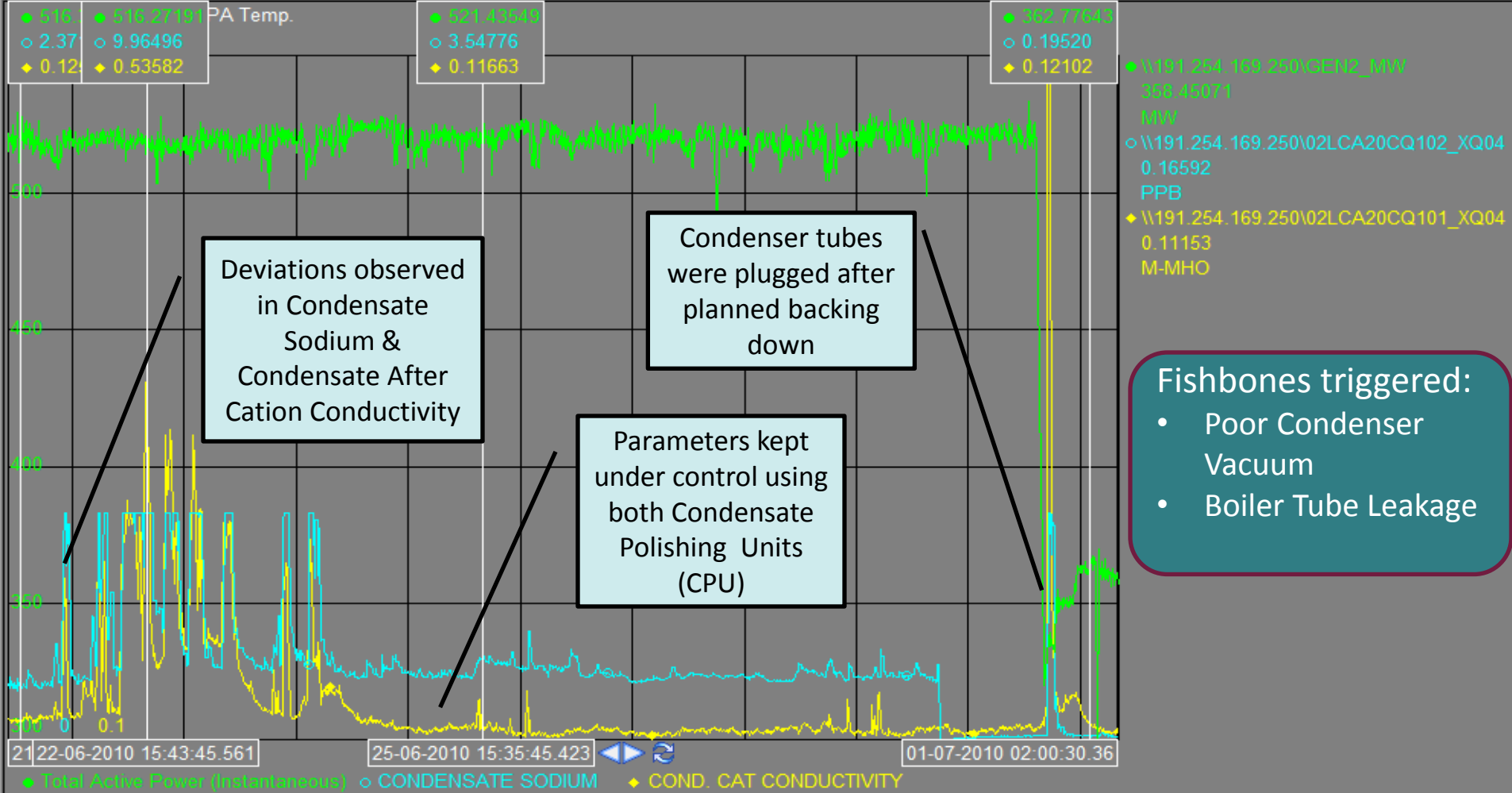


Case Studies

- Condenser Tube Leakage by monitoring chemical parameters through SMART Catch
- Reduction of HP Heater Drain Temperature
- Condenser Vacuum improvement by arresting air ingress
- Instrumentation Failure Catch
- High Turbine Bearing vibrations after Overhaul
- High Cooling Water system Differential Pressure (DP) due to Debris Filter damage

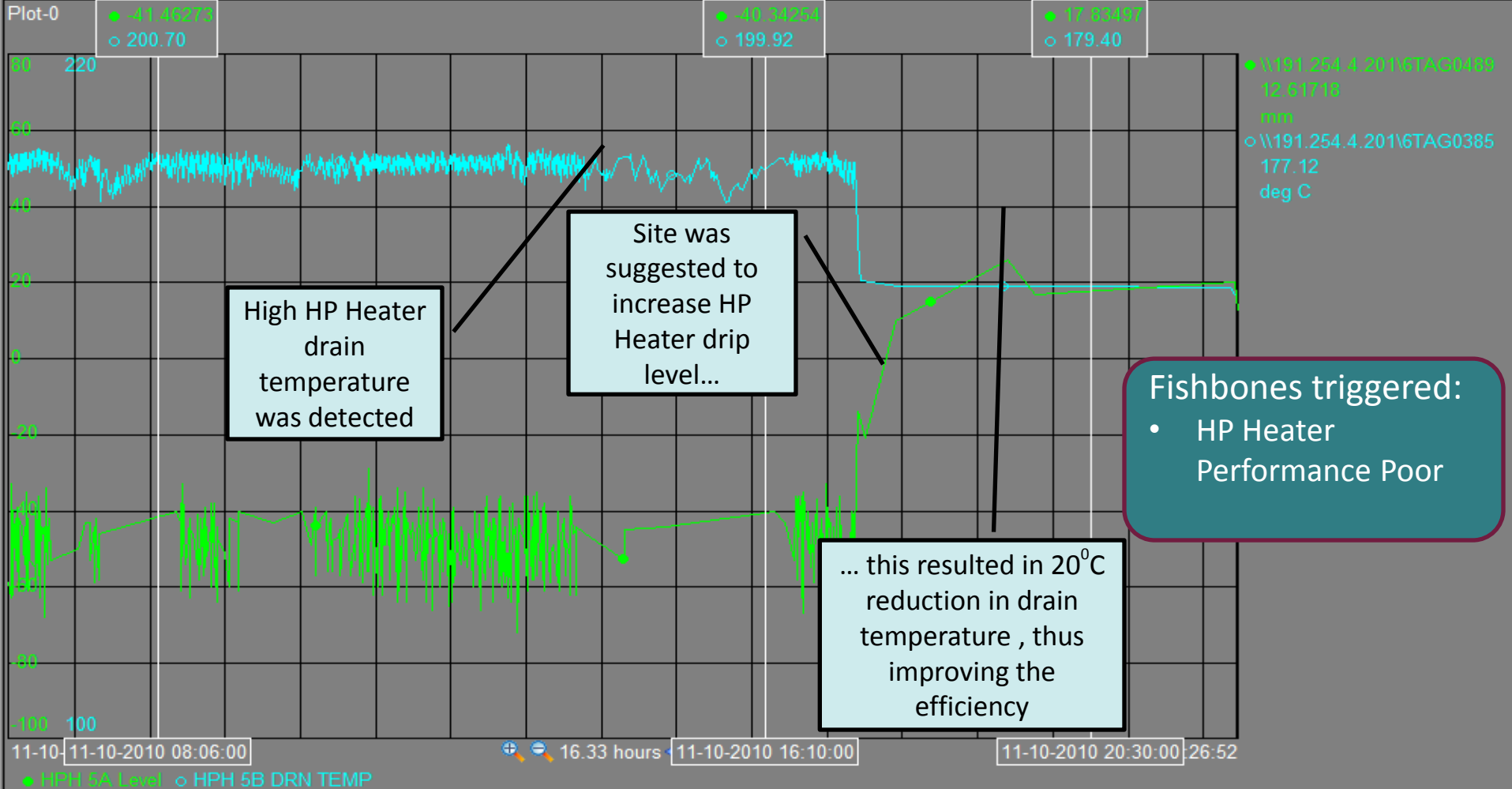
Case Studies

- Condenser Tube Leakage by monitoring chemical parameters through SMART Catch
- Reduction of HP Heater Drain Temperature
- Condenser Vacuum improvement by arresting air ingress
- Instrumentation Failure Catch
- High Turbine Bearing vibrations after Overhaul
- High Cooling Water system Differential Pressure (DP) due to Debris Filter damage



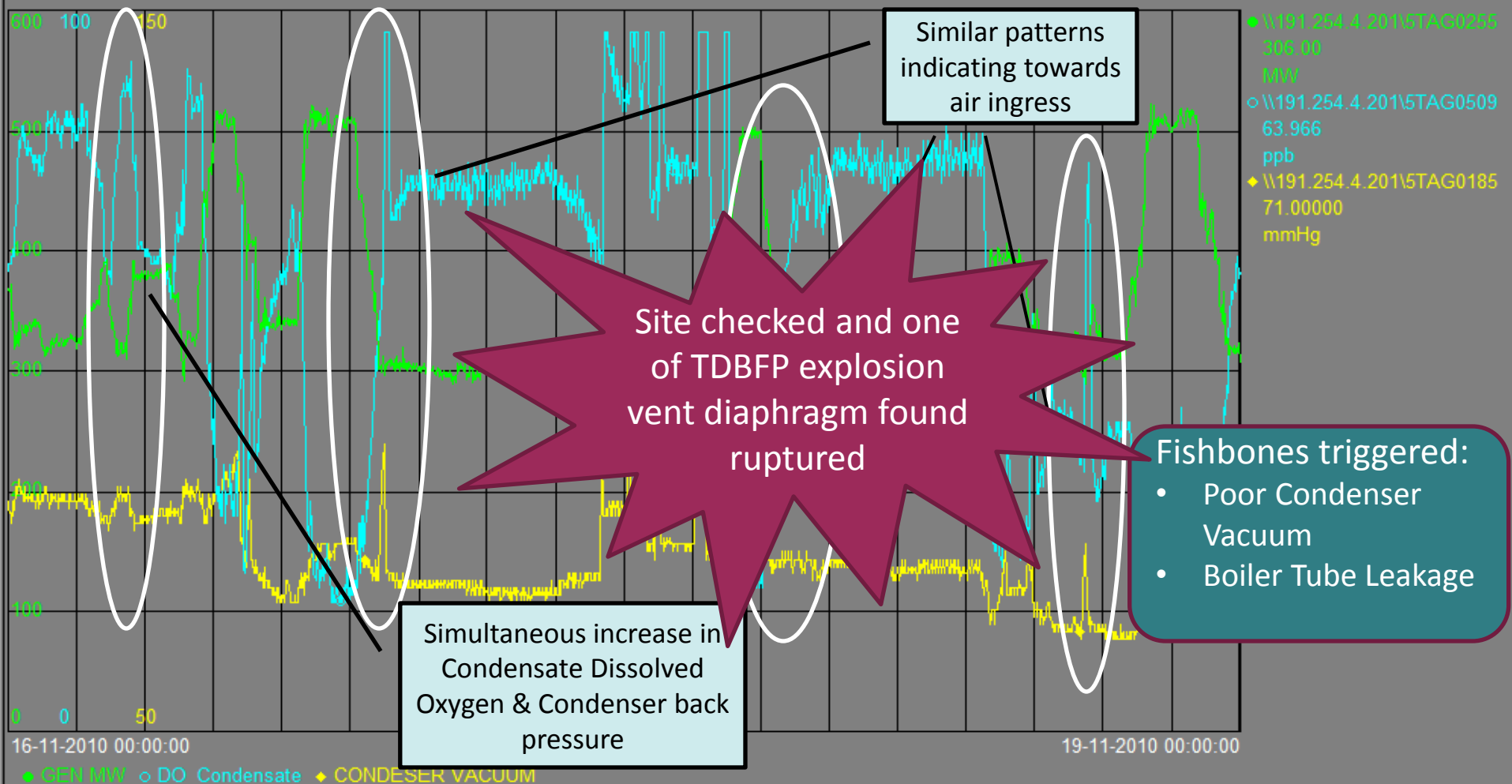
Case Studies

- Condenser Tube Leakage by monitoring chemical parameters through SMART Catch
- **Reduction of HP (High Pressure) Heater Drain Temperature**
- Condenser Vacuum improvement by arresting air ingress
- Instrumentation Failure Catch
- High Turbine Bearing vibrations after Overhaul
- High Cooling Water system Differential Pressure (DP) due to Debris Filter damage



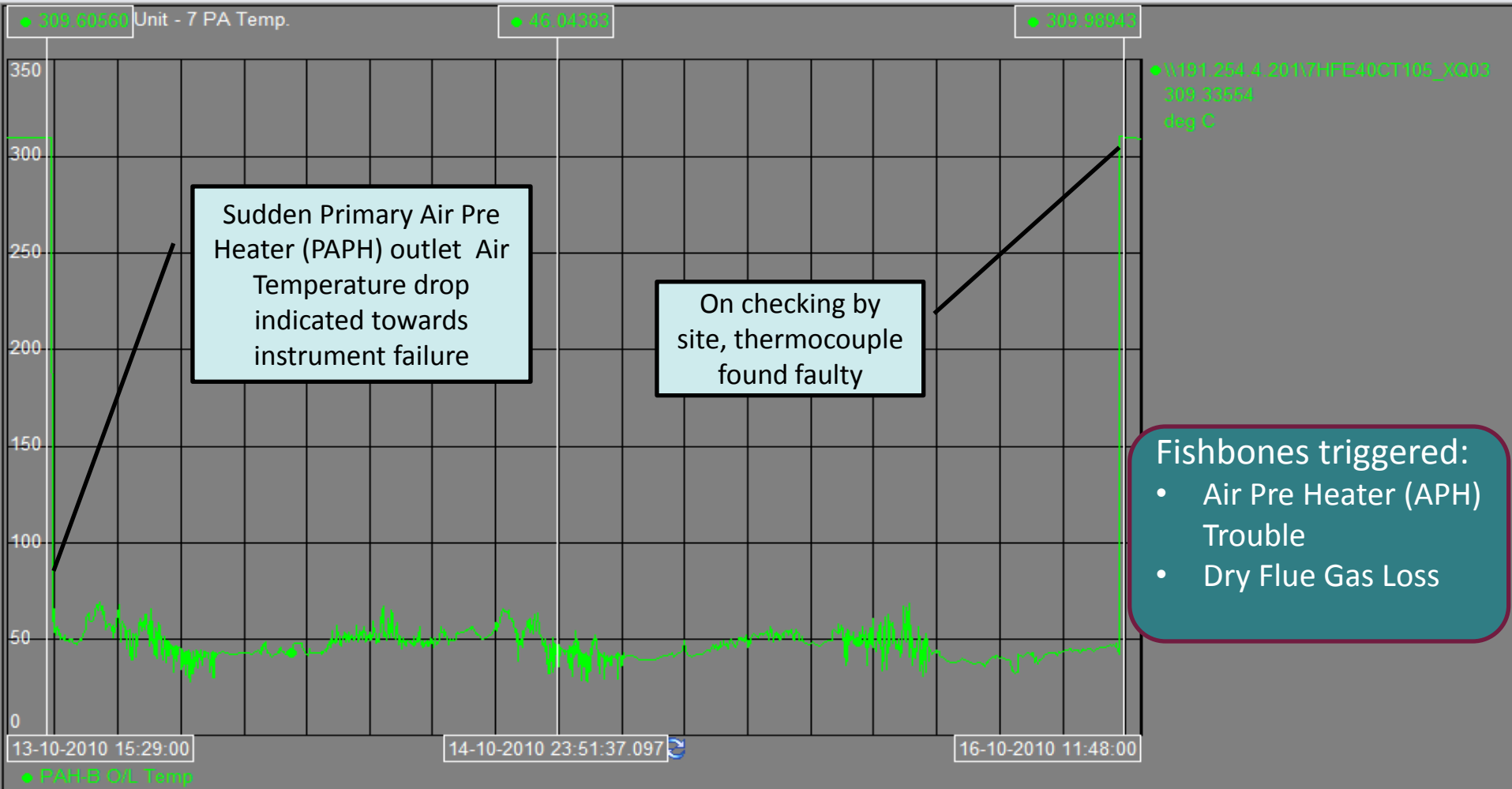
Case Studies

- Condenser Tube Leakage by monitoring chemical parameters through SMART Catch
- Reduction of HP Heater Drain Temperature
- **Condenser Vacuum improvement by arresting air ingress**
- Instrumentation Failure Catch
- High Turbine Bearing vibrations after Overhaul
- High Cooling Water system Differential Pressure (DP) due to Debris Filter damage



Case Studies

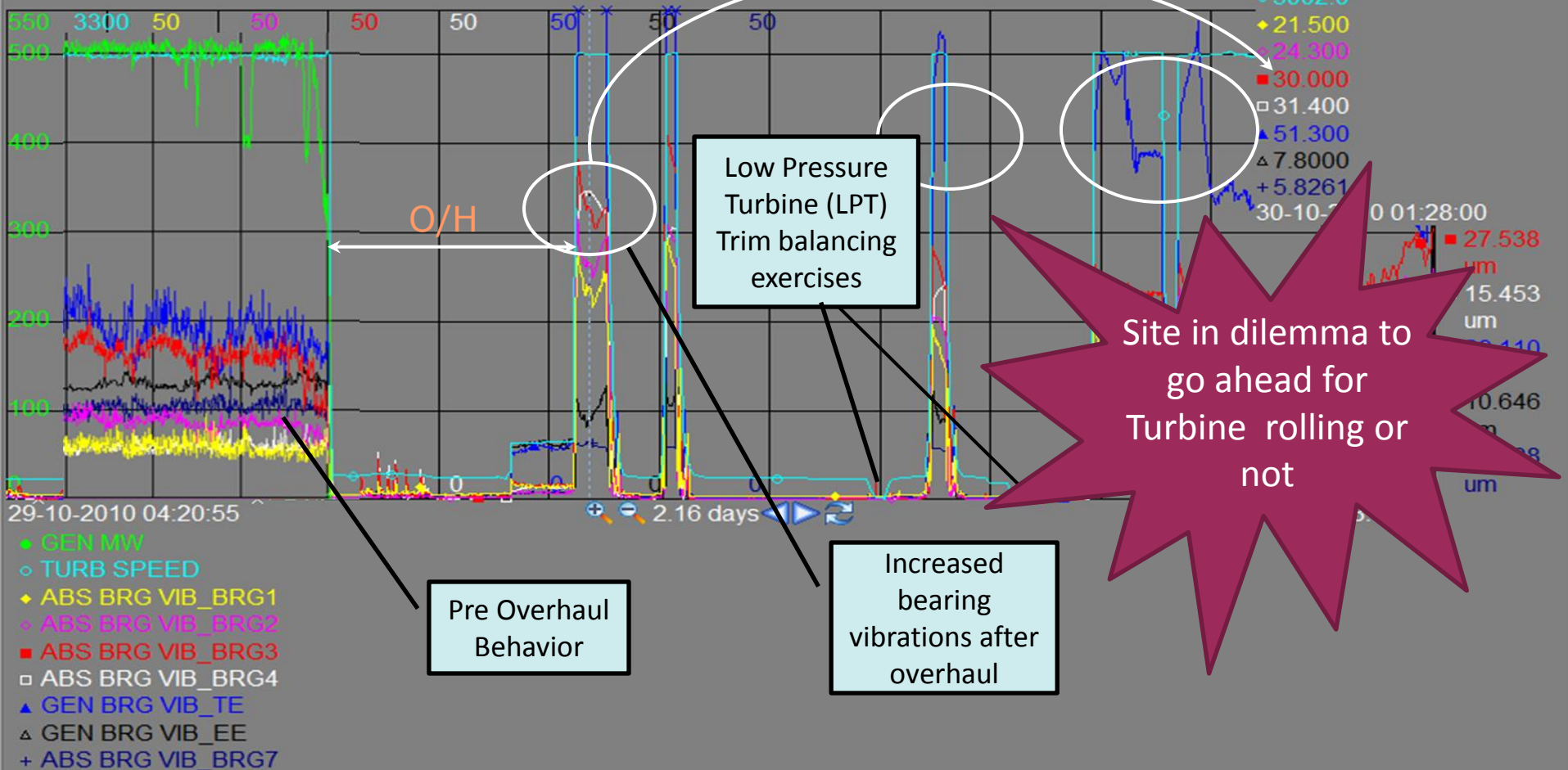
- Condenser Tube Leakage by monitoring chemical parameters through SMART Catch
- Reduction of HP Heater Drain Temperature
- Condenser Vacuum improvement by arresting air ingress
- **Instrumentation Failure Catch**
- High Turbine Bearing vibrations after Overhaul
- High Cooling Water system Differential Pressure (DP) due to Debris Filter damage



Case Studies

- Condenser Tube Leakage by monitoring chemical parameters through SMART Catch
- Reduction of HP Heater Drain Temperature
- Condenser Vacuum improvement by arresting air ingress
- Instrumentation Failure Catch
- **High Turbine Bearing vibrations after Overhaul**
- High Cooling Water system Differential Pressure (DP) due to Debris Filter damage

Brig Vibrations



Sl N o.	Parameters	30/09/2010 Pre O/H	Current Value (1755hrs)	30/10/2010 After First Rolling (0105-0205hrs)	30/10/2010 After Second Rolling (0415-0437hrs)	30/10/2010 After First Balancing and Third Rolling (1352-1422hrs)	30/10/2010 After Second Balancing & Fourth Rolling (1944-2215hrs)	30-31/10/2010 After Fifth Rolling (2249-0505hrs)	01-11-2010 AT Full Load (1125 hrs)	01/11/2010 During Over speed Test (1617hrs)
1	GEN MW		Decreasing trend in bearing vibrations	0	0	0	0	0-10	500	0
2	TURB SPEED			3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	2982	3383 (PI)
3	BRG VIB_BRG1	4.8		23 - 23	26	17 - 14	18.6 - 17	16.8 - 18.6	25.5	26.1
4	BRG VIB_BRG2	7.6	0.00	25 - 26	28	18 - 17	20.3 - 19	18.8 - 20.5	22	6.2
5	BRG VIB_BRG3	14.5	0.00	35 - 29	36	22	23.7 - 21	21.7 - 23	24.4	14
6	BRG VIB_BRG4	5	-0.10	30 - 29			18 - 15	18.1 - 14.8	17.2	24.7
7	GEN BRG VIB_TE	16.6	0.10	56			39 - 35	48.3 - 32	22.7	11.7
8	GEN BRG VIB_EE	11.5	-0.10	8.7 - 10			14 - 10 Oct	7.2 - 9.1	15.6	10
9	BRG VIB_BRG7	9.6	0.30	5.5 - 5.3		5.5 - 5.6	5.5 - 5.3	5.9 - 5.6	5.2	7.8
10	SHFT VIB_BRG_1	42.2	2.80	112 - 145	112 -	102 - 101	108 - 104	108 - 110	70.9	101
11	SHFT VIB_BRG_2	56.1	3.00	107 - 121	107 - 116	85 - 94	87 - 89	90 - 80	65.9	58
12	SHFT VIB_BRG_3	13.1	5.60	94 - 86	94 - 95	61 - 63	63 - 57	63 - 54	71.9	80.7
13	SHFT VIB_BRG_4	28.3	9.40	65 - 70	67 - 65	53 - 48	43 - 35	40 - 33	71.9	57.7
14	SHFT VIB_BRG_7	58.3	1.30	49 - 35	44 - 40	39 - 41	42 - 37	42 - 37	45	40.3

Case Studies

- Condenser Tube Leakage by monitoring chemical parameters through SMART Catch
- Reduction of HP Heater Drain Temperature
- Condenser Vacuum improvement by arresting air ingress
- Instrumentation Failure Catch
- High Turbine Bearing vibrations after Overhaul
- High Cooling Water system Differential Pressure (DP) due to Debris Filter damage

Tangible Benefits

- Proactive notification
- Reduces unexpected downtime
- Return on Investment by catching failures before they happen
- Avoid costs –labour, parts, replacing things that don't need to be
- Performance & Reliability Improvements
- One unit trip avoided is less than remote monitoring service cost annually
- Economic benefit calculated considering the penalty for unplanned loss of generation and one day outage comes to around 16 million (\$ 340,000).

Intangible Benefits

- Sense of control
- Reliable information
- Prevent unnecessary labour & maintenance
- Awareness of asset health versus time-based maintenance
- Impact on performance improvement means additional revenues
- No additional investment is required

Outline

- NTPC-A Snapshot
- Organizational Challenges
- SMART Catch
- Our Enablers
- Approach-Fish Bone Diagram
- Case Studies
- Future Roadmap



Future Roadmap

- Coverage of Total NTPC fleet
- Enhancement of Knowledge Repository
- Data validation and reconciliation through PI System
 - Sigmafine
- Integrate critical business applications and data to new shared environment
- Looking to leverage some of the web-based technologies at offer
 - PI WebParts
 - PI ActiveView
- Further automation, other engineering tools utilizing PI System
 - PI Notifications
- Integration of advanced technology tools



Thank you

© Copyright NTPC Ltd.

Turning **insight**
into **action.**