



# Role of the PI System in Research @ Georgia Tech Data Center Laboratory

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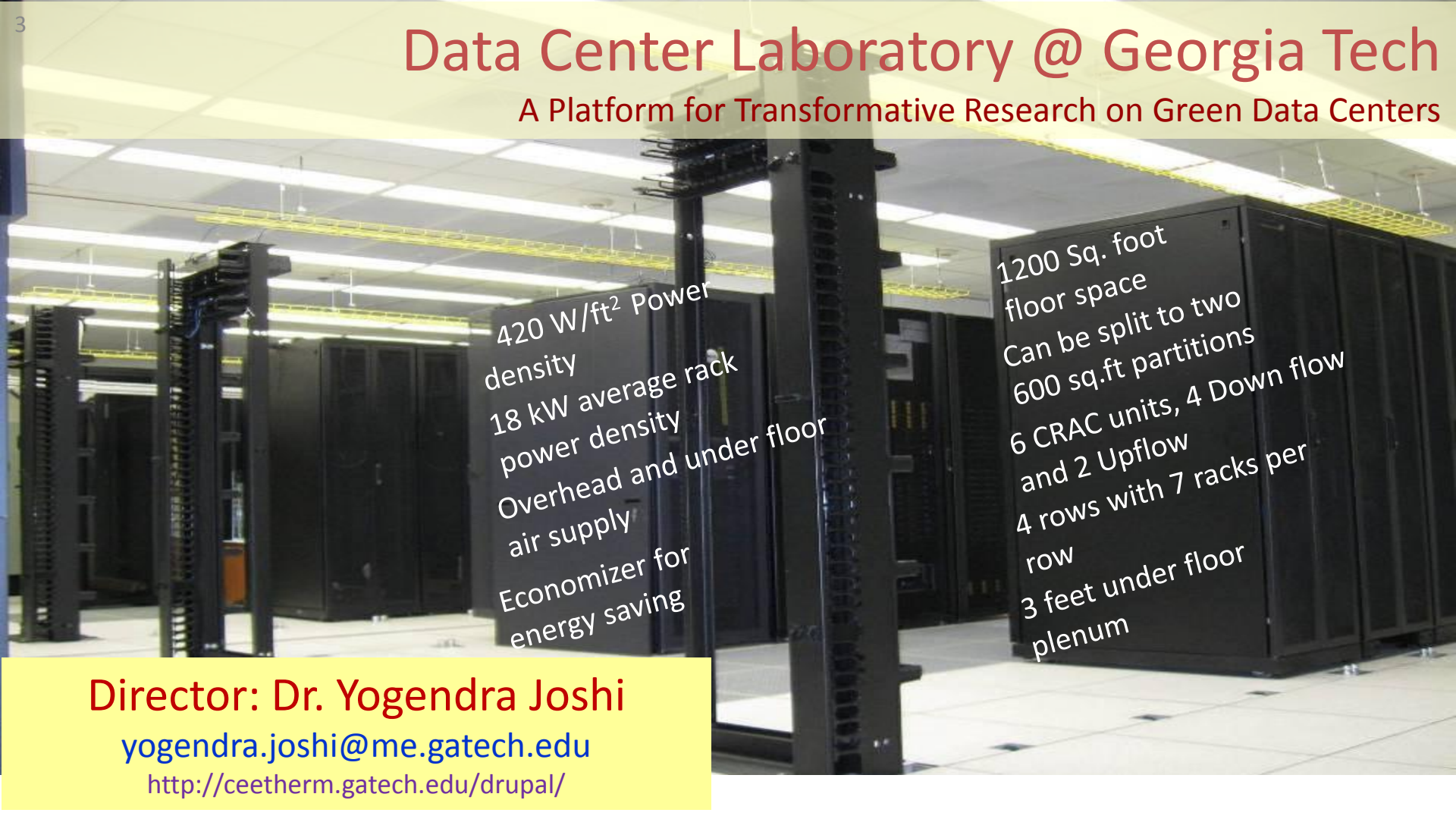


# Outline

- Data center laboratory general information
- Current use of PI System
- Future use of PI System

# Data Center Laboratory @ Georgia Tech

A Platform for Transformative Research on Green Data Centers



420 W/ft<sup>2</sup> Power density  
18 kW average rack power density  
Overhead and under floor air supply  
Economizer for energy saving

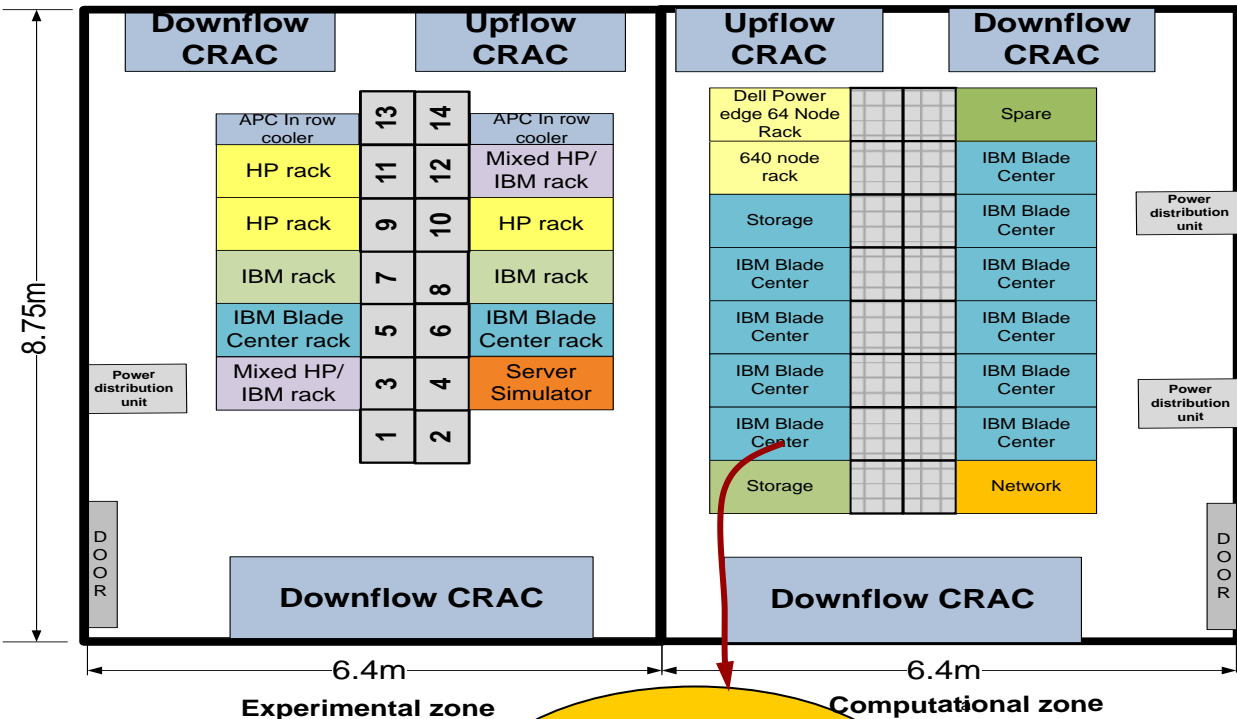
1200 Sq. foot floor space  
Can be split to two 600 sq.ft partitions  
6 CRAC units, 4 Down flow and 2 Upflow  
4 rows with 7 racks per row  
3 feet under floor plenum

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<http://ceetherm.gatech.edu/drupal/>

# Data Center Layout



## IBM Blade Center Details.

- 10 Racks
- 6 Servers / Rack
- 14 Blades / Server
- 4 Cores/ Blade
- Total: 3360 Cores

**Equipment Donations**  
courtesy:

**Data Acquisition:** OSIsoft

**Building Management System:**  
McKenney's

**Racks:** APC

**Fan assist Chimney Racks:**  
Wrightline

**Servers:** Intel, Yahoo and OIT

**CRAC unit:** Liebert

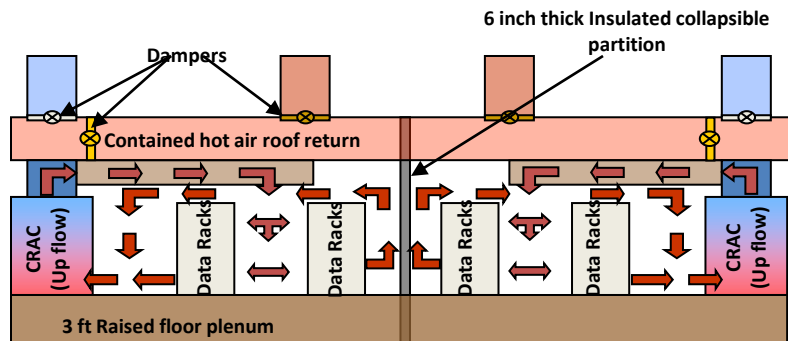
**Server Simulator:** APC

**Branch circuit power metering:**  
PDI corp

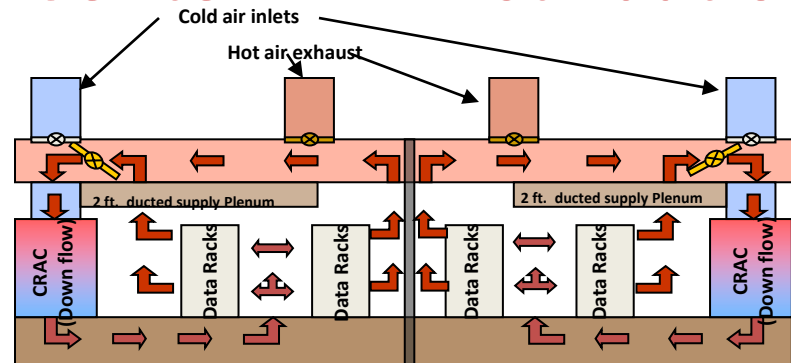
**Remote KVM switch:** Minicom  
and Digi

**In row coolers:** APC

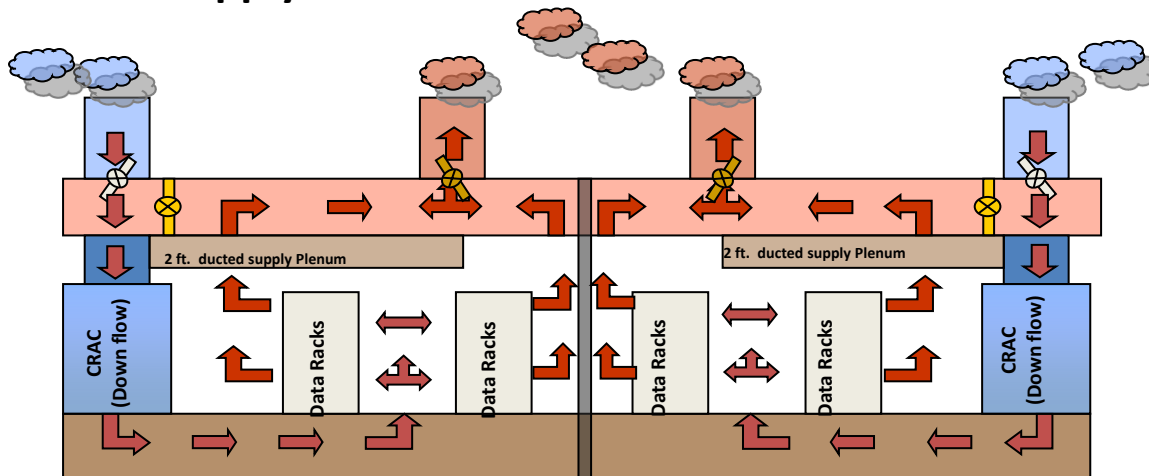
# Data Center- Air Distribution



- Over head supply



- Under floor supply



- Economizer

# Particle Image Velocimetry System (PIV)



**PIV system**

- One of the first PIV systems for rack level air flow mapping.
- 22 kW Server Simulator with adjustable fan speed and heater power settings to simulate a variety of air flow and heat loads.



**Server Simulator**



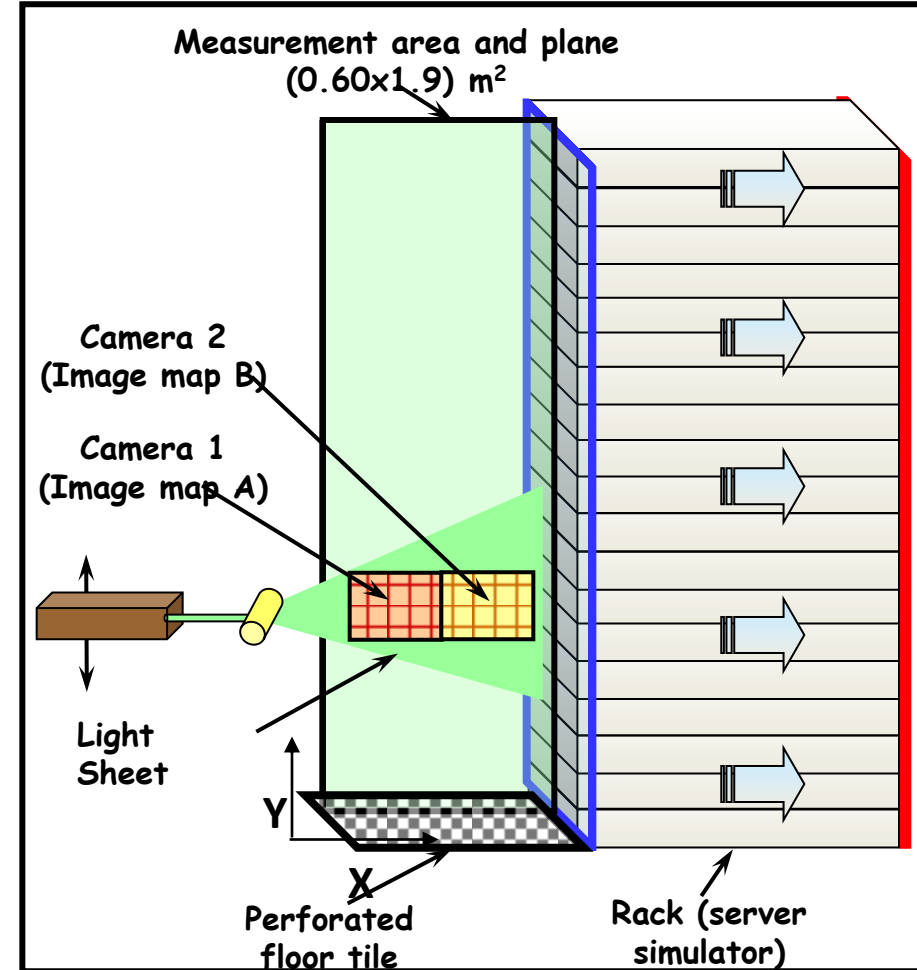
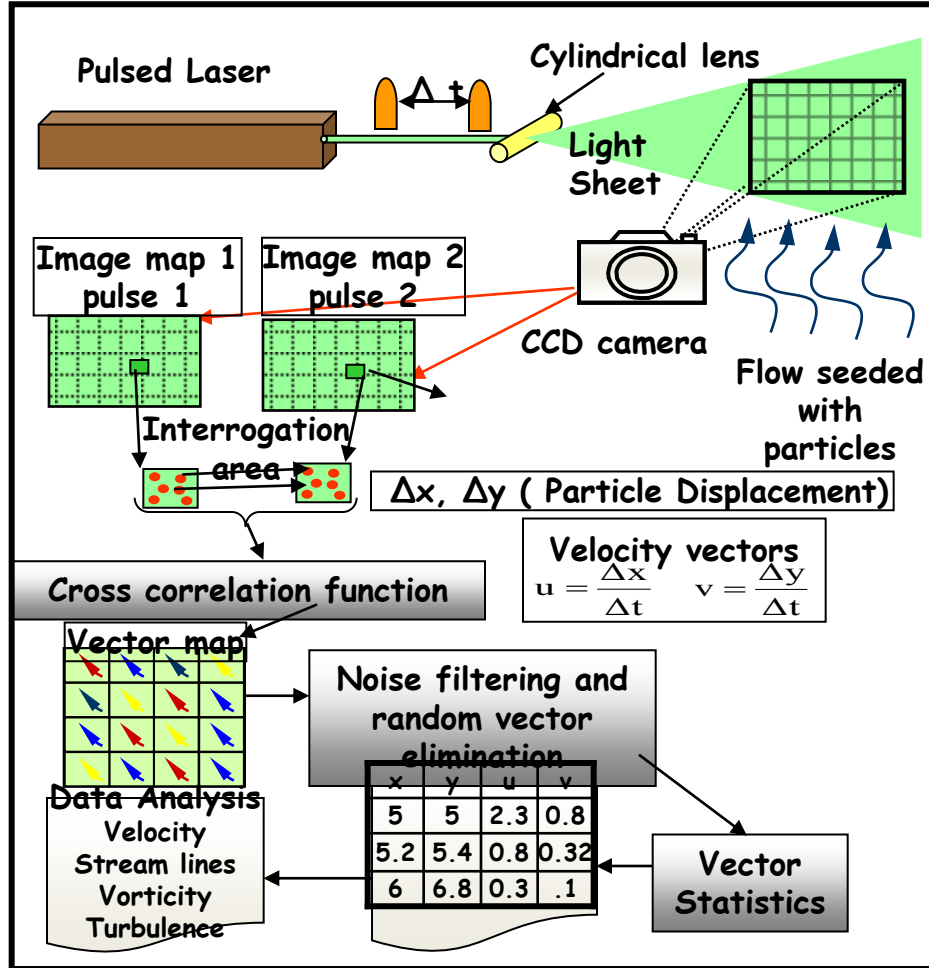
**Fan speed and Heat setting dials**



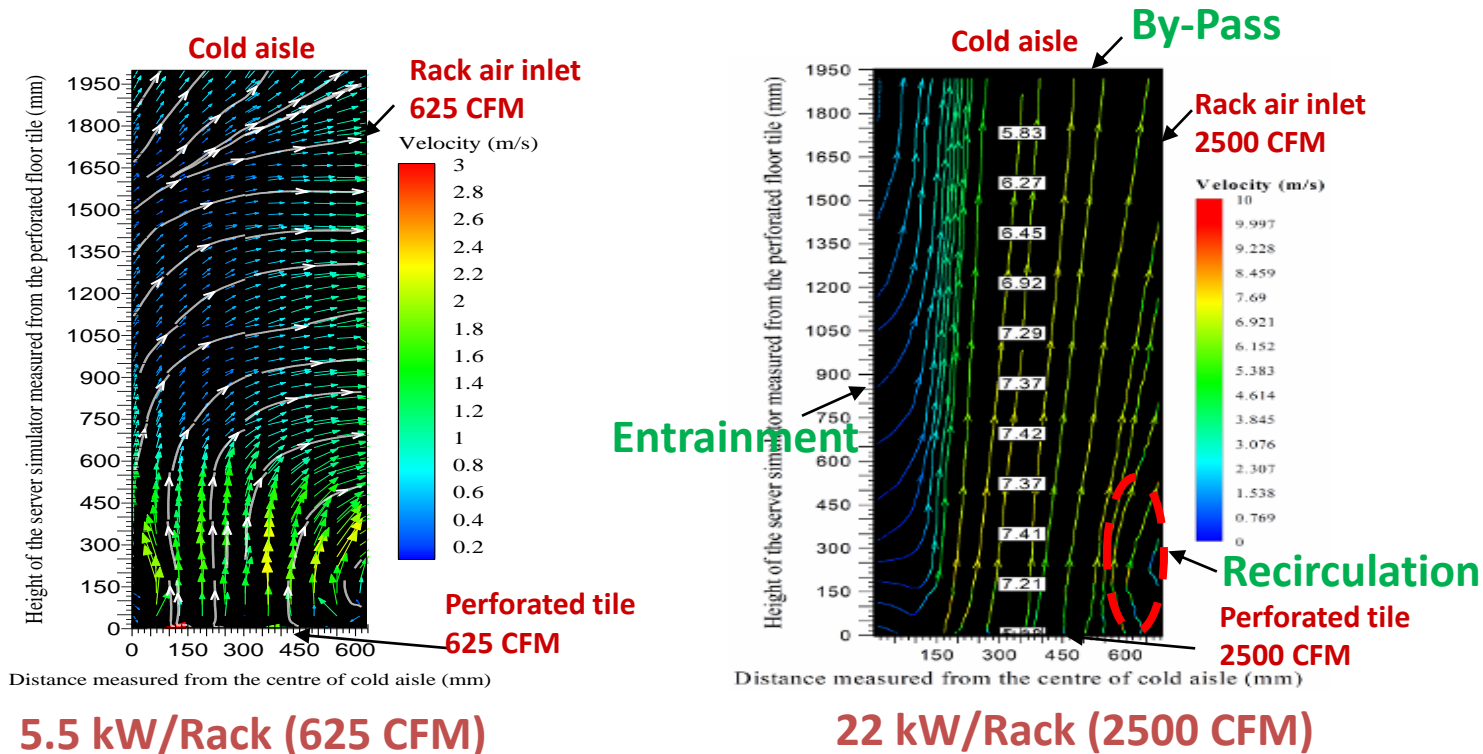
**Perforated floor tiles with dampers**



# Particle Image Velocimetry



# Tile/Rack Air Flow Studies using PIV

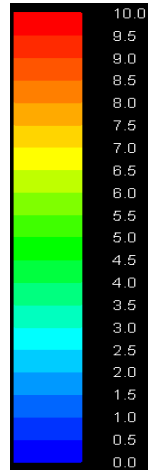
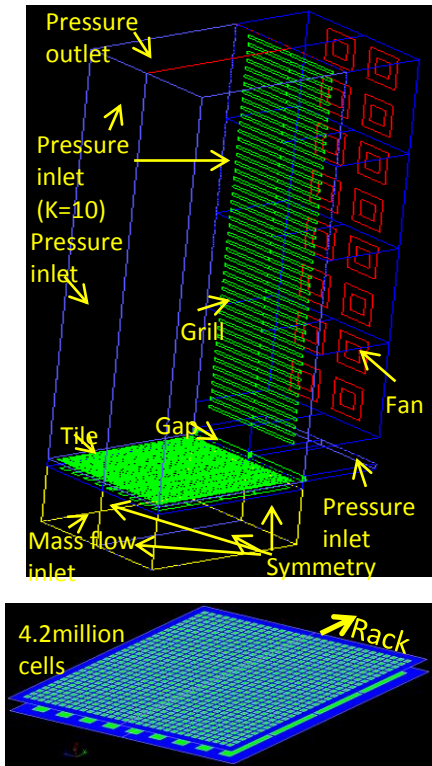


[ref] Kumar, P., Joshi, Y., Experimental Investigations on the Effect of Perforated Tile Air Jet Velocity on Server Air Distribution in a High Density Data Center, Intersociety Conference on Thermal Phenomena (ITHERM), Jun 2-5, 2010, Las Vegas, USA.

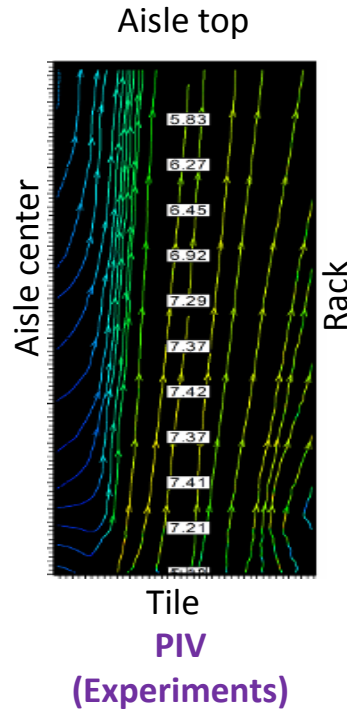


22 kW/Rack (2500 CFM)

# Numerical Modeling

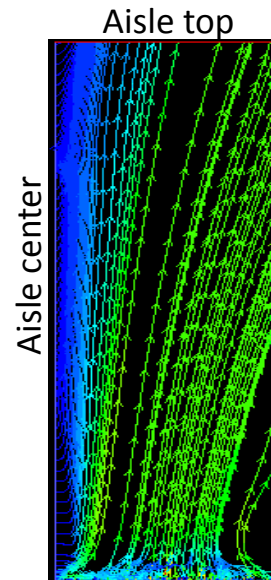


Velocity  
(m/s)

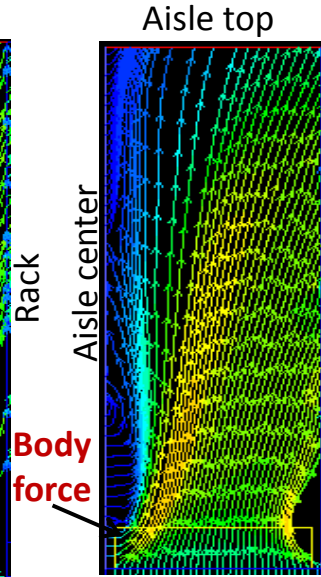


Tile  
PIV

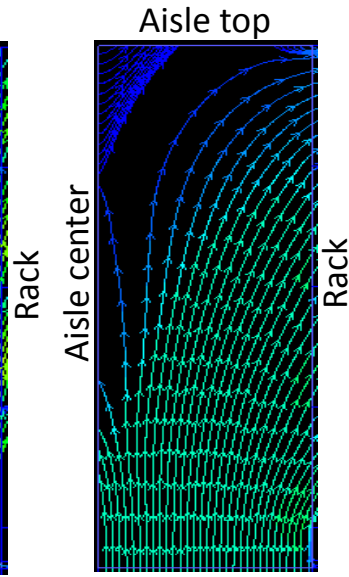
(Experiments)



Tile  
Geometrical  
Resolution



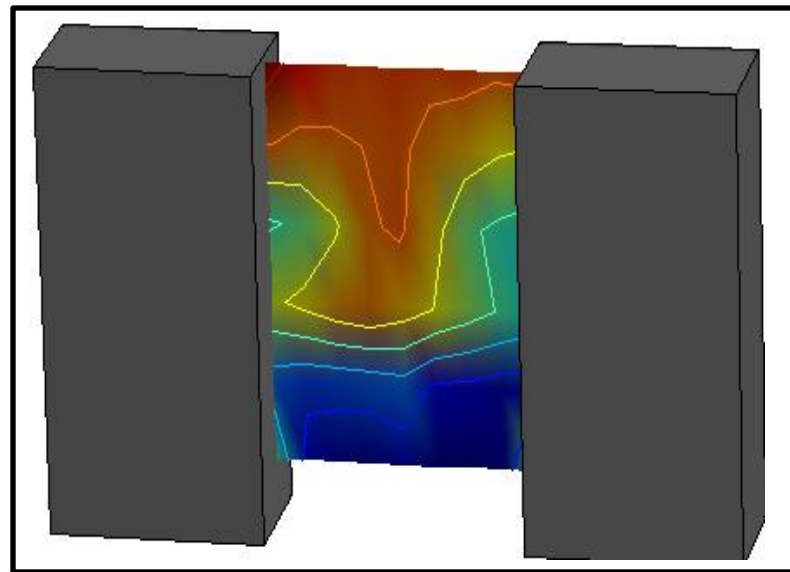
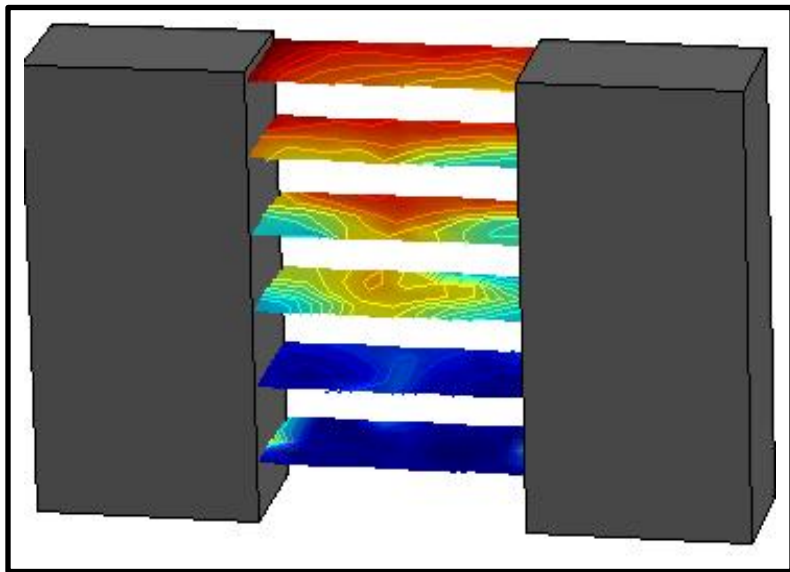
Tile  
Modified Body Force  
(Developed)



Tile  
Porous Jump  
(Generally Used)

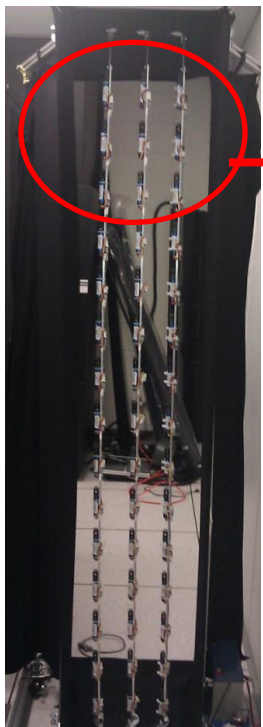
- Modified body force with momentum source region of 22" width and 6" height suggests closer comparison with geometrical resolution and PIV results

# Grid Based Temperature Measurements



- T type thermocouples (wire gauge 28, 0.321 mm)
- 252 thermocouples (width = 4ft, depth = 2ft, height = 6ft 6inch)
- 3D mapping of the cold aisle
- 6 planes along the height, 5 planes along the depth and 10 planes along the width

# Rack Air Flow and Heat Load Measurement

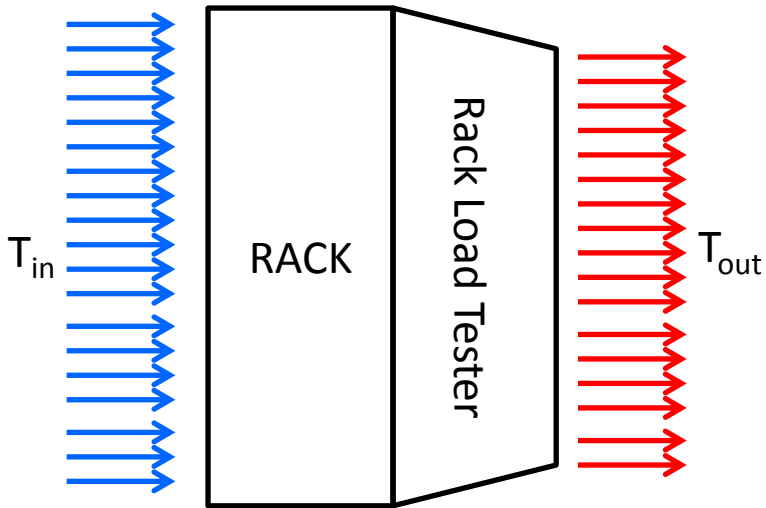


Thermistor (T)

Thermal Anemometer (V)

Air Inlet

Air Outlet



$$m = \rho \times A \times V$$

Air mass flow  $\rightarrow$   $m$   $\leftarrow$  Measured Velocity  
 $\rho$   $\leftarrow$  Air density  $\leftarrow$  Flow Area

$$Q = m \times C_p \times (T_{out} - T_{in})$$

Heat load  $\leftarrow$   $Q$   $\leftarrow$  Air specific heat  $\leftarrow$  Measured Temperatures

- Array (15 × 3) of temperature (thermistor) and velocity (thermal anemometer) sensors
- Mass flow rate calculated based on the measured velocity
- Rack heat load calculated based on mass weighted outlet temperature and inlet temperatures and the mass flow rate

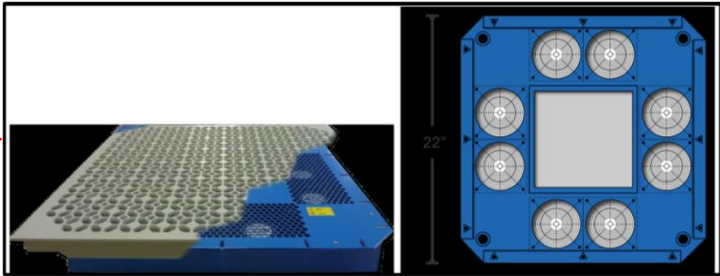
# Containment System with Active Fan Tiles



Top Curtain



Fan Assisted Tiles



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# Sensor Types

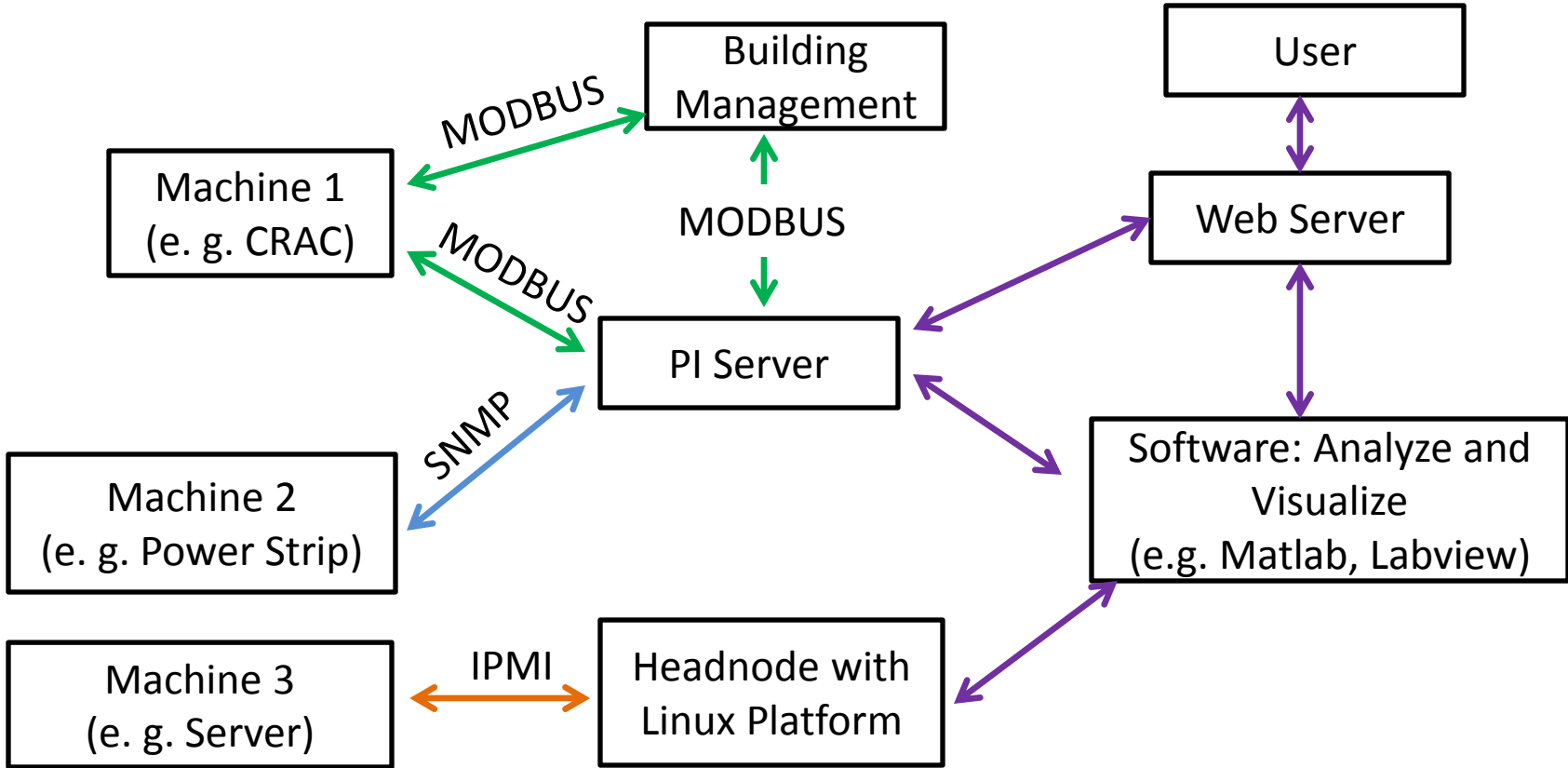
- Temperature
  - Thermal diodes (CPU temperatures)
  - Resistance temperature detectors, thermistors, and thermocouples (air temperature)
- Power
  - Branch Circuit Monitoring System (at Power Distribution Unit @ PDU level)
  - Power Outlet Power Sensing (at Power Strips)
- Water Velocity/Flow :
  - Dual turbine flow meter (Rear Door Heat Exchanger)
  - Magnetic flow meter (Computer Room Air Conditioning)
- Air Velocity/Flow:
  - Constant temperature hotwire anemometer (point velocity measurement)
  - Particle image velocimetry (PIV) (velocity field)
  - Flow hood (tile flow rate)
- Pressure Sensors
- Humidity Sensors

# Interfaces

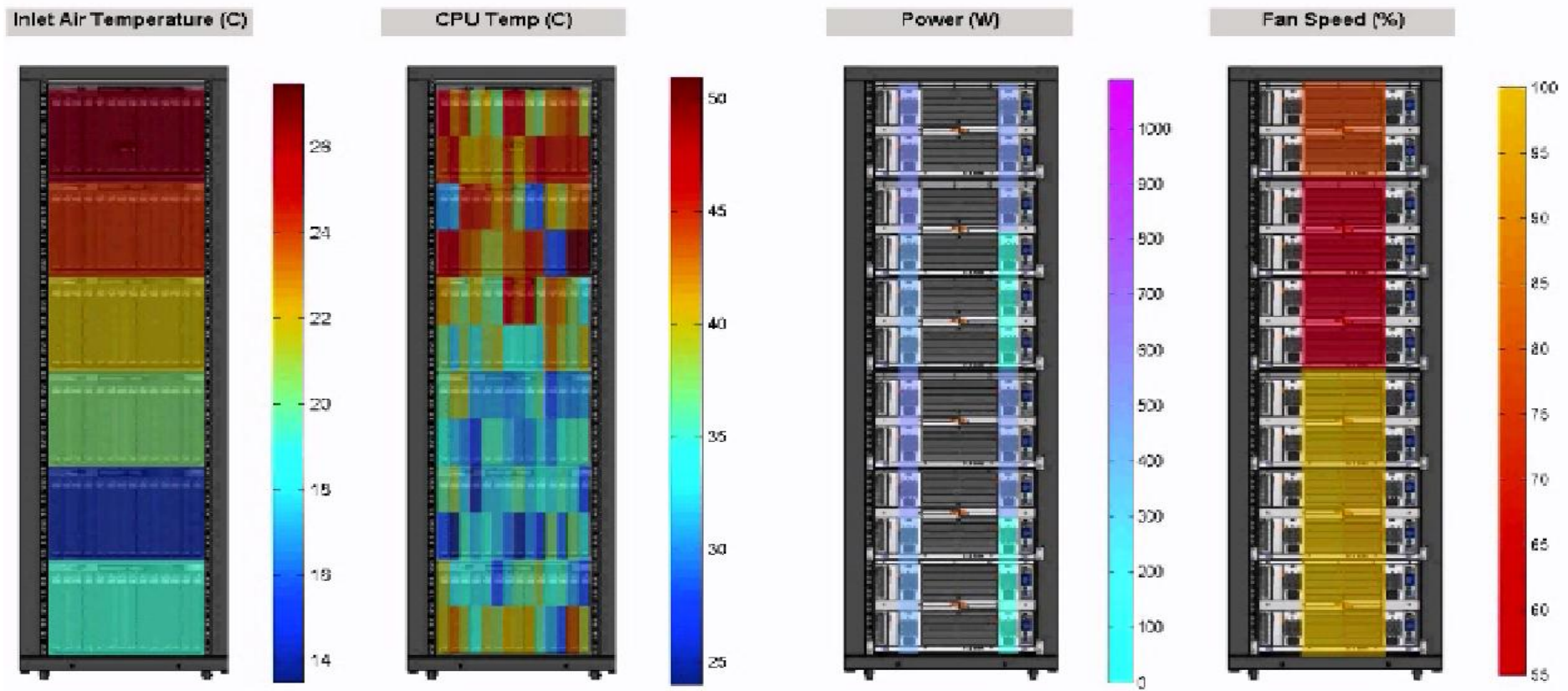
- **MODBUS TCP/IP** – Communication protocol published by Modicon in 1979 for use with its programmable logic controllers (PLCs). Currently used as the interface with the building management system.
- **SNMP** (Simple Network Management Protocol) – Internet-standard protocol for managing devices on IP networks. Used in facility to communicate with power strips and blade centers.
- **IPMI** (Intelligent Platform Management Interface) – Used by system administrators to manage computers and gather data for monitoring purposes. Used in facility to communicate with server to collect server health data



# Data Acquisition and Archiving

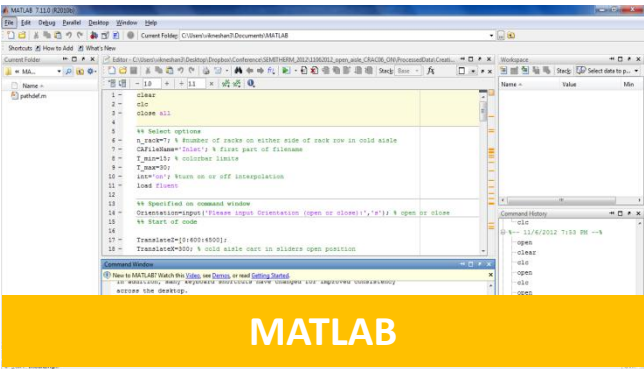


# Rack Level Monitoring Example (SNMP)

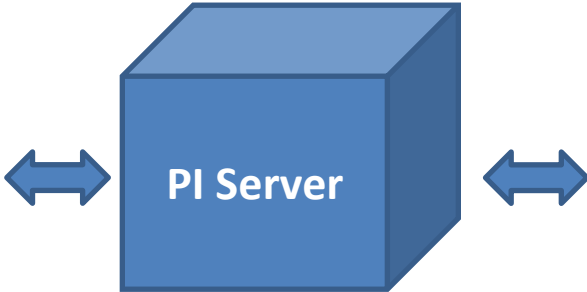


# Control System Design and Implementation

- Building management system (BMS) uses Niagra by Tridium to regulate cooling
- MATLAB script or code communicates with PI System using PI OLEDB, which sends commands through output tags to BMS. MATLAB built-in functions and tools used (e.g. SIMULINK) to design and implement controller.
- Benefits:
  - A comprehensive library of tools in MATLAB for control system design
  - No need for actual controller board
  - Fail safe: no changes made to existing controllers in data center
  - Suited for research purposes because of its flexibility and fast turnaround times



MATLAB

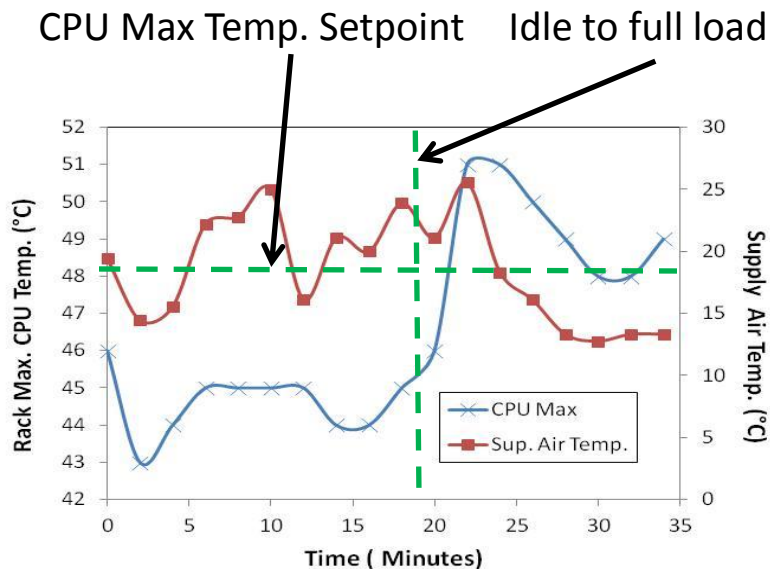


Building Management System

# Controller Implementation Example



- Regulating maximum CPU temperatures for a rack by varying CRAC supply air temperature
- Integral action controller as an add-on to existing CRAC controls.
- Sampling period : 2 minutes
- Only one rack turned active in experimental zone (preliminary testing)



Test case: Step increase in compute load

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## Future Work

- Webservice Development – Integrate Sharepoint Server with the PI System tools: PI WebParts , PI ProcessBook and etc.
- Webservice function
  - Facilitate data extraction
  - Visualize data
  - Disseminate live and archived data to the “public” (login credentials will be provided for approved requests)
- Tentative beta site availability (April 2013)
- Development of logic/physics based controllers for air cooled data center
  - Contained aisles
  - Active fan tiles
  - Advanced air delivery systems



# THANK YOU

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