

# The Value of the PI System at PJM Interconnection

Presented by **Thomas Keyser**  
**Transmission System Operator**



# Agenda

- Who is PJM
- Background of PI System at PJM
- Control Room displays
- PMU data in PI System
- Wind generation and PI System
- PI System and GIS
- Performance Compliance uses for PI System

# Regional Transmission Organizations



# PJM Territory



# About PJM

- Responsible for the reliable operation of the high-voltage electric grid in all or parts of 13 states and Washington DC.
- Balancing Authority – responsible for balancing supply and demand
- Operate world's largest wholesale electricity market.
- Peak Demand - 163,000 MW
- Territory includes 6,000 substations
- 62,000 miles of transmission lines in PJM territory (69-765KV)
- Dispatch 1,300+ generators

# Control room software vendors

- EMS
  - Siemens Spectrum EMS
    - Dual hot control centers at two different sites
- Market System
  - Alstom-Energy Market Systems
    - Day ahead and real-time market
- Visualization
  - OSIsoft
    - The PI System

# Visualization Challenges

- Situation Awareness for large geographical area
- Tracking of 1300 generators- unit status, MW and MVAR output, unit reserves
- Tracking system voltages throughout 13 state territory
- Viewing transmission zone overviews for a large grid
- Keeping track of wind generation output and forecast
- Track MW transfers into PJM and across the transmission system
- Consistent displays in each control room

# Visualization Solutions

- PI ProcessBook displays used throughout control room on video walls and desktop monitors.
- Use combination of bar charts, trends, and one-line overviews
- Use Multi-States with different colors to distinguish between normal/abnormal values

# PI Client Overview

- PI ProcessBook displays for dispatcher real-time monitoring, training and during simulations and restoration drills
- PI ProcessBook displays for after event analysis
- PI DataLink for engineering analysis and reporting
- PI Coresight for ad-hoc analysis

# Data Collected in PI System

- Real-time SCADA data – voltages, MW, MVAR, loads, Circuit Breaker Status, MW reserves
- State Estimator data
- Market data – Generator bid information, Dispatch rates
- PMU data (synchrophasor)
- Line and transformer outage data
- All PI System data stored for 7 years except for phasor data which is stored for 90 days.

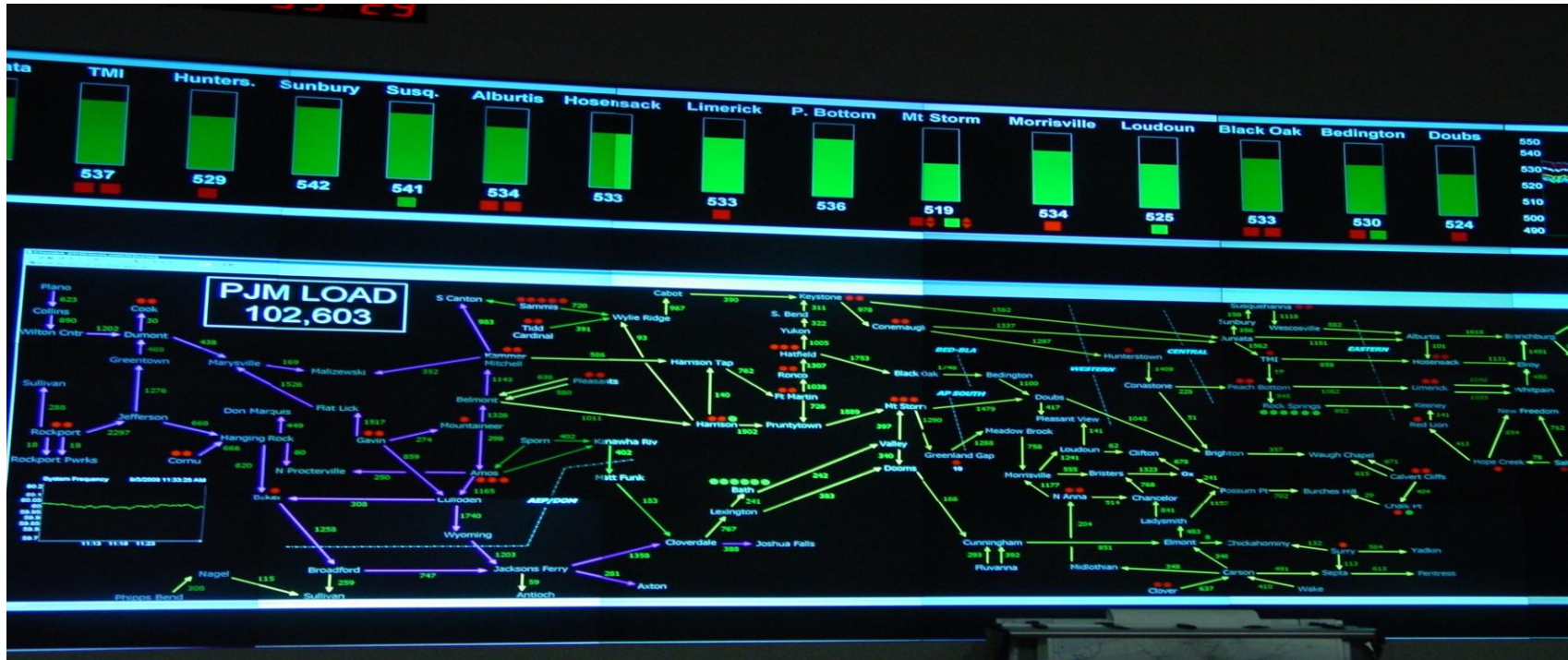
# Control Room Displays

- Voltages
- Frequency
- Generation (steam units, CTs, wind and hydro)
- Transmission zonal loads
- Tie-lines between transmission companies
- One-line area overviews
- MW Reserves, MVAR reserves

# View of control room video walls



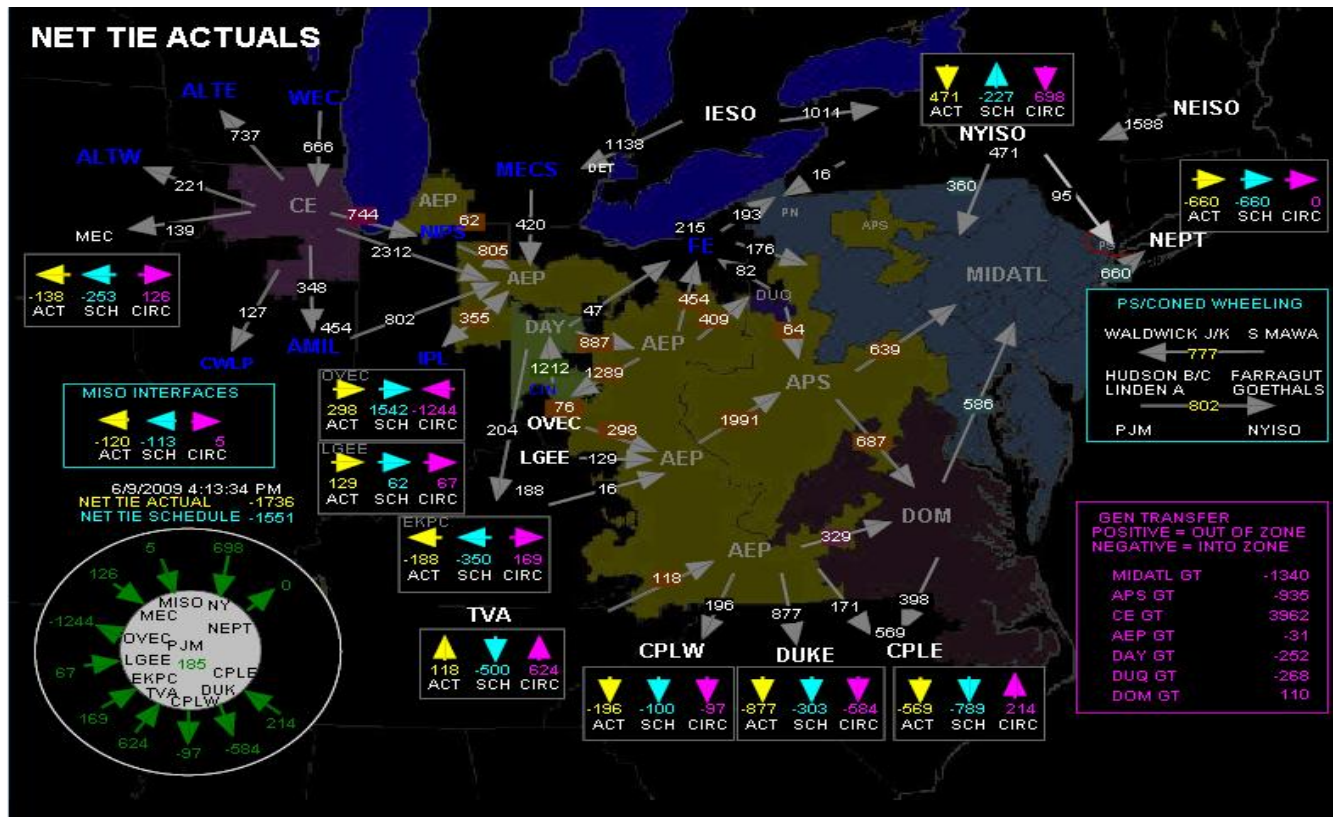
# Situational awareness in control room



# Transmission flows and voltages



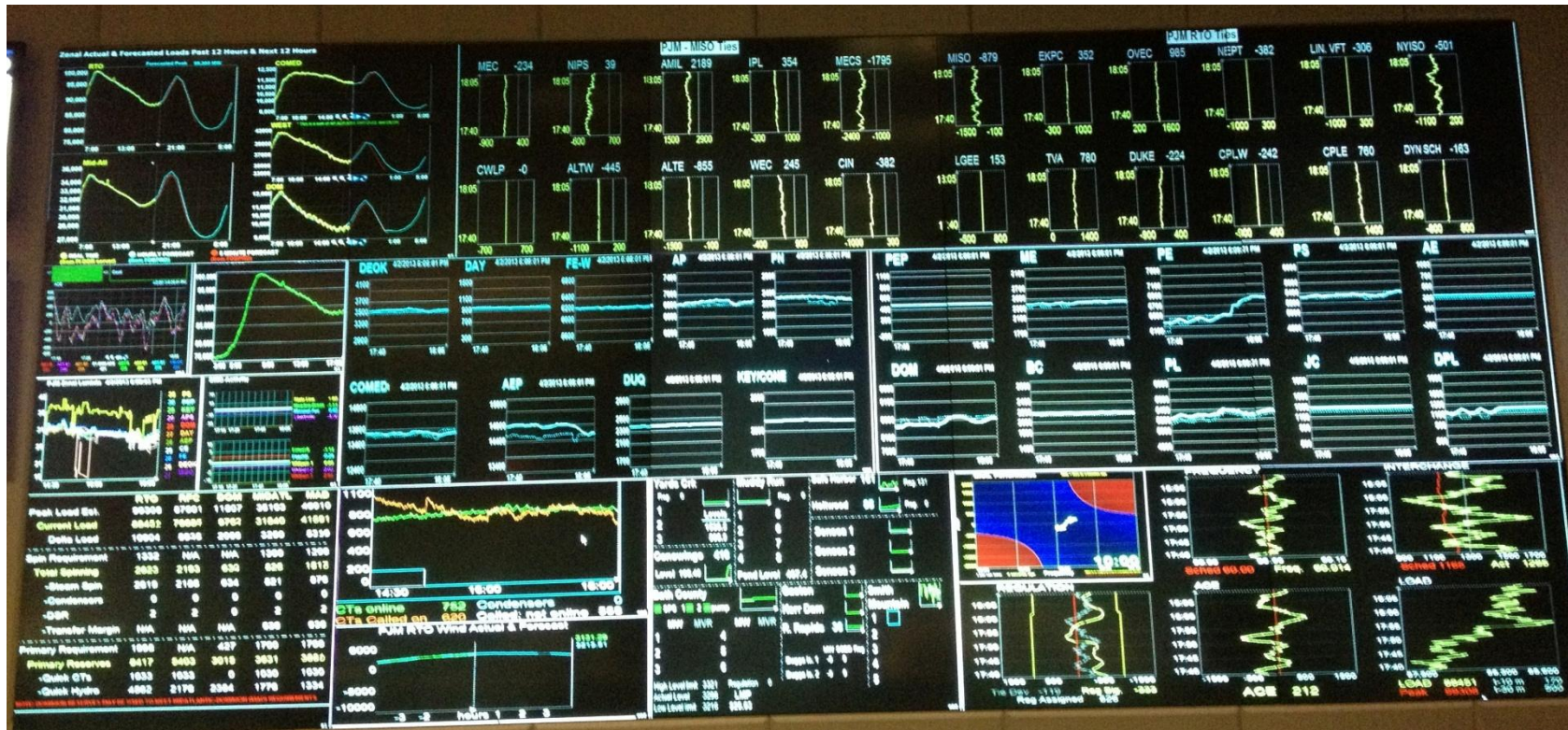
# Scheduled and Actual MW flows between PJM and neighbors



# Generation outputs

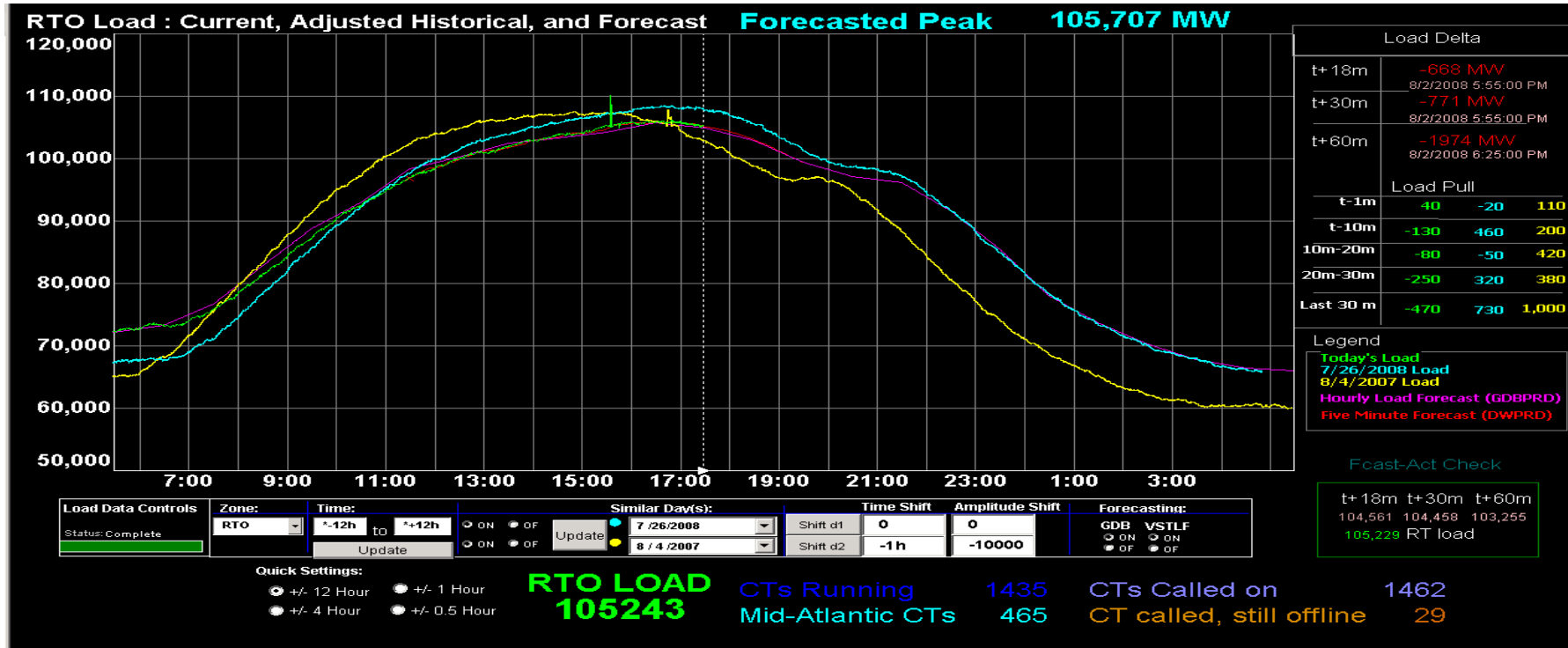


# Generation Video Wall

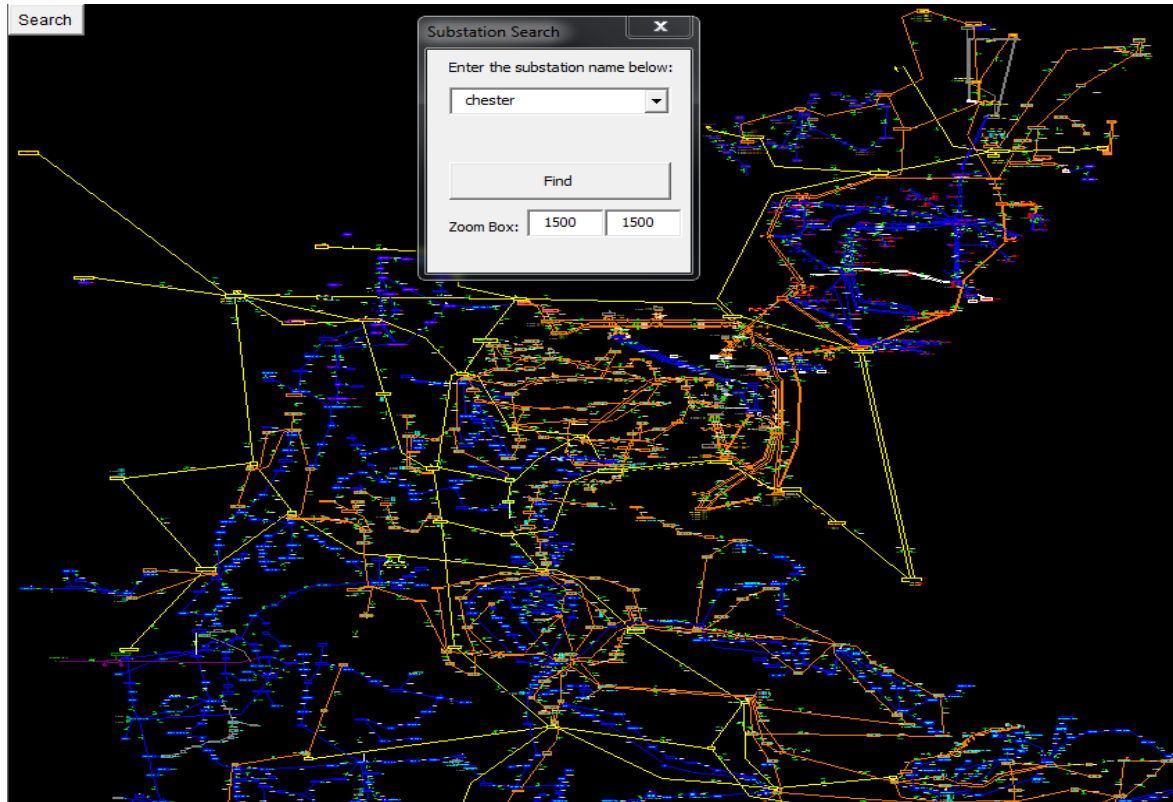


# Desk Top Displays

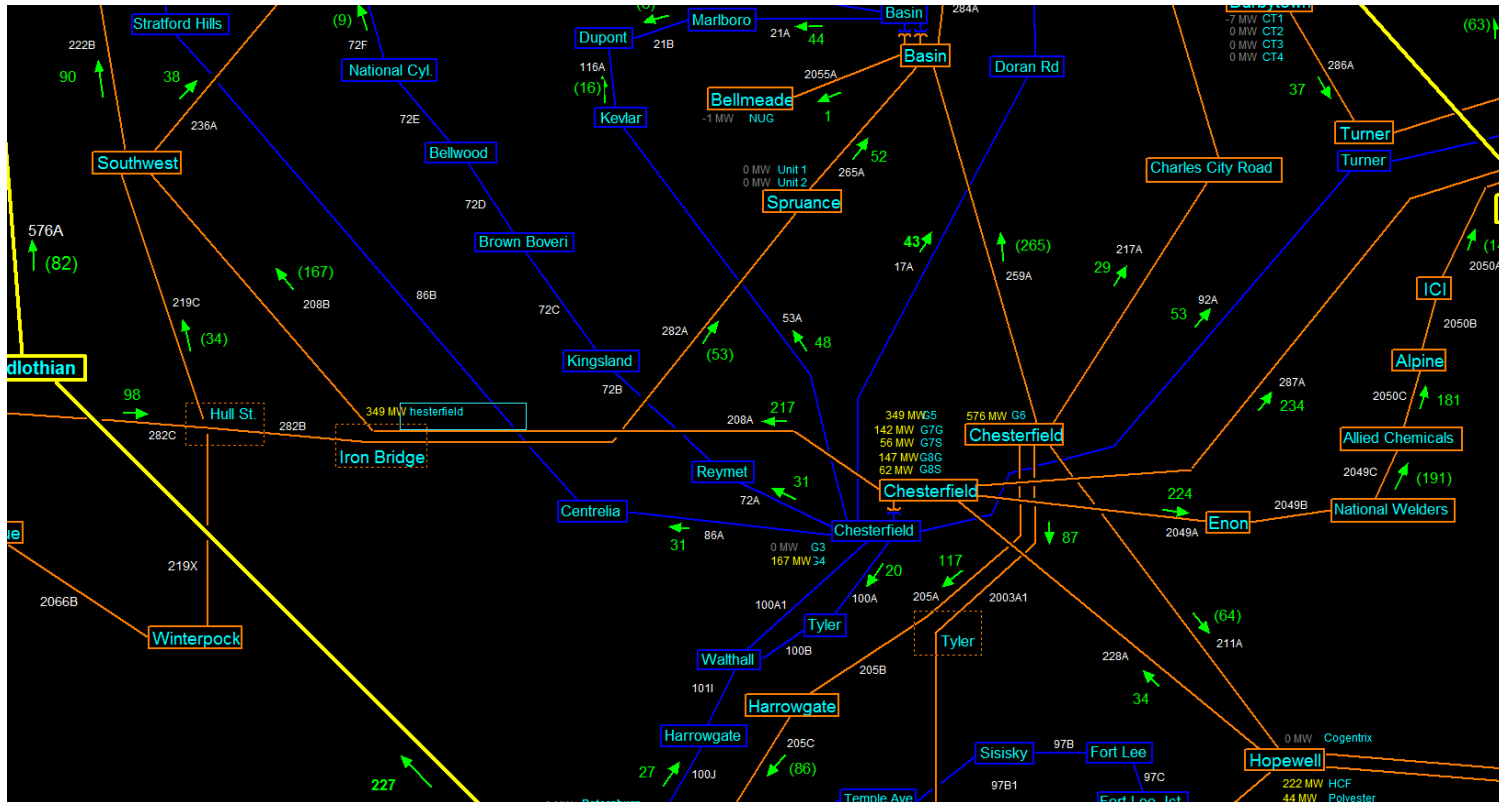
## Load Picker Display



# Transmission Zone Overview Example



# Zoomed in after search



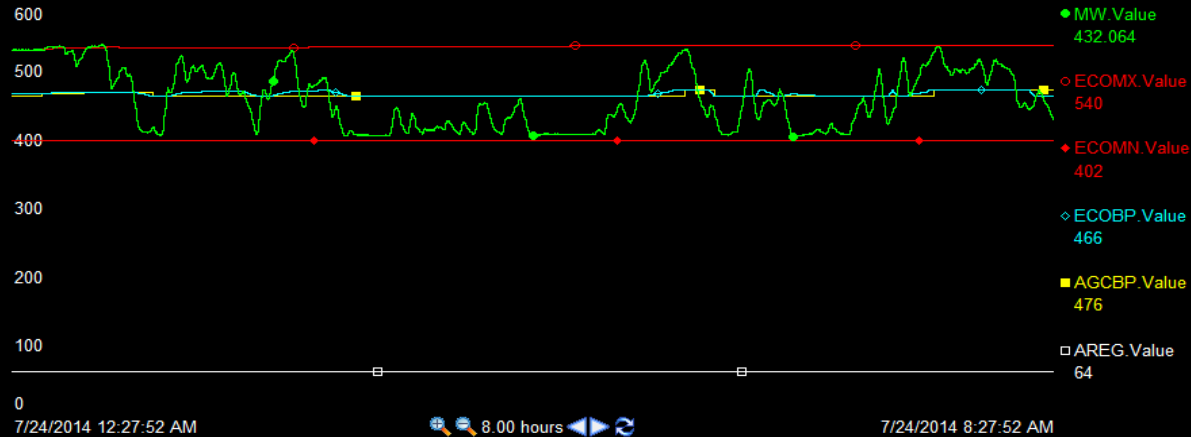
# Generator Unit details

Jul 2014 Jul 2014

Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
29	30	1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31	1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9

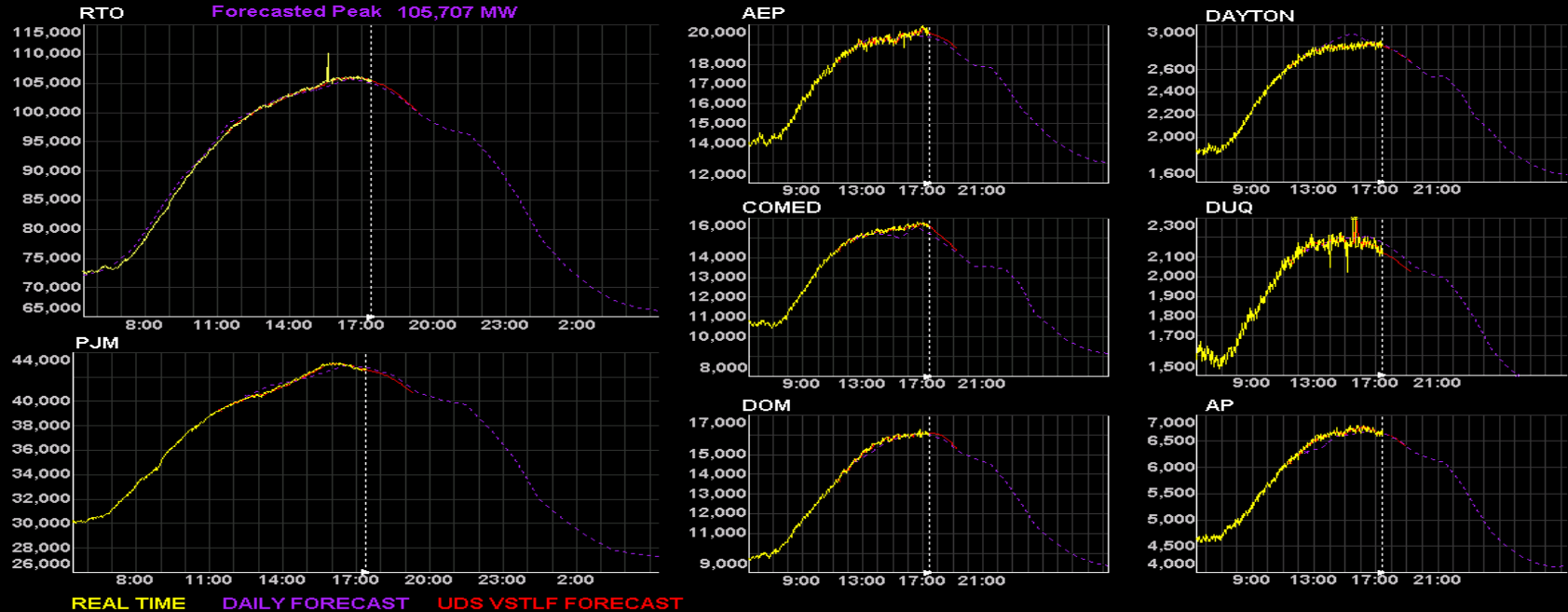
Zone

Unit



# Actual & Forecasted Loads

**Zonal Actual & Forecasted Loads - Past 12 Hours & Next 12 Hours**



# Situational Awareness Benefits with PI System

PJM is using PI ProcessBook displays on the large video walls and desktops in the control room for the operators to view generation outputs of over 1300 generators, and various transmission related displays.



## Business Challenge

Being able to visualize large amounts of data is not possible with desktop PCs.  
Desktop monitors too small for one-line overviews of large transmission systems.

## Solution

Create PI ProcessBook displays for generation and transmission data that can be visible to all operators in the control room.

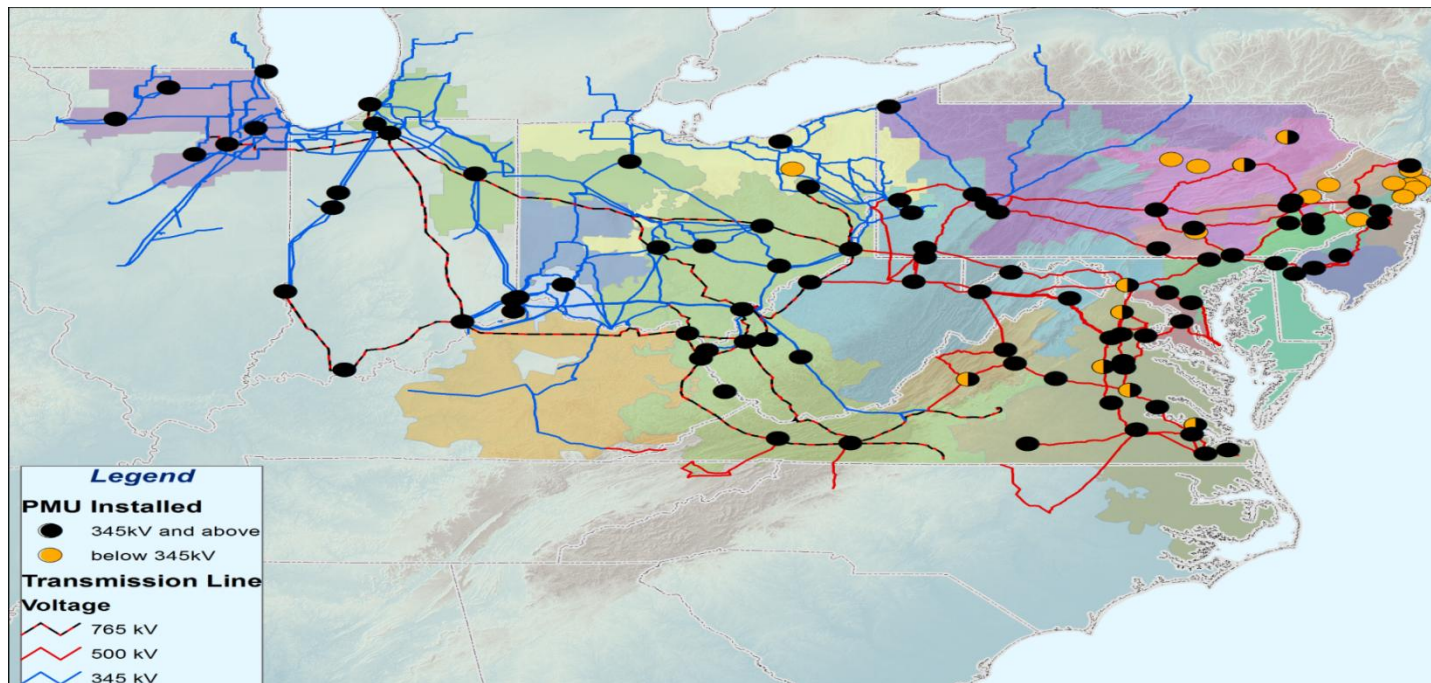
## Results and Benefits

Situation awareness improved in control room.  
Operators are all looking at same information

# Synchrophasor Data at PJM

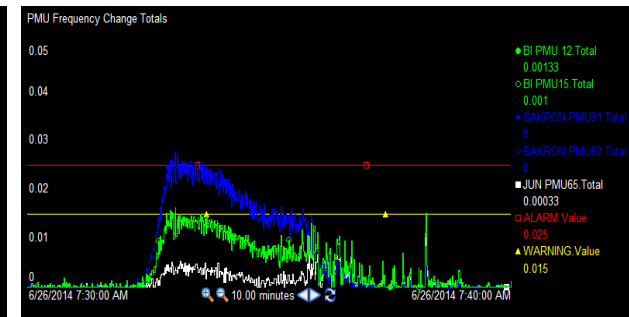
- 360 PMUs installed in 90 substations
- Approx 4500 PI Tags collecting data
- Estimated 1TB data per month collected
- Phasor PI Tags used for alarming in Intelligent Event Processor tool.
- Phasor data used for after event analysis

# PMU Deployment



# Phasor data example during switching event

## SCADA MW / calculated MW using PMU data



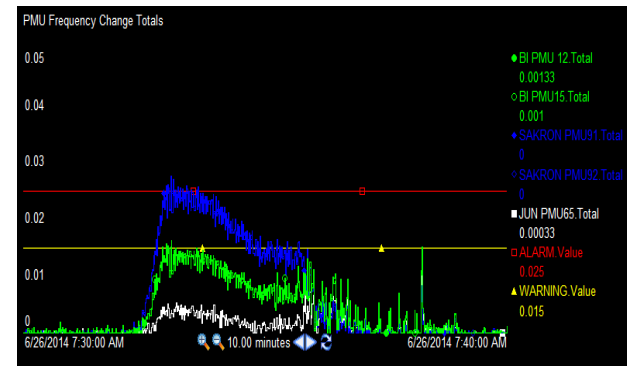
Frequency change

MW swinging on 1 unit but not the other 2 at same station

MW swings on hydro units

# PMUs and The PI System

SCADA data is received every 2-4 seconds. PMU data is received at much faster scan rates and can pick up small changes in frequency and voltages that can be missed with SCADA data.



## Business Challenge

Be able to capture instability on the transmission system that happens in cycles which normally wouldn't be picked up in SCADA data

## Solution

Install PMU at all major substations and capture the data in PI System so displays can be built for real-time monitoring and post mortem analysis.

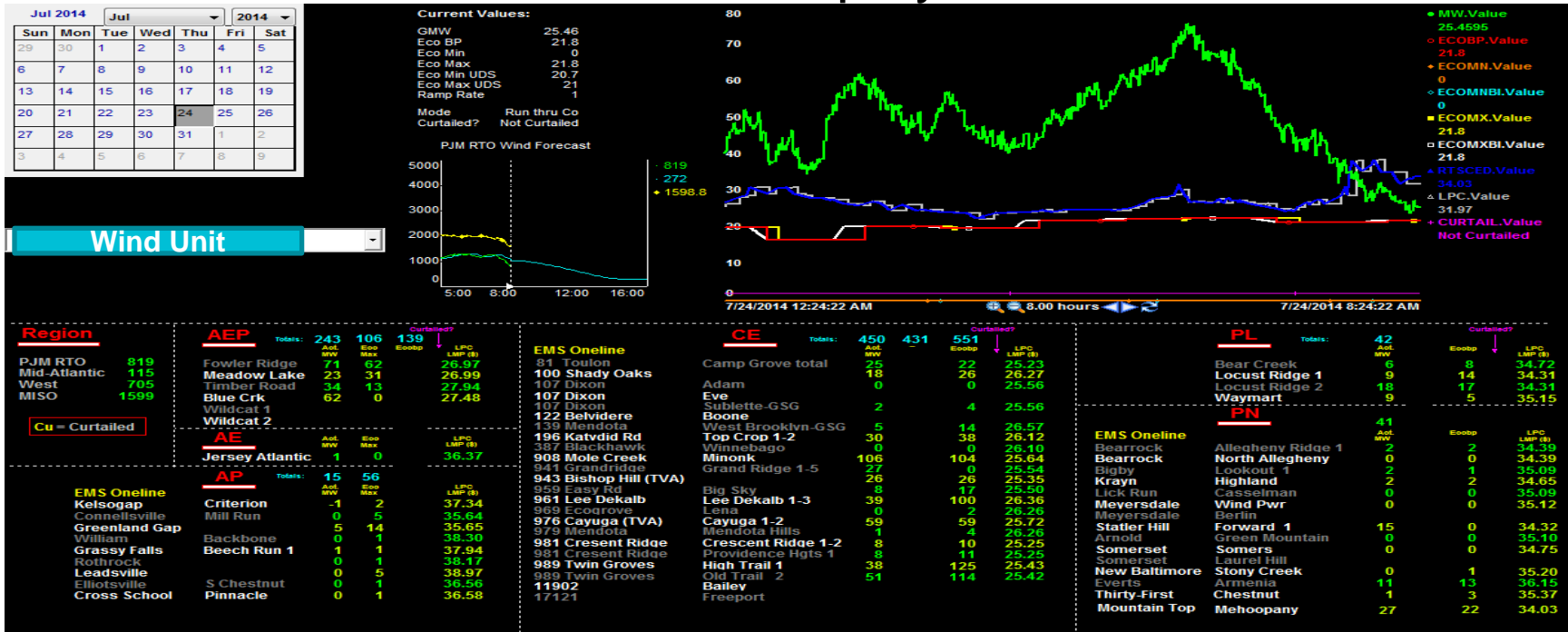
## Results and Benefits

Performance Compliance department is currently using PMU data for analysis of system disturbances.

Engineers are using PMU data for stability analysis.

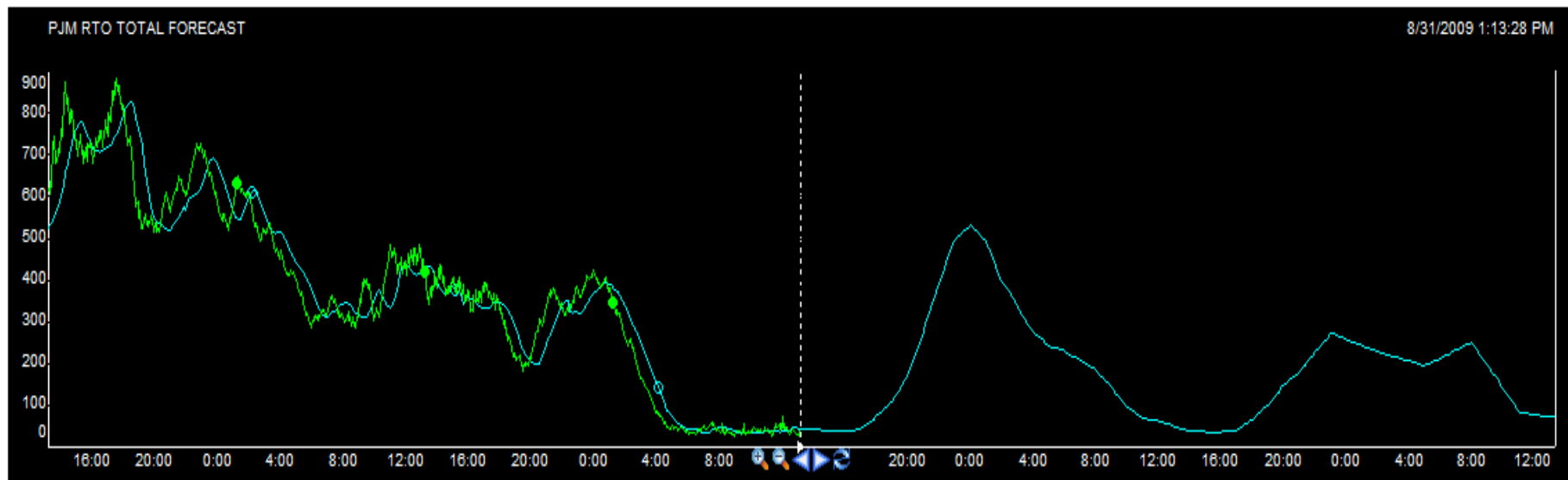
# Renewable integration into Operations

## Wind Display

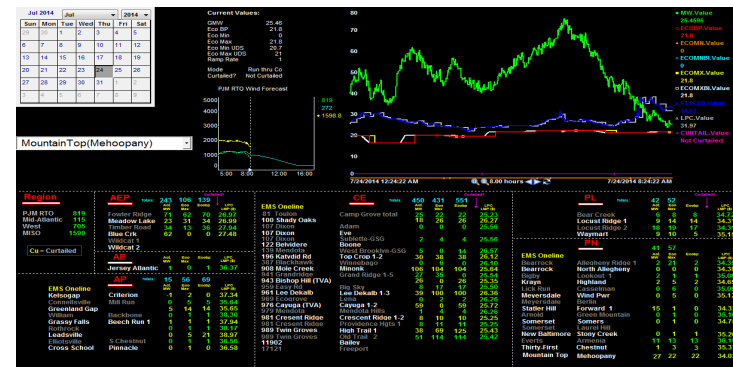


# Wind Power Forecasting

Future data is combined with historical and real-time data



With the increasing amount of wind generation on the system, there is a need to display the output of each wind farm due to the volatility nature of wind generation.

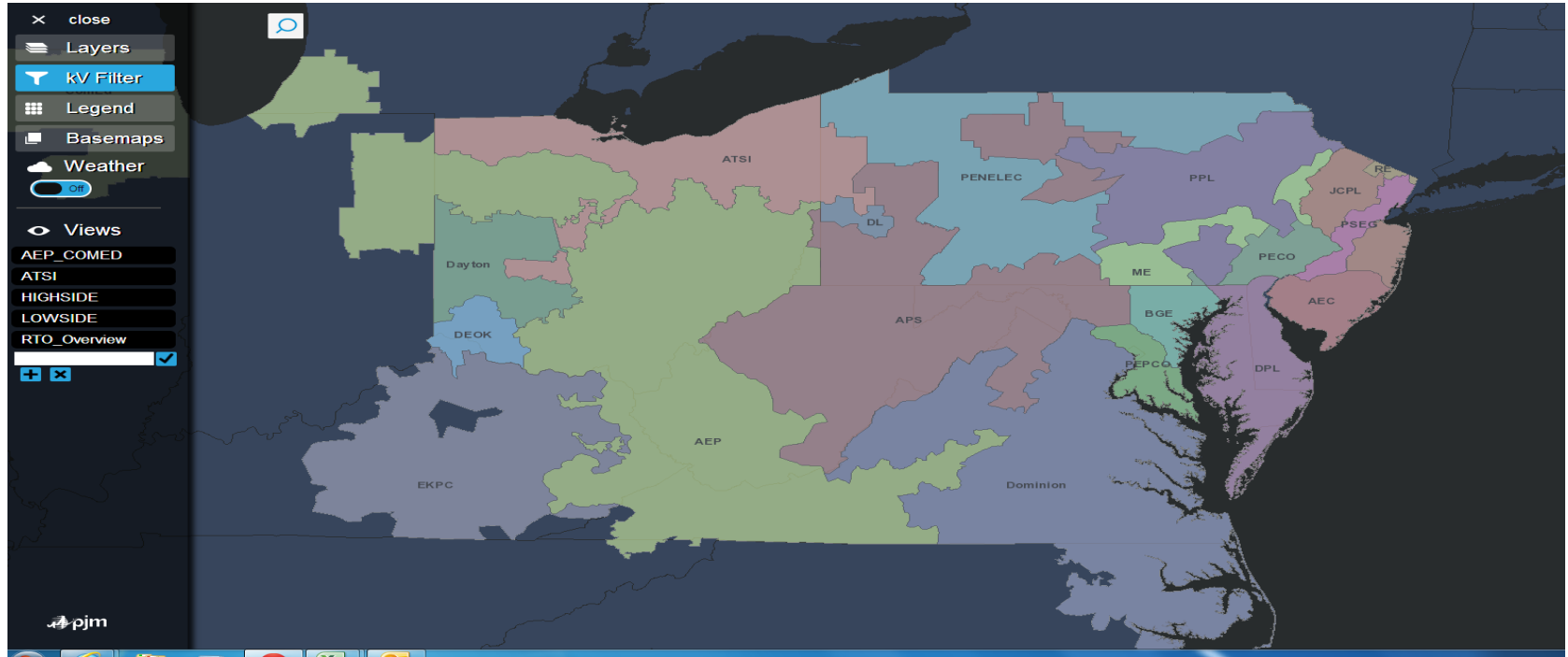


Balance generation supply with load can be challenging with wind outputs that can quickly increase or decrease

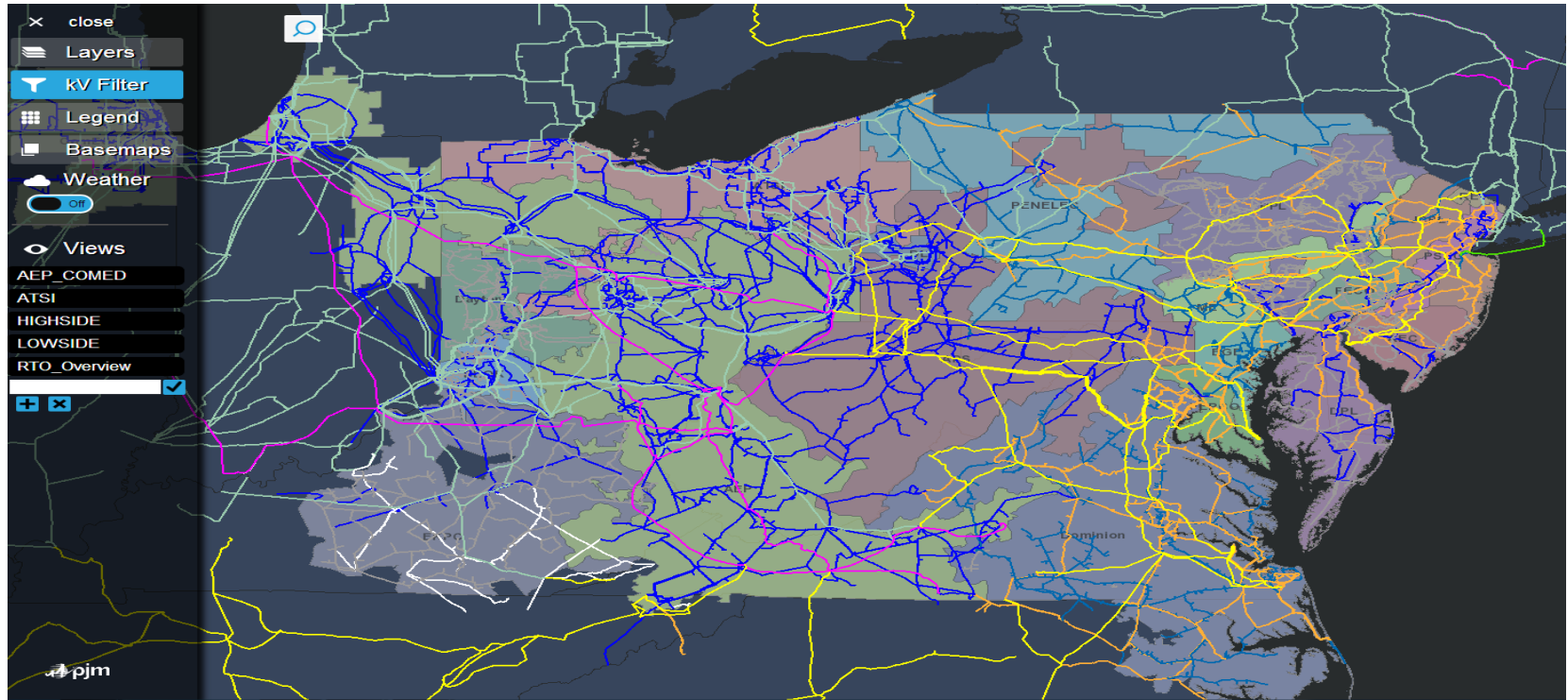
Build PI ProcessBook displays with Wind Farm outputs and trends with real-time MW and forecasted MW.

Dispatchers can view the real-time outputs of individual wind farms and view the forecast MW. Results in better situational awareness in the control room.

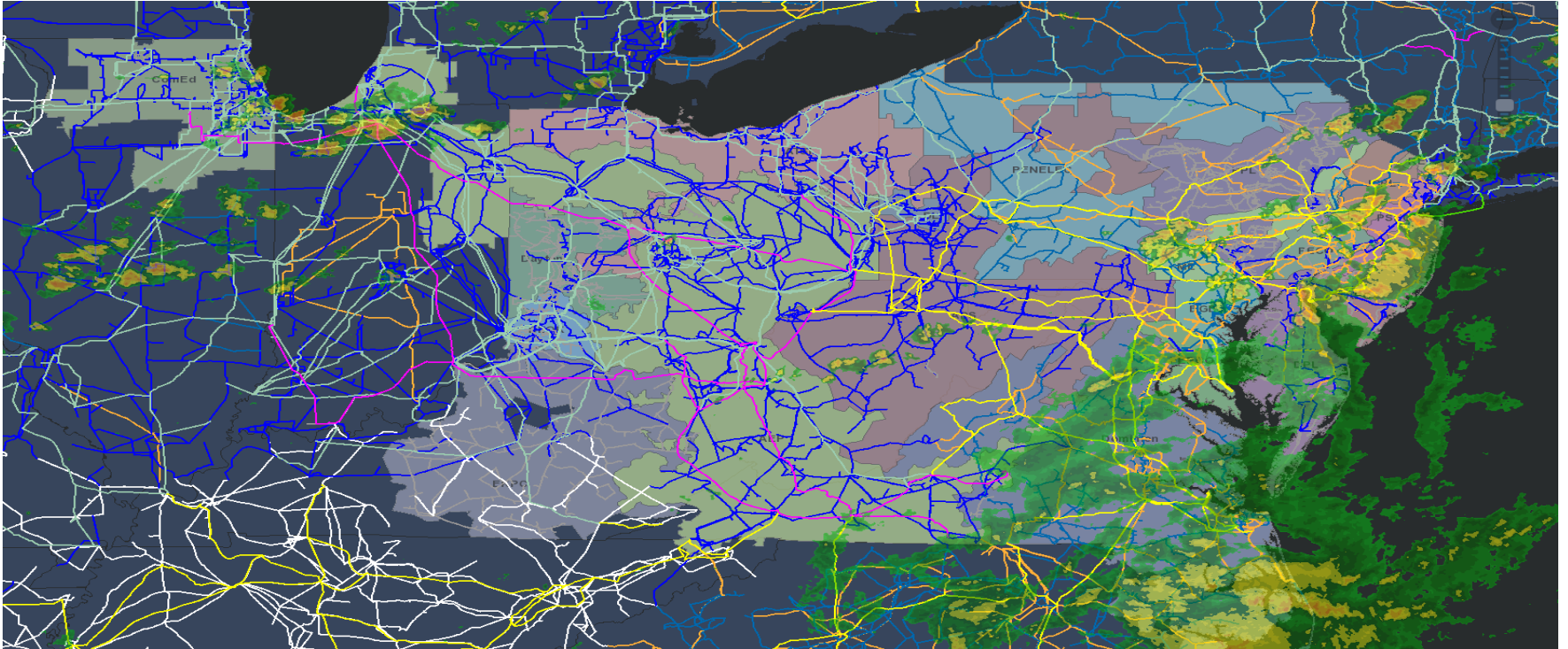
# Future PI System data uses - ARC GIS



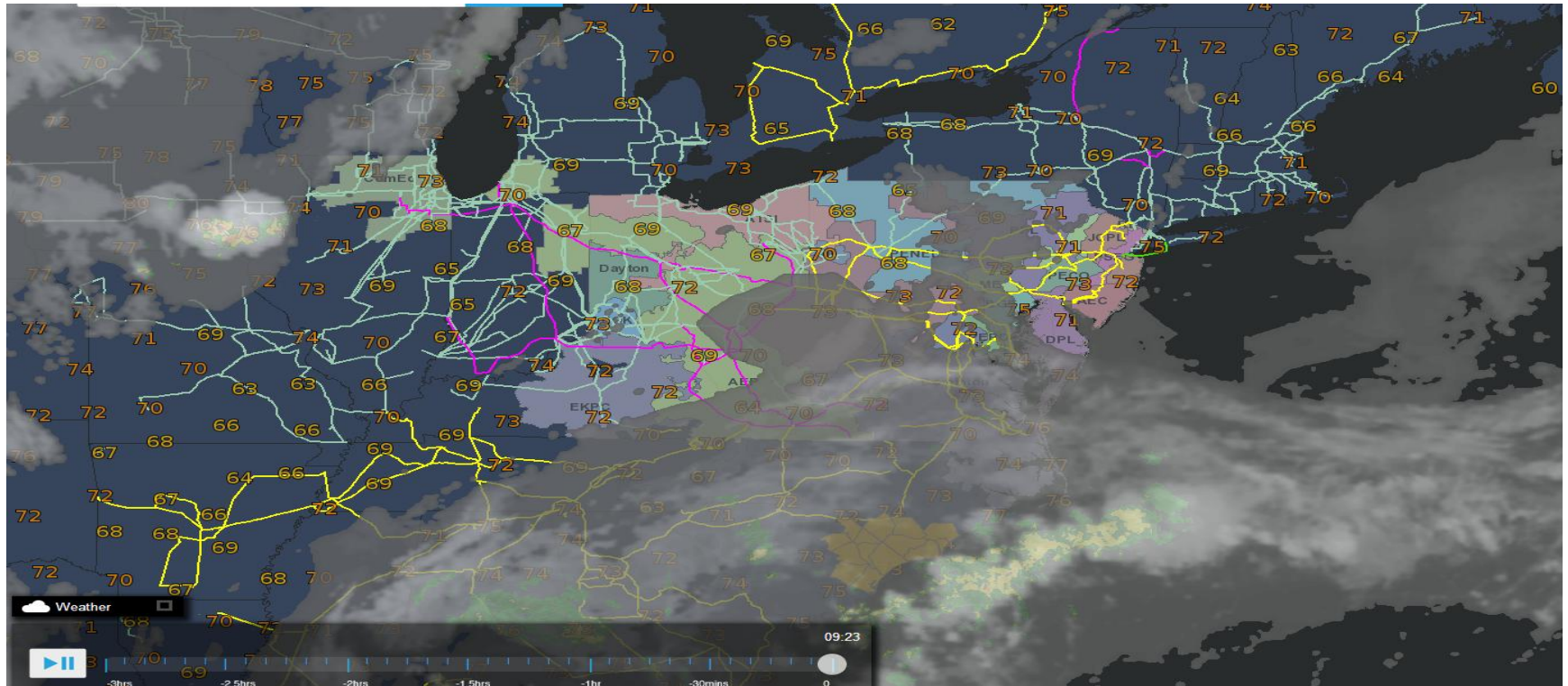
# Transmission system overview



# Radar data added

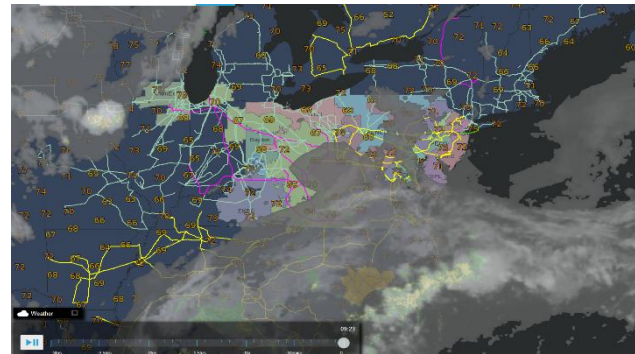


# Temperatures and clouds added



# GIS and PI System

With a control area spanning 13 states, PJM needs a tool to view a wide area picture of the transmission system.



## Business Challenge

The need exists for a dynamic map that covers the PJM system and can display weather information along with transmission and generation data.

## Solution

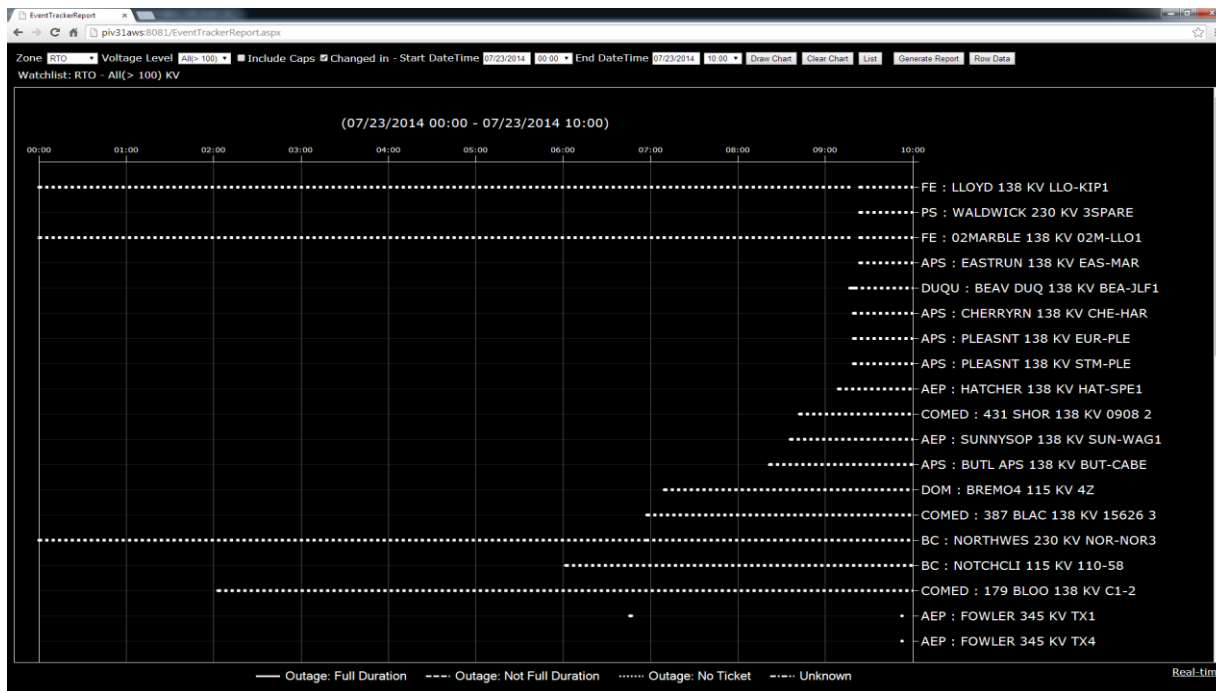
Combine Esri and OSIsoft products to visualize power flows on the PJM grid.

## Results and Benefits

Ongoing project – PI System integration into dynamic map slated for 2015 timeframe.

# PI System uses for Operations and Performance Compliance

## Equipment Outage Tracker HTML and ASP.net



# Outage Tracker Report – PI AF SDK

EventTrackerR7-23-2014 10-04-40 AM.xls - Microsoft Excel

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S
1	Outages for RTO and All(> 100) between: 07/23/2014 and 07/23/2014																		
2	Zone	B1	B2	B3	Status														
3					7/23/2014 2:05														
4	AEP	BAILEYSV	138 KV	CAPC	Outage: No Ticket														
5					7/23/2014 6:27	7/23/2014 6:30													
6	AEP	BAILEYSV	138 KV	CAPB	In Service	Outage: No Ticket													
7					7/23/2014 0:31	7/23/2014 5:58													
8	AEP	CIRCLEVI	138 KV	CAP4	Outage: No Ticket	In Service													
9					7/23/2014 7:45														
10	AEP	CONCORD	138 KV	CAP1	In Service														
11					7/23/2014 7:46														
12	AEP	GLENLYN	138 KV	CAP1	In Service														
13					7/23/2014 9:59														
14	AEP	GLENLYN	138 KV	CAP2	In Service														
15					7/23/2014 1:46	7/23/2014 9:04													
16	AEP	HOLSTON	138 KV	CAPB	Outage: No Ticket	In Service													
17					7/23/2014 8:35														
18	AEP	SUNNYSOP	138 KV	SUN-WAG1	Outage: No Ticket														
19					7/23/2014 6:45	7/23/2014 6:46	7/23/2014 9:52	7/23/2014 9:52											
20	AEP	FOWLER	345 KV	TX1	Outage: No Ticket	In Service	Outage: No Ticket	In Service											
21					7/23/2014 9:52	7/23/2014 9:52													
22	AEP	FOWLER	345 KV	TX4	Outage: No Ticket	In Service													
23					7/23/2014 6:45	7/23/2014 6:46	7/23/2014 9:52	7/23/2014 9:52											
24	AEP	FOWLER	345 KV	TX3	Outage: No Ticket	In Service	Outage: No Ticket	In Service											
25					7/23/2014 9:52	7/23/2014 9:52													
26	AEP	FOWLER	345 KV	TX2	Outage: No Ticket	In Service													
27					7/23/2014 9:45	7/23/2014 9:49													
28	AEP	ELEIPSIC	138 KV	CAPAA	In Service	Outage: No Ticket													
29					7/23/2014 9:12	7/23/2014 9:13													
30	AEP	WKINGSPO	138 KV	CAPB	In Service	Outage: No Ticket													
31					7/23/2014 3:42														
32	AEP	WYTHE	138 KV	CAPB	Outage: No Ticket														
33					7/23/2014 0:48	7/23/2014 8:24													
34	AEP	BRADLEY	138 KV	CAPB	Outage: No Ticket	In Service													
35					7/23/2014 9:52	7/23/2014 9:52													
36	AEP	FOWLERJC	345 KV	FOW-FOW1	Outage: No Ticket	In Service													
37					7/23/2014 3:54	7/23/2014 3:55													
38	AEP	ELIMA	138 KV	ELI-NEW1	Outage: No Ticket	In Service													
39					7/23/2014 5:37	7/23/2014 5:38													

Current Value

Root path (optional)

Data item(s)

'Sheet1'!\$B\$2

Output cell

'Sheet1'!\$C\$2

☐ No time stamp

☒ Time at left

☐ Time on top

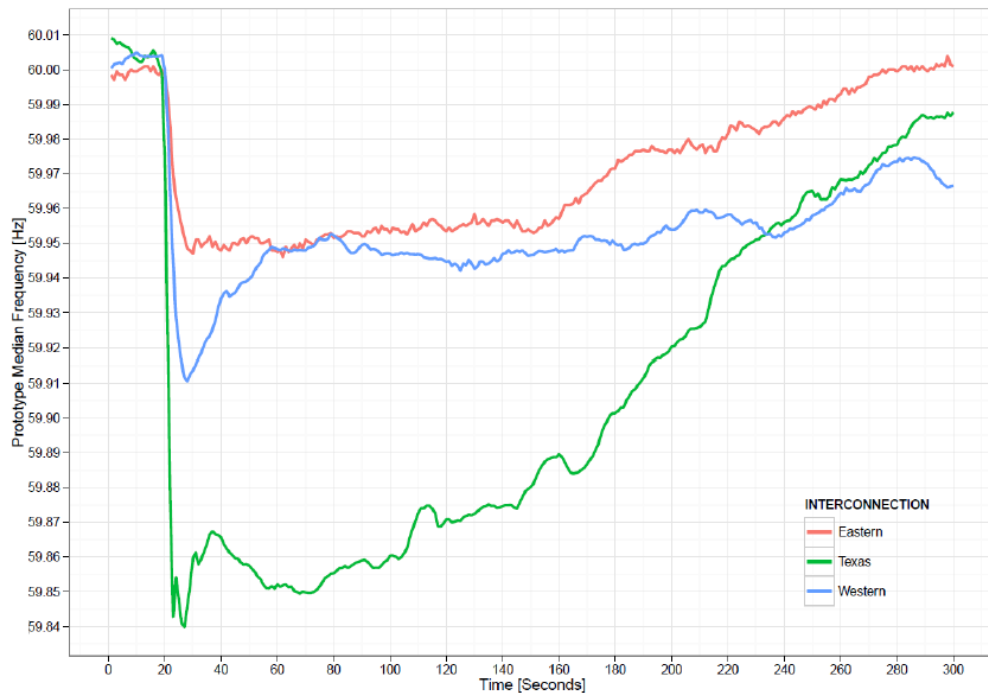
OK Apply

# Responding to new FERC orders

Order No. 794 approved by the FERC  
on January 16<sup>th</sup>, 2014  
Applicable to Balancing Authorities

Effective April 1<sup>st</sup>, 2016  
Each ... Balancing Authority ... shall  
achieve an annual Frequency Response  
that is equal to or more negative than its  
Frequency Response Obligation

# Typical Interconnection Frequency Responses for 2011



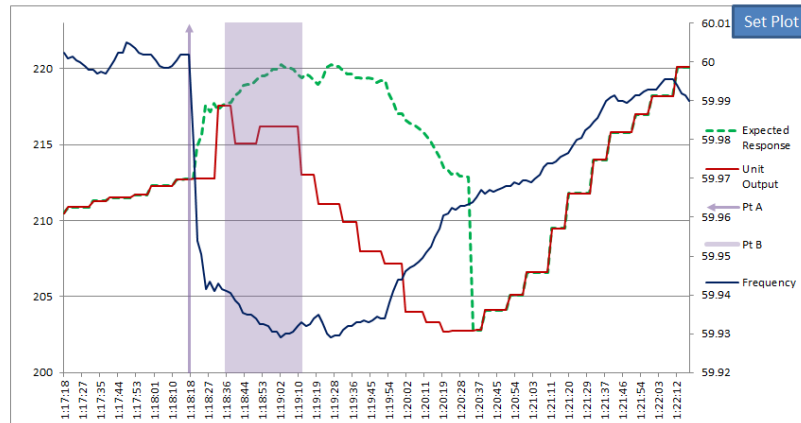
# Frequency Response Unit Event Performance Tool

Governor Settings	
Droop (%):	5%
Deadband (Hz):	0.036

Plot Times	
Event Start:	12/29/2012 1:18:18
Plot Start:	12/29/2012 1:17:18
Plot End:	12/29/2012 1:22:18
Interval:	2s

in MW	Actual Resp.	Expected Resp.
Point A =	212.733	212.733
Point B =	215.894	219.370

Actual Response =	3 MW
Expected Response =	7 MW
Deficiency =	3 MW

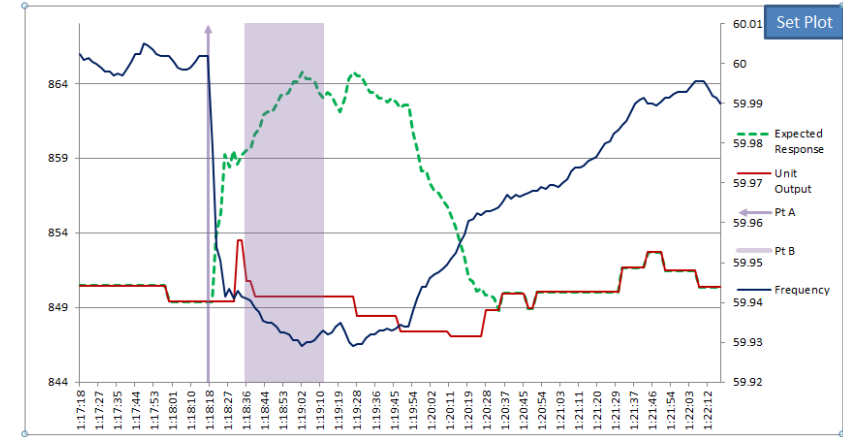


Governor Settings	
Droop (%):	5%
Deadband (Hz):	0.036

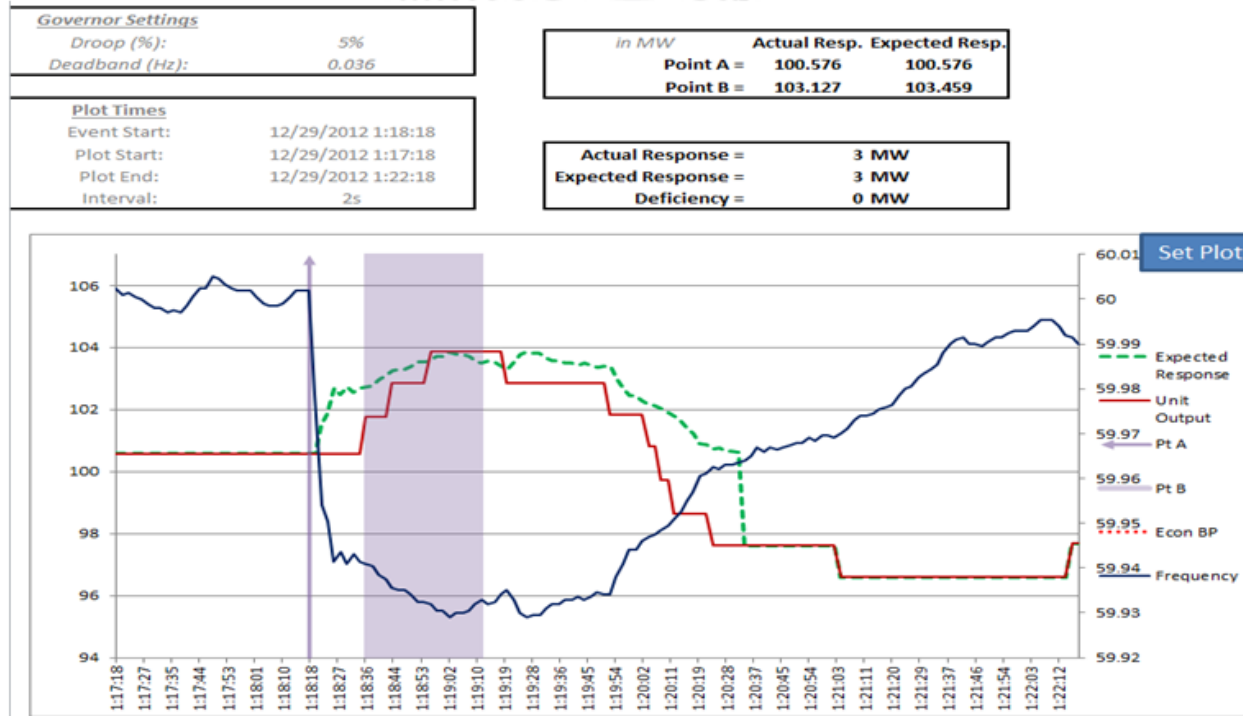
Plot Times	
Event Start:	12/29/2012 1:18:18
Plot Start:	12/29/2012 1:17:18
Plot End:	12/29/2012 1:22:18
Interval:	2s

in MW	Actual Resp.	Expected Resp.
Point A =	849.400	849.400
Point B =	849.814	862.880

Actual Response =	0 MW
Expected Response =	13 MW
Deficiency =	13 MW



# Unit responded as expected



Response as Expected

# Frequency Response Unit Summary Performance

## Unit:

Frequency:

Unit MW:

Spin Max:

$$MW_{PrimaryControl} = \left[ \frac{(HZ_{actual} - 60 + DB)}{(60 * Droop - DB)} \right] * (FrequencyResponsiveCapacity) * (-1)$$

## Governor Settings

Droop (%):

5%

Deadband (Hz):

0.036

RPM Capacity (MW):

635

Unit Zone:

Resource ID:

Econ. Min

220

Spin Max

635

Compliance Year

2013

Generator Output MW = Load Set-point MW + MW<sub>PrimaryControl</sub>

## Unit Summary

Median Response =	0.8	MW
Median Expected =	3.8	MW
Median Deficiency =	1.2	MW
% Wrong Direction =	39%	%
% w/ Headroom =	100%	%

Set Plots

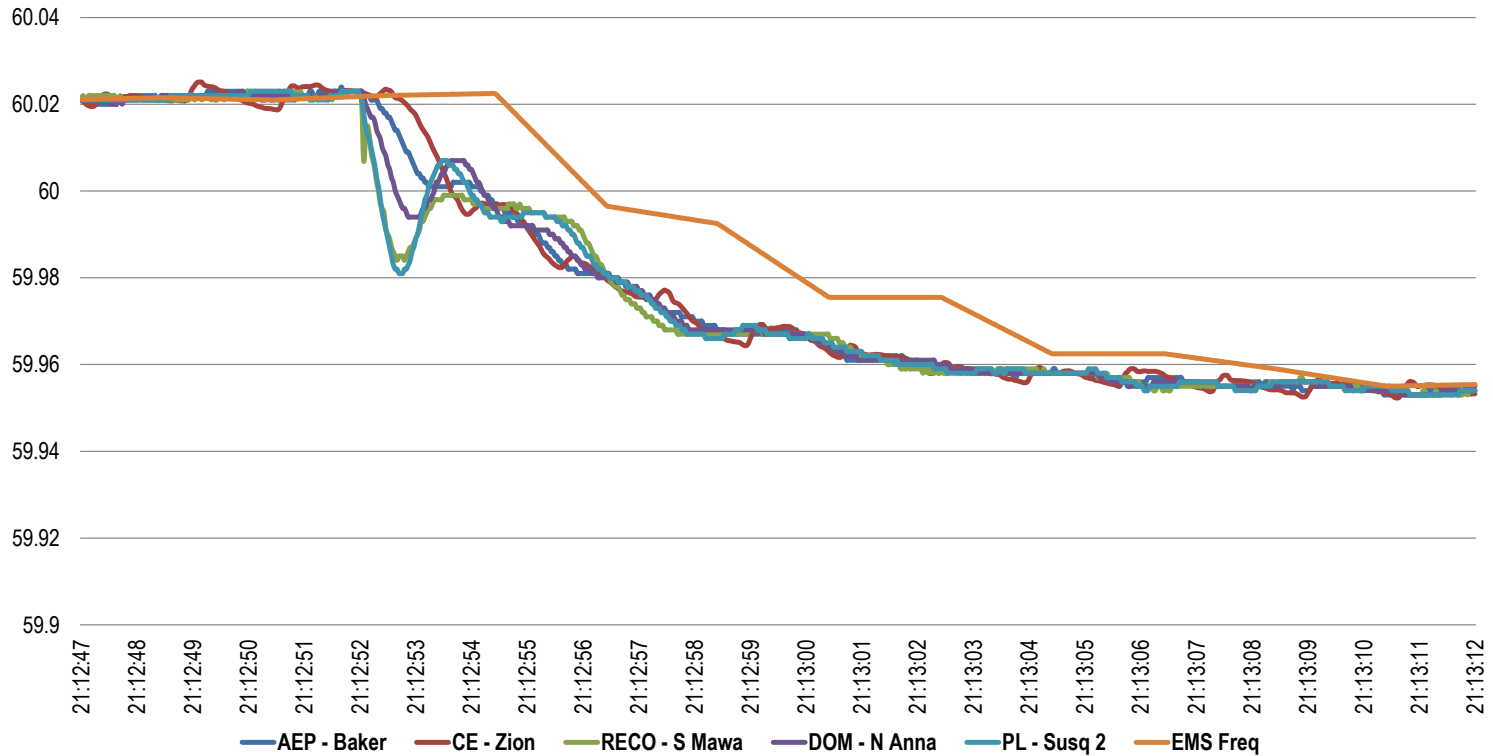
Copy Charts

Summary Data

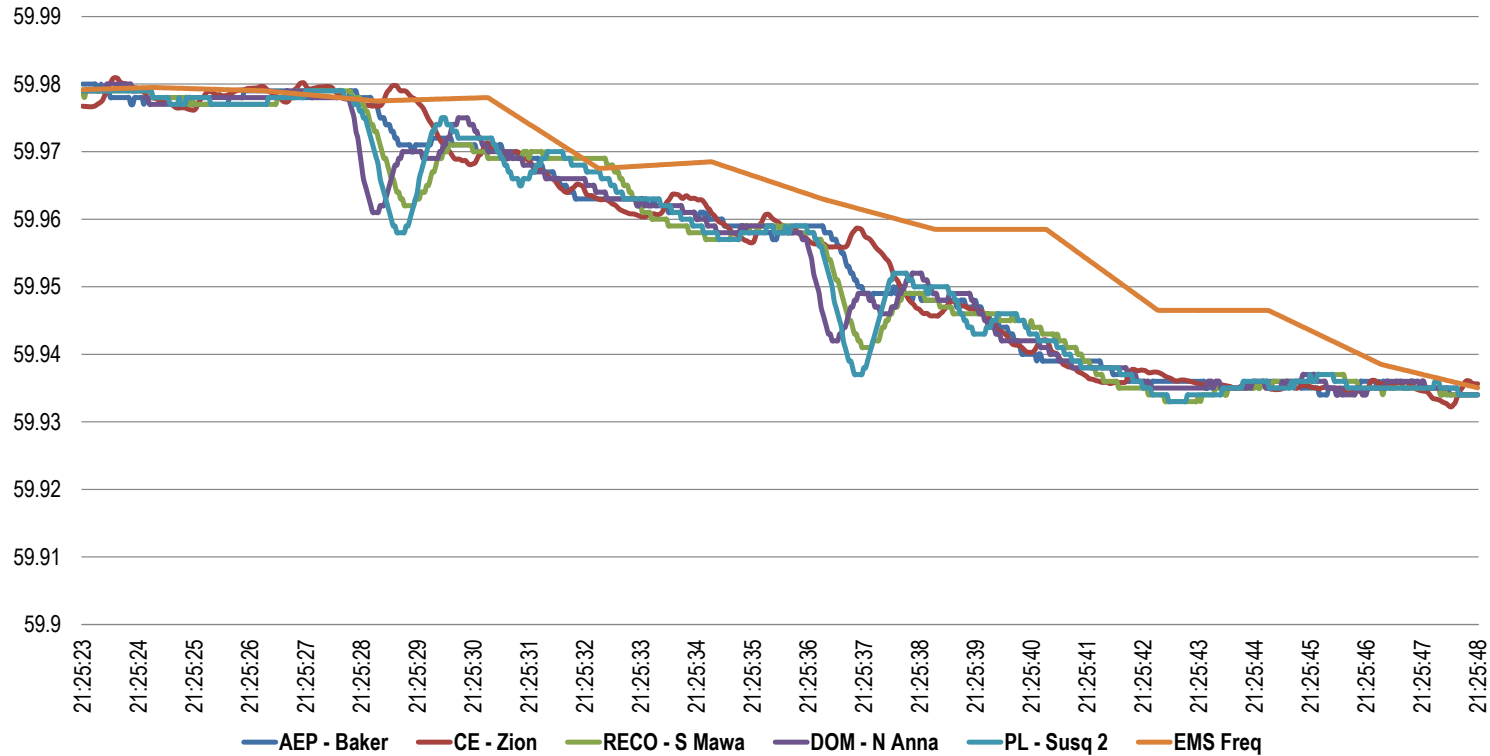
Event #	Event List	Actual Response (MW)	Expected Response (MW)	Response Deficiency (MW)	Headroom (MW)
1	12/29/2012 1:18:18	3.2	6.64	3.5	427.3
2	1/5/2013 0:37:13	6.5	5.01	-1.5	432.4
3	1/22/2013 3:32:59	4.6	4.75	0.1	404.3
4	2/23/2013 21:04:13	4.2	3.16	-1.0	420.4
5	2/25/2013 14:12:31	4.7	3.94	-0.8	294.6
6	3/12/2013 14:51:53	3.2	2.52	-0.7	236.8
7	4/4/2013 15:59:00	0.0	Off-line	Off-line	Off-Line
8	4/17/2013 15:59:40	0.0	Off-line	Off-line	Off-Line
9	4/18/2013 9:27:06	0.0	Off-line	Off-line	Off-Line
10	5/16/2013 10:15:46	2.8	9.58	6.8	10.8
11	5/27/2013 14:41:09	-0.1	Off-line	Off-line	Off-Line
12	6/5/2013 10:54:14	0.0	Off-line	Off-line	Off-Line
13	6/5/2013 14:52:44	0.0	Off-line	Off-line	Off-Line
14	6/17/2013 11:49:48	1.9	3.87	1.9	281.3
15	6/19/2013 13:10:46	0.0	4.75	4.75	11.2

Point A (MW)	Point B Expected (MW)	Point B Actual (MW)
212.7333	219.3699	215.8941
207.6000	212.6106	214.1147
235.7000	240.4503	240.3382
219.6000	222.7594	223.7677
345.3500	349.2874	350.0647
403.2000	405.7243	406.4294
-8.3525	0.0000	-8.3414
-1.4545	0.0000	-1.4870
-1.5375	0.0000	-1.5138
629.2000	638.7809	632.0172
-9.6984	0.0000	-9.7770
-8.2334	0.0000	-8.2556
-8.0299	0.0000	-8.0356
358.7000	362.5702	360.6494
679.8000	699.5518	696.5113

## Unit loss – SCADA data vs Phasor data



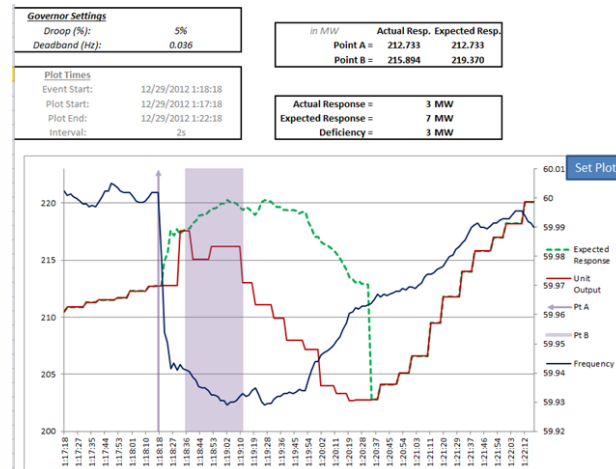
## Two unit loss - 9 seconds apart



# Meeting new requirements

Effective April 1st, 2016

Each ... Balancing Authority ... shall achieve an annual Frequency Response that is equal to or more negative than its Frequency Response Obligation



## Business Challenge

Being able to develop displays in a timely manner without disruption to EMS.

## Solution

PI ProcessBook and PI DataLink have been utilized to create new displays.

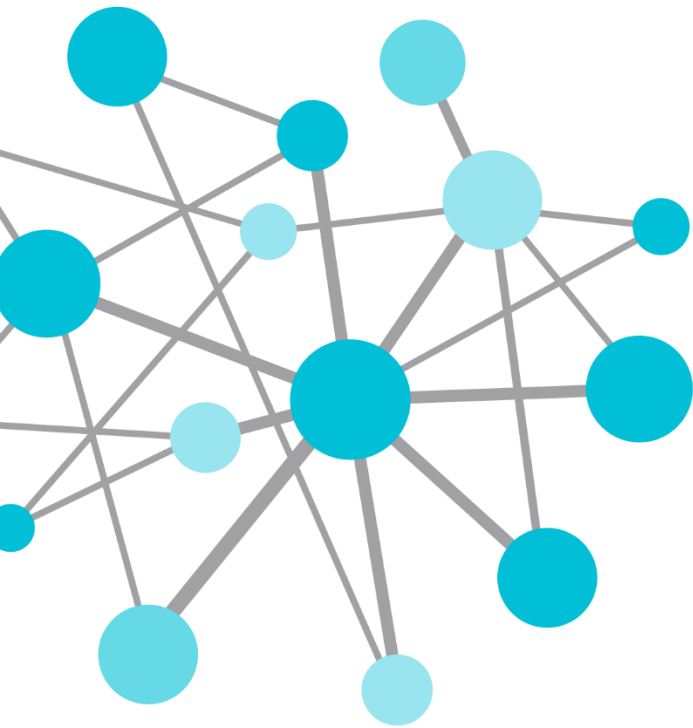
## Results and Benefits

Displays built without the need of vendors.

Displays built without requiring code changes in the EMS.

# Thomas Keyser

- [Thomas.keyser@pjm.com](mailto:Thomas.keyser@pjm.com)
- Transmission Dispatcher
- PJM Interconnection

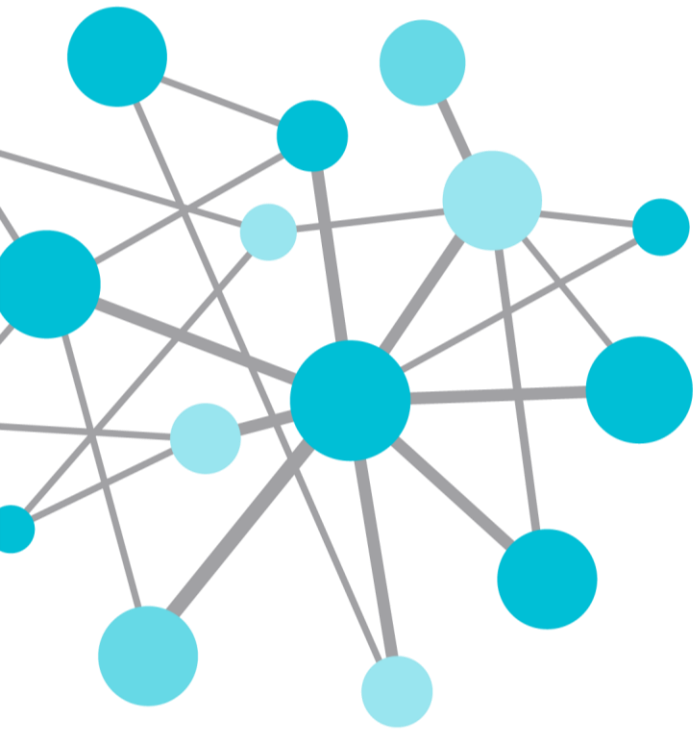


# Questions

Please wait for  
the **microphone**  
before asking  
your questions



State your  
**name &  
company**



THANK  
YOU

Brought to you by  **OSI**soft.

# Please don't forget to...

Complete the online survey for  
this session

[eventmobi.com/emeauc14](http://eventmobi.com/emeauc14)



Share with your friends

**#UC2014**

