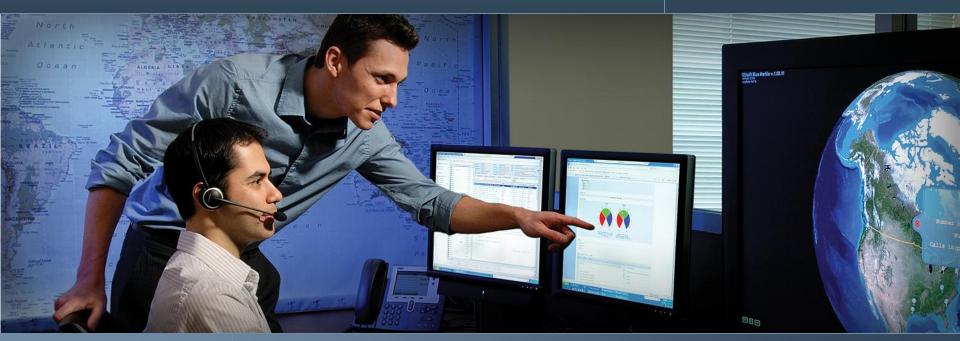


Regional Seminar Series

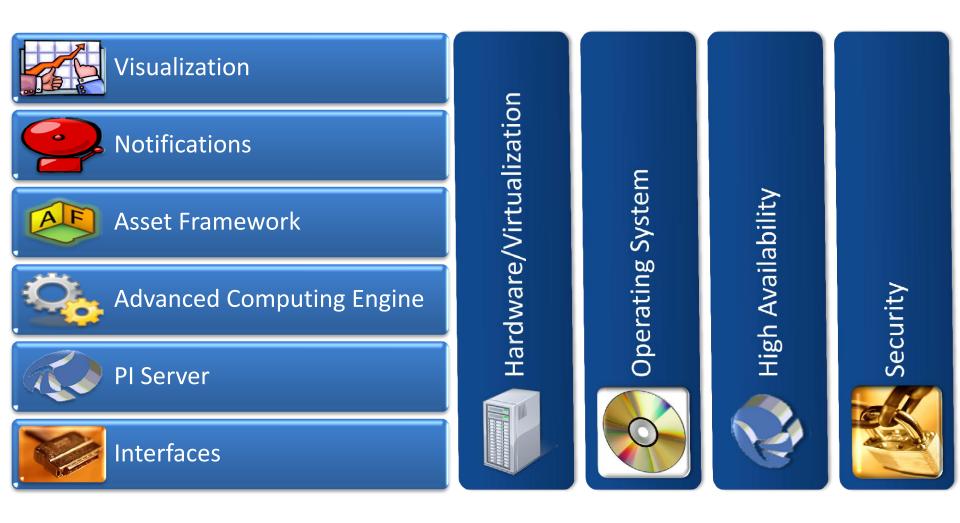


Architecture and Best Practices: Recommendations for PI Systems

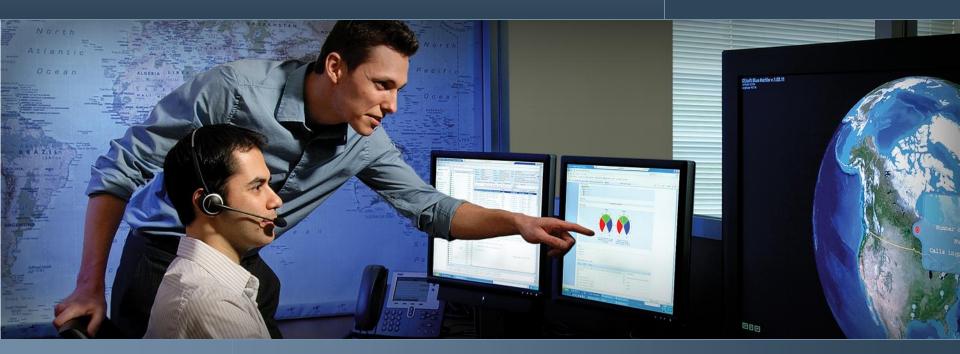
Glenn Moffett Product Management OSIsoft, LLC

Areas of discussion & Topics Outline







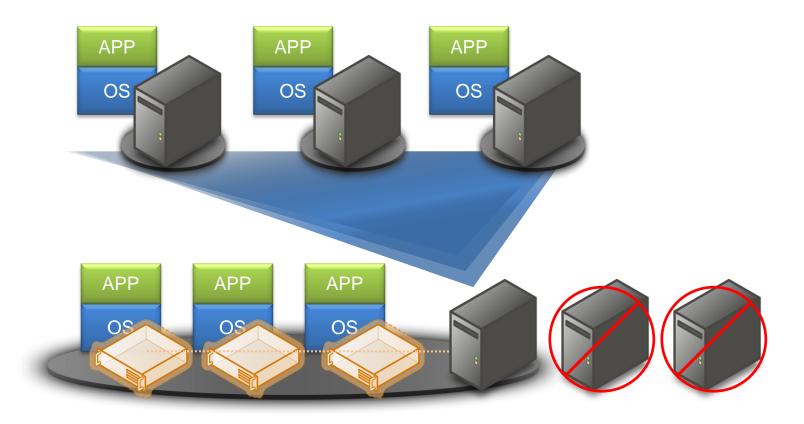


Hardware and Virtualization

Hardware Virtualization



Overview



Operating System Virtualization

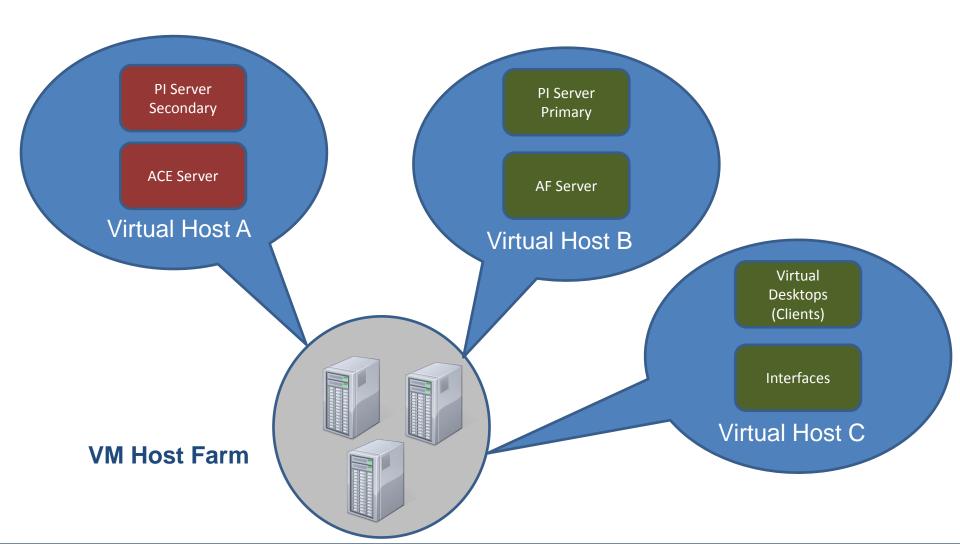


- Why are OSIsoft customers using Virtualization?
 - Server consolidation
 - Improved availability and provisioning

- OSIsoft supports virtualization
 - OSIsoft Knowledge Base article 3062OSI8
 - Consider shared resources implications

Virtualized PI





Operating System Virtualization*



Best practices

- Treat virtual machines as if they were physical machines
- Invest in Enterprise-level hardware and software
- Do not mix virtual and physical on the same host
- Use qualified Virtualization support personnel
- Test on the target platform
- * OSIsoft Center of Excellence

Application Virtualization

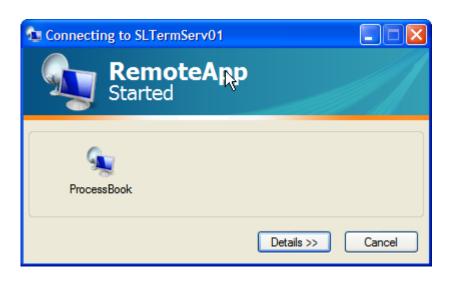


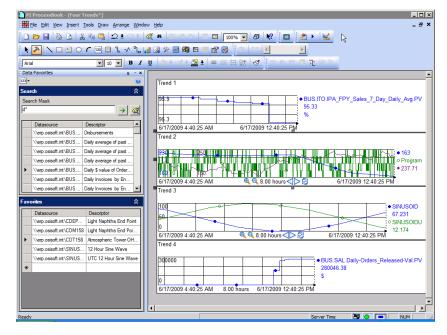
Overview

- Applications centrally installed and managed
- Users are remote

OSIsoft customers are successfully using Microsoft and

Citrix virtualization products





64 Operating Systems



Overview

- Why 64-bit?
 - Access to larger memory footprint
 - Reduce limitation to applications
 - PI ACE contexts was limited due to 32 bit

PI System 64 bit operating system support



Several products support native 64-bit operation



Examples: PI Server, PI WebParts, Asset Framework

- Windows compatibility layer enables 32-bit programs to run on 64-bit
 - Example: Interfaces, PI ACE

- Future product releases will support native 64 bit
 - · PI ACE, PI Notifications

64-bit Application Support - Exceptions



- Certain components work only with 32-bit versions of applications
- PI System Add-ins for Microsoft Excel
- DataLink for Excel
- RDBMS interface and 64-bit drivers
- PI ActiveView & PI Graphic (SVG) require
 32-bit Internet Explorer

PI System 64 bit operating system support



Best practices

- Verify support
 - Release Notes
 - Technical support
- Scenarios to watch out for
 - Applications that are plug-ins or run by another application
 - Microsoft Internet Information Server
 - Office 2010
 - Where 3rd party libraries (dlls) need to run with another application
 - RDBMS interface





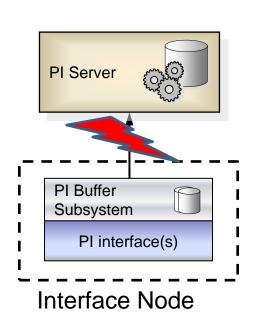
PI Interface Buffering and Failover

Interface Buffering



Overview

- Ability of interface node(s) to store data in the event of disconnection from PI Server(s)
- Goal: Minimize data loss
- Two flavors
 - PI Buffer Subsystem
 - PI Bufserv

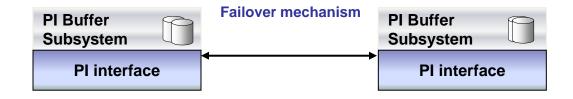


Interface Failover



Overview

- Support failure of data collection
- Goal: Minimize data loss
- Synchronization is with the data source or
- Synchronization is between the interfaces



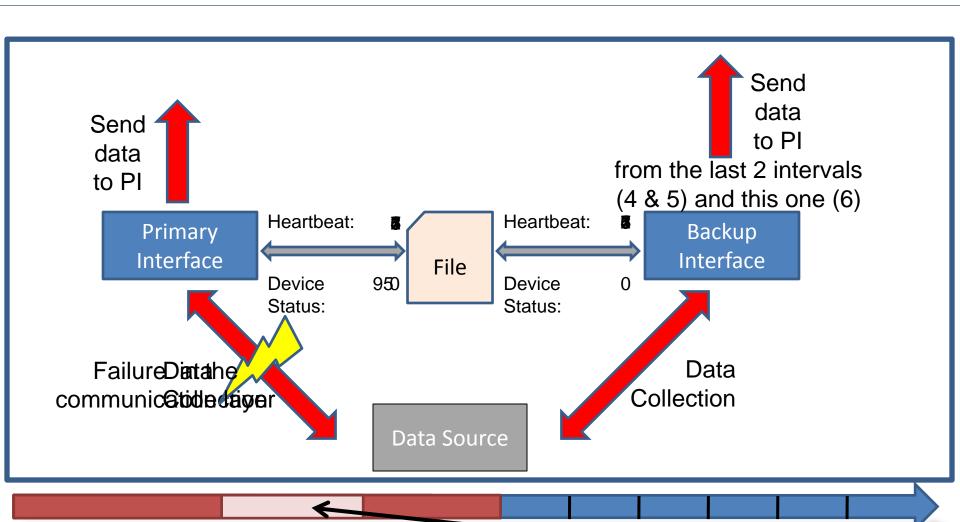
Interface Failover



- Interfaces "watch" each other's Heartbeat and Status
- Failover Types
 - Hot = No data loss
 - Warm = Maybe data loss
 - Cold = Some data lost
 (Hint: minimize data loss by using disconnected startup)

Interface failover - Hot





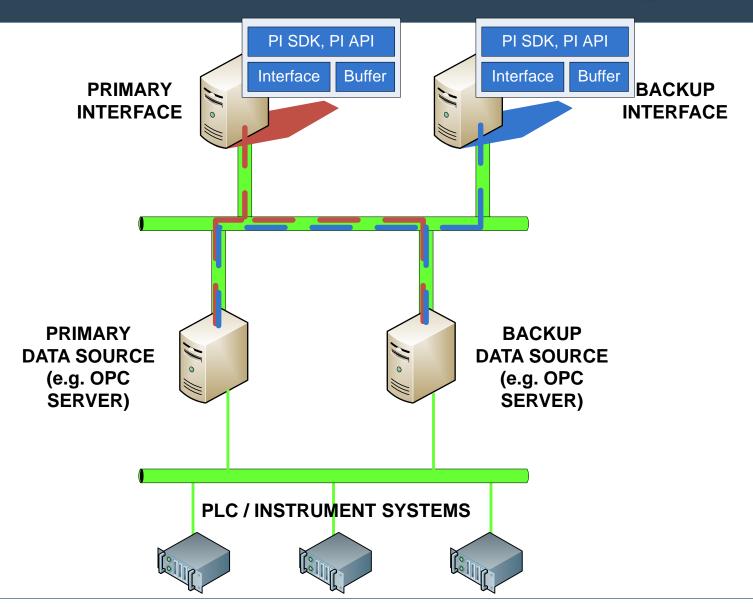
Possible overlap of data

during intervals 4 and 5

Timeline: 35 (interval)

OPC Server Failover and Interface Failover





PI Interfaces



Best practices

- Configure Buffering
 - PI Buffer Subsystem
- Consider implementing failover support
- Disconnected start-up
- Create interface health points
- Do not authenticate to PI using piadmin





PI Server High Availability (PI HA)

PI Server High Availability (PI HA)

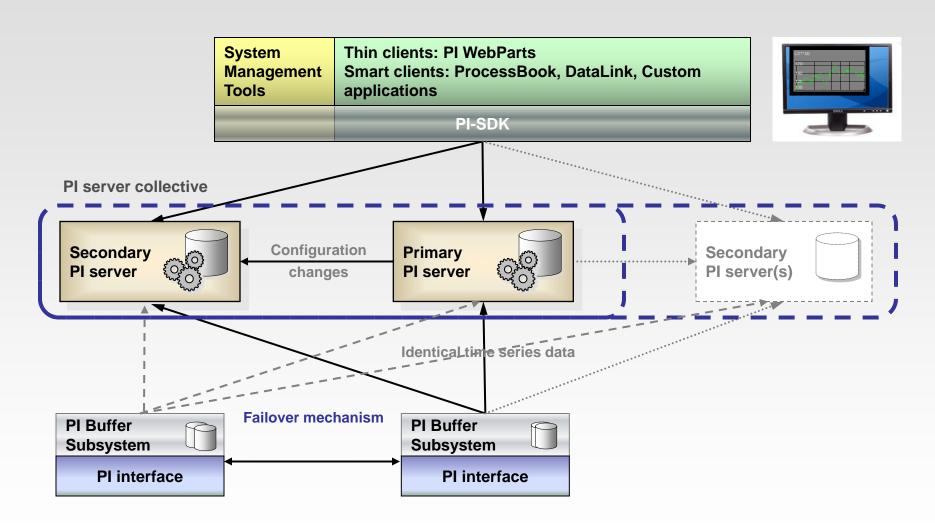


Overview

Redundancy with multiple PI Servers as one collective

Goal: Maximize data access for clients

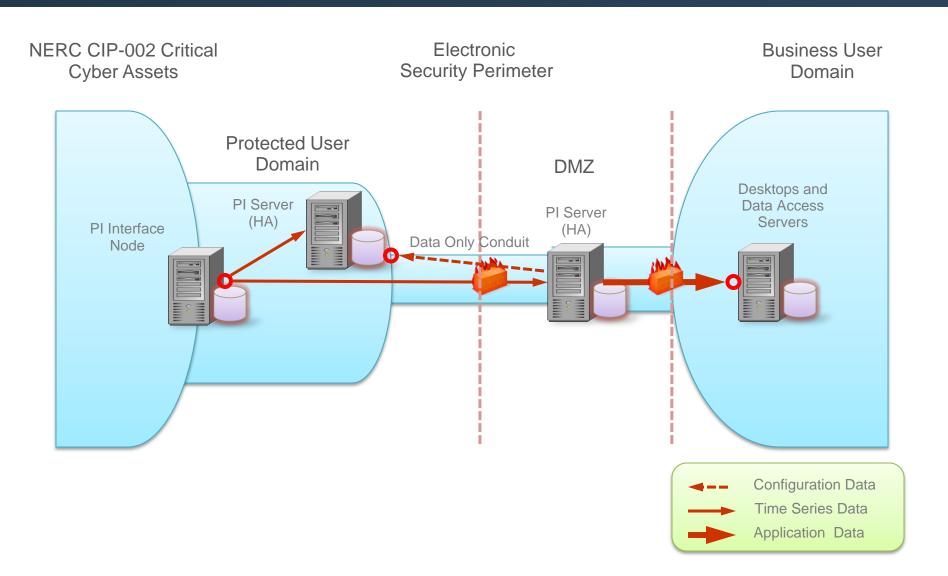
PI Server – High Availability Architecture





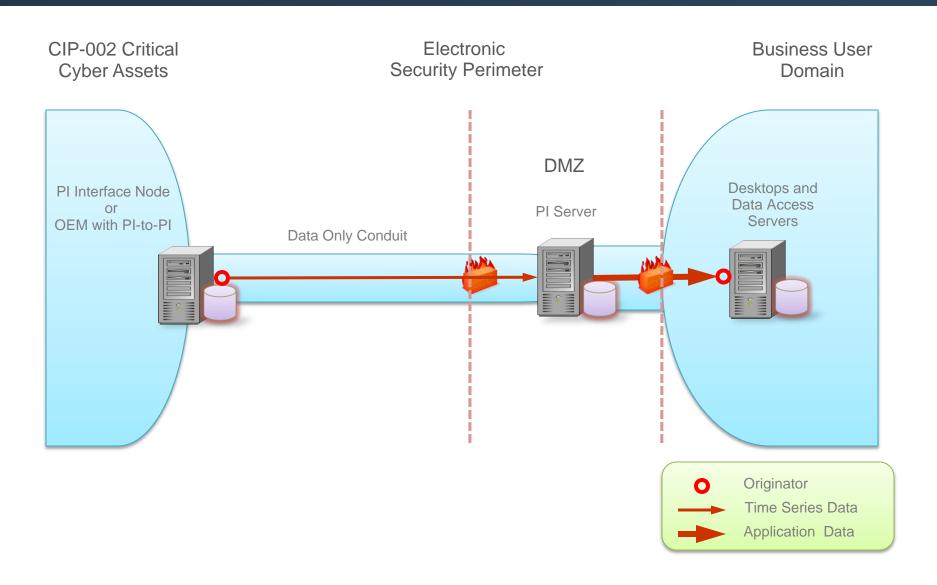
PI HA and security architecture





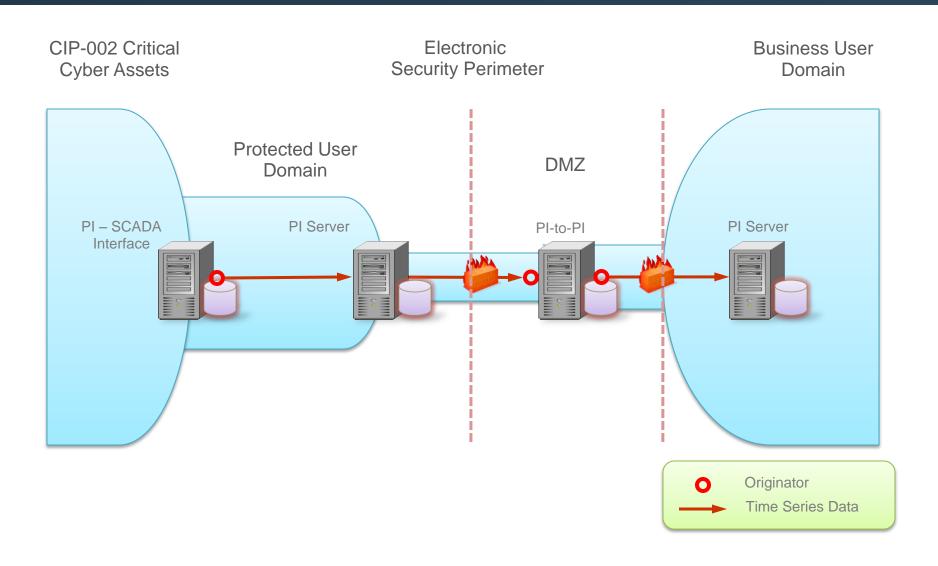
PI deployment across security zones





Replication of PI Server data





PI Server High Availability



Benefits

Maintain availability during scheduled maintenance

Redundancy of data

Locate PI Server member close to consumers of the data

Best practices

Implement PI Server High Availability





New PI Server Security Concepts

PI Server Security



Overview

 PI Server 3.4.380.36 (2009) introduced support for Windows Integrated Security

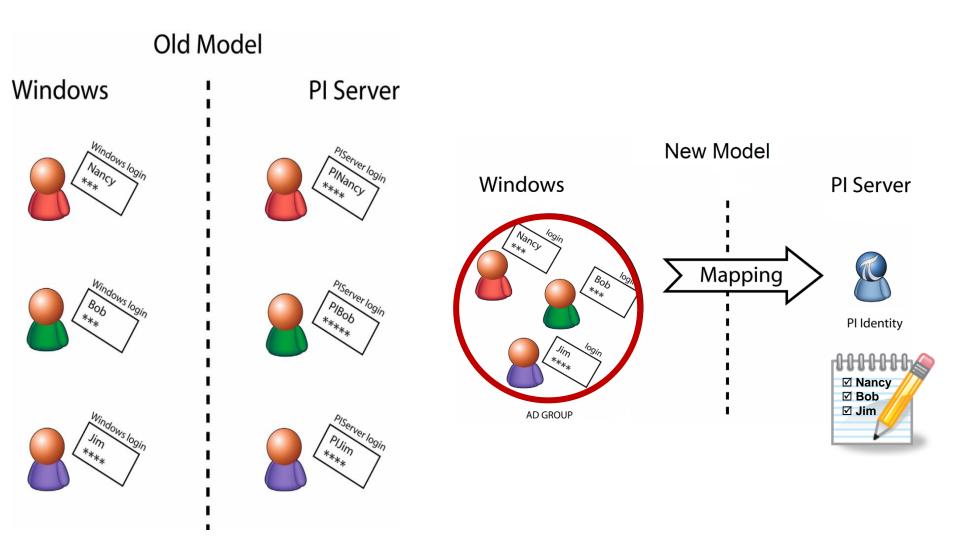
Microsoft Active Directory (AD) integration

Map AD users to PI Identities

- PI Identities are roles on the PI Server
 - PIOperators, PIEngineers, PISupervisor

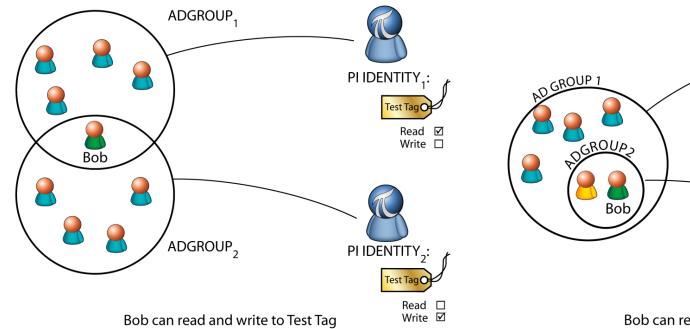
Comparing PI Users and PI Identities

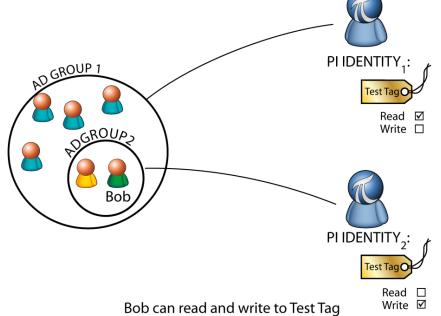




Mapping Windows users to PI Identities

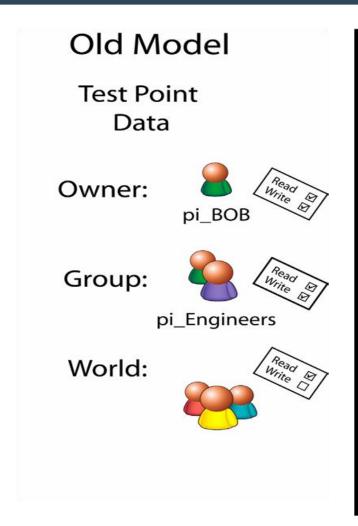


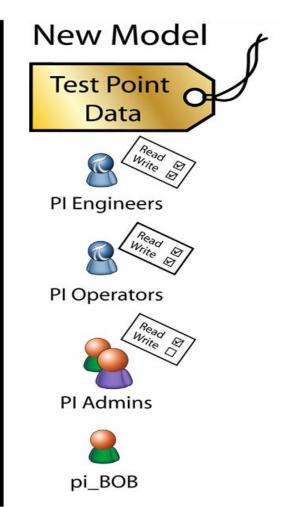




Authorization: Object Level Security Model







Automatic Backward Compatibility



Tag	dataaccess	datagroup	dataowner
sinusoid	o:rw g:rw w:r	pi_users	bob
Tag	datasecurity		
sinusoid	pi_users:A(r,w)	bob:A(r,w)	PIWorld:A(r)

Active Directory Integration



- PI Server must be a member of a domain to leverage Kerberos authentication
- Multiple AD domains must have trusts established or users and groups from other domain cannot be used
 - One-way trusts are supported: the server domain must trust the client domain
- For non-domain accounts, you can use Windows Local Groups from the PI Server machine
 - Passwords have to match for NTLM authentication

PI Identity Planning



Best practices

- Develop a PI Identity Scheme for your Organization
 - Protect your data
 - Ease of maintenance
 - Organizational separation
 - Standardize
- Consider Kerberos
 - Map AD principals directly
 - Map AD principals to local groups



How to Tighten Security



Best practices

- 1. Use the new Security Tool to help secure your PI Server
- 2. Disable or protect the PIADMIN account
- 3. Disable PI password authentication (Explicit Logins)
- 4. Secure piconfig by forcing login
- 5. Retire PI SDK-based Trusts
- 6. Use Windows Integrated Security



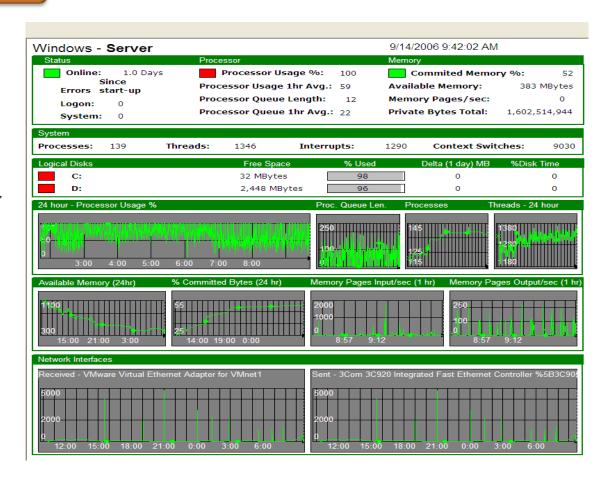
PI Server



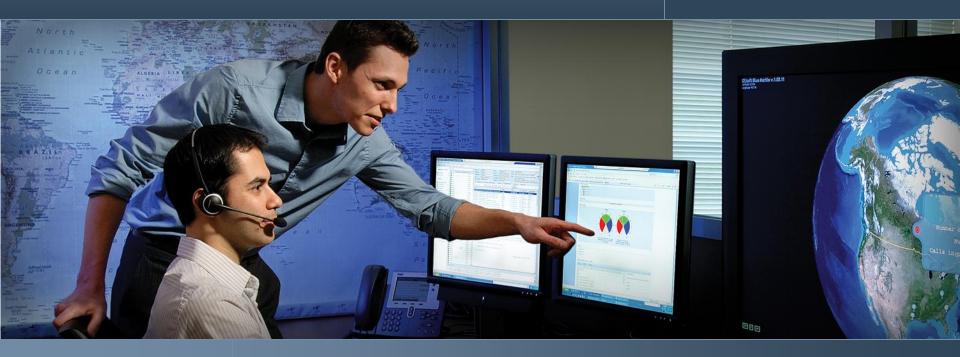
Best practices

- Security
- Monitoring!
 - MCN Health Monitor
- Archives

Backups







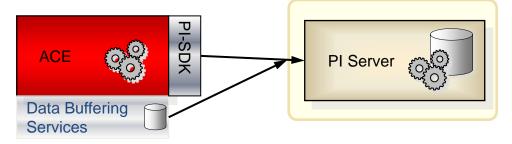
PI Advanced Computing Engine

PI Advanced Computing Engine



Overview

- Develop calculations in Microsoft Visual Studio
- Wizards assist configuration
- High availability



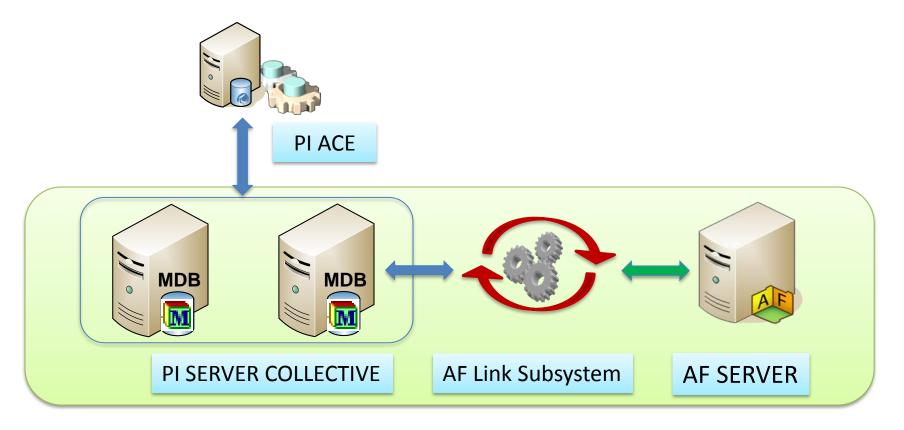
Best practices

- Configure buffering
- Error handling
- Performance Counters

Module database and Asset Framework



ACE uses the Module Database (MDB) for configuration and calculation metadata







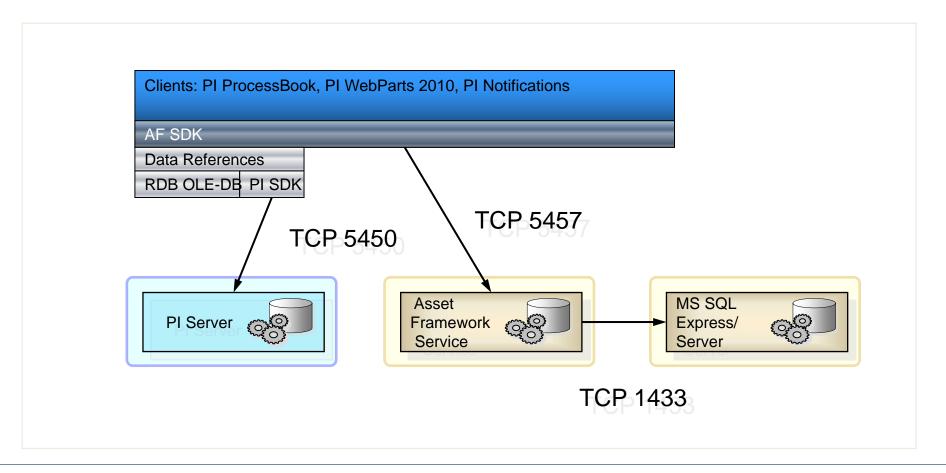
PI Asset Framework and PI Notifications

PI Asset Framework



Overview

Organize PI Server data and metadata by asset

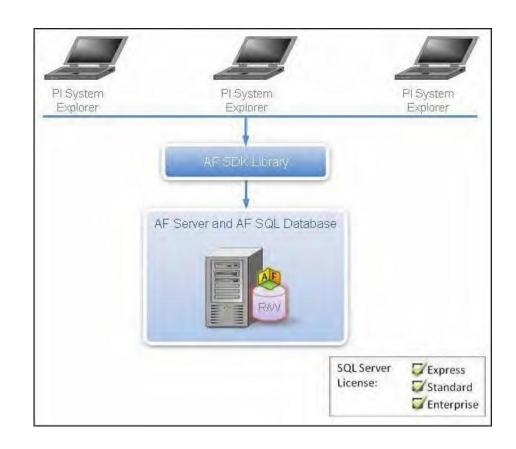


PI Asset Framework - Components



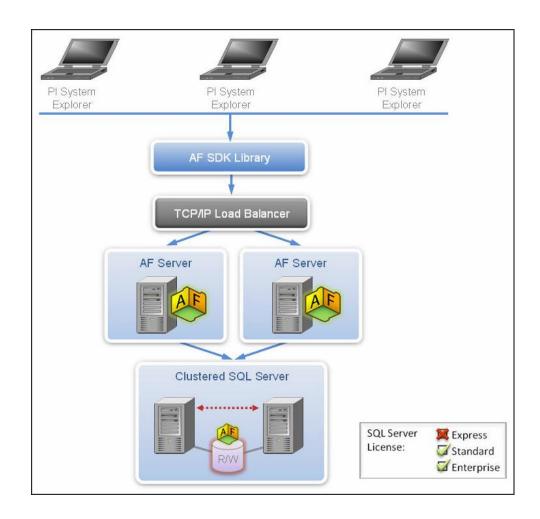
Two key components

- AF Server
- SQL Server database
- SQL Server
 - Express, Standard
 - Cluster or Mirror
- AF Server
 - Behind a load balancer
 - AFSDK Collective



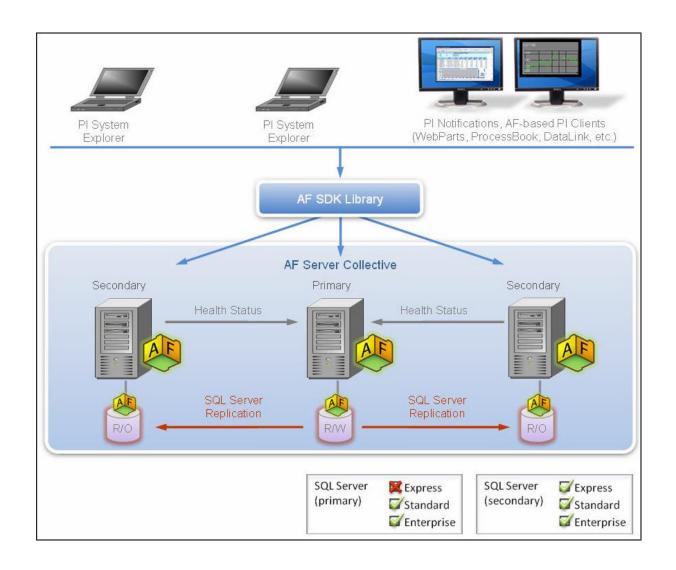
PI Asset Framework - High Availability





PI AF - AFSDK High Availability





PI Asset Framework



Best practices

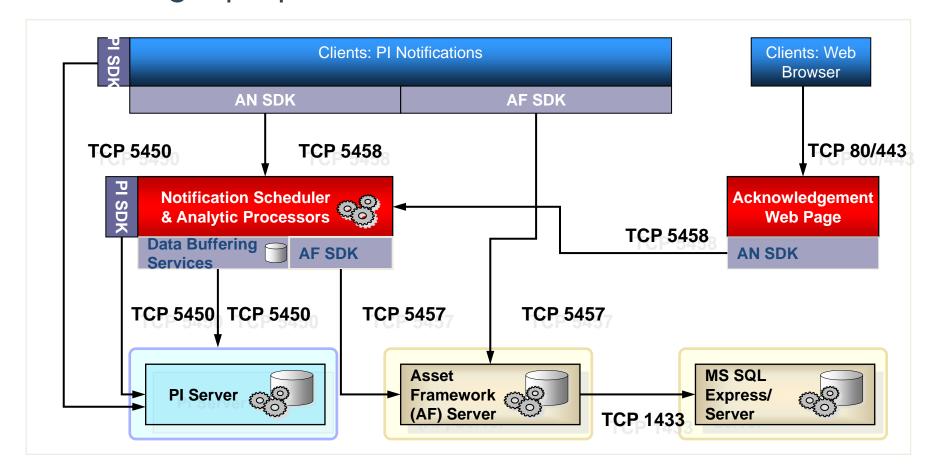
- Backups!
- Monitor SQL Server with MCN Health Monitor
- Do not run the SQL Server database engine as LOCALSYSTEM, admin, or domain admin.
- DO NOT RUN the AF Server with SysAdmin privilege (don't use SA account, LOCALSYSTEM, or admin)
- Minor: for AF Table, disable AF2.0 compatibility, enable impersonation

PI Notifications



Overview

Let the right people know when a critical event occurs



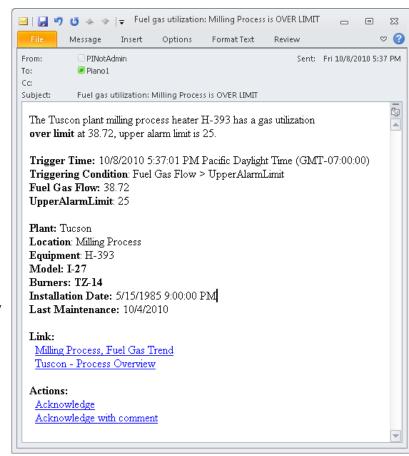
PI Notifications



Best practices

- Configure buffering
- Performance Counters

Configure redundant scheduler



More Information



Whitepapers and Tech Support bulletins on OSIsoft web site

- User Manuals
 - PI Server 2010 Configuring Security
 - Asset Framework 2010 User's Guide

- OSIsoft vCampus Online community
 - Forums, Whitepapers, Webinars



Thank you

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