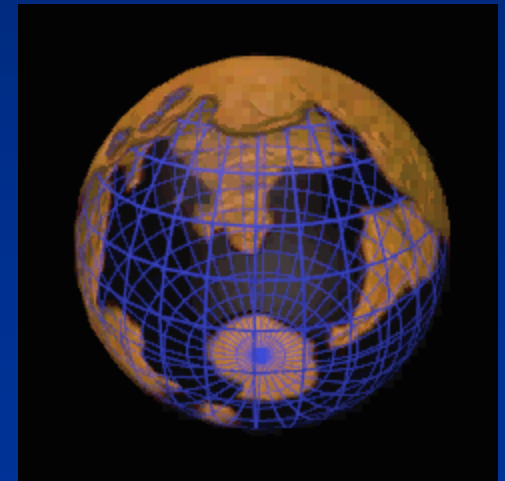




2002
OSISOFT USERS CONFERENCE
MONTEREY CALIFORNIA
MARCH 10-13 2002

KISSing your way to decreasing batch cycle time

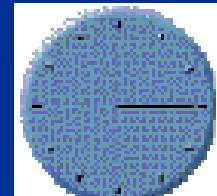


You have a goal in your job ...



The Assertion

- *The Goal* by Dr. Eliyahu Goldratt
 - Increasing throughput is essential to growing profitability in the manufacturing environment
 - Identify the bottleneck(s) in your process
 - Focus on getting more production within the existing capacity



Visual Example - multi-step batching sequence



IDLE

READY TO FILL

FILL

HEAT

DWELL

READY TO DISCHARGE

DISCHARGE

IDLE

READY TO FILL

FILL

HEAT

DWELL

READY TO DISCHARGE

DISCHARGE

IDLE

READY TO FILL

FILL

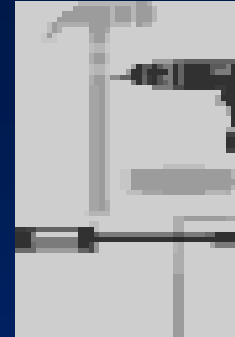
HEAT

DWELL

READY TO DISCHARGE

DISCHARGE

Four Tools to:

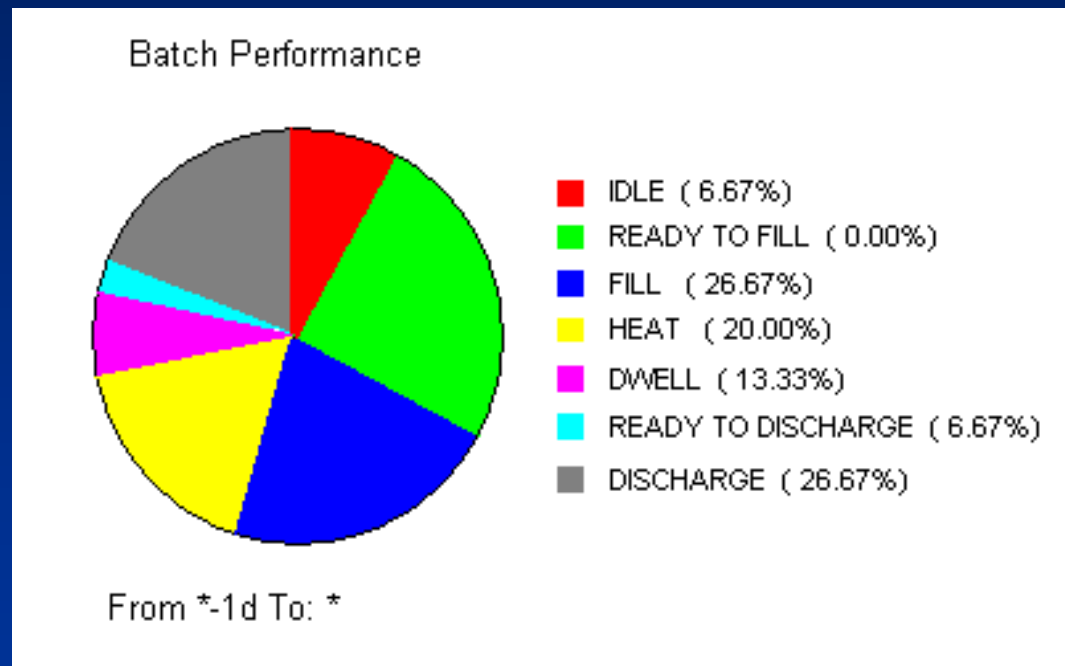


- Help analyze your processes and process units
- Provide insight into where you should be focusing your de-bottlenecking efforts



#1 - Digital State "PI" Chart

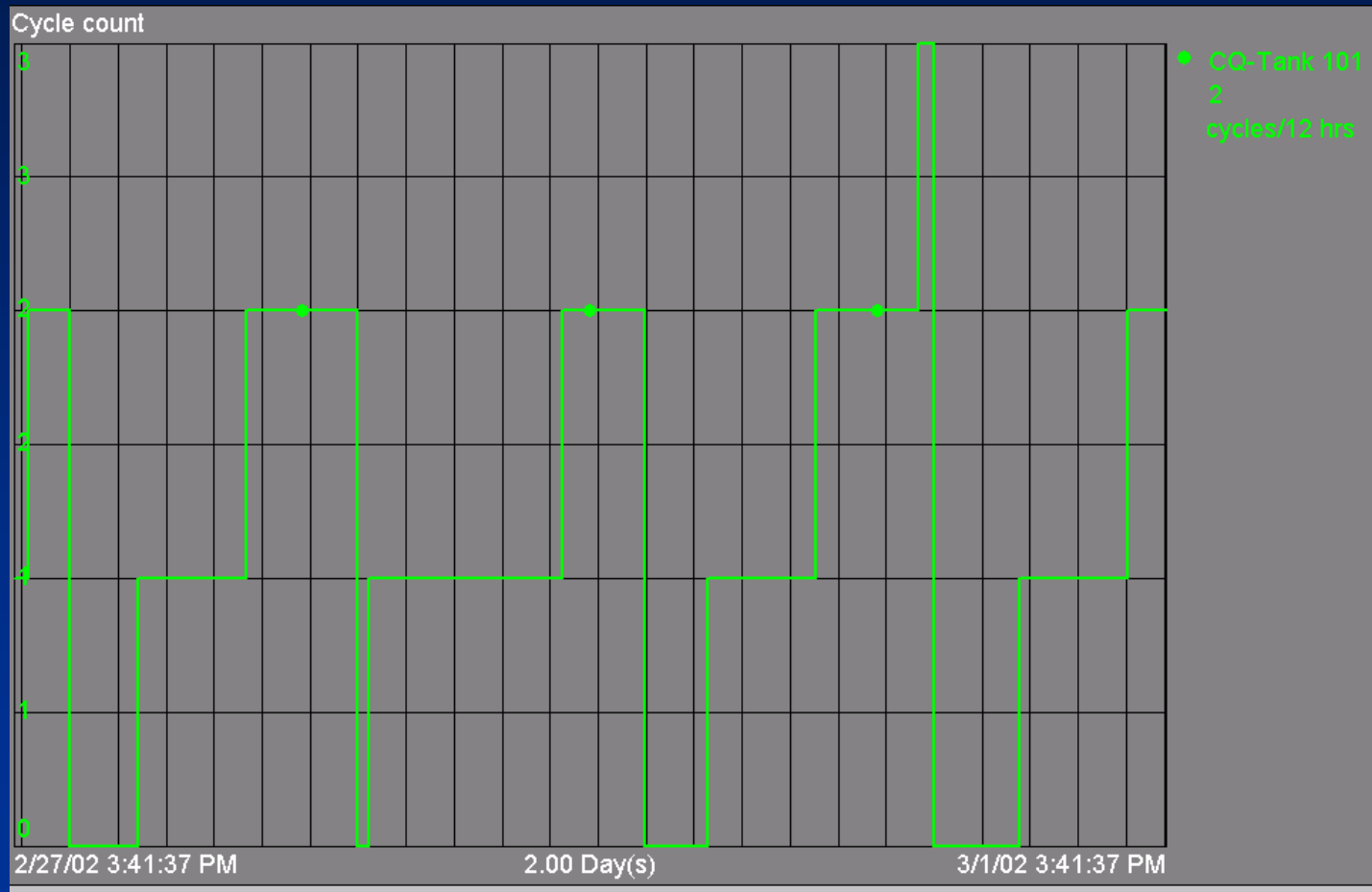
- Active-X control - Available on OSI Developers Network web pages



#2 - Totalizers: Cycle Counts



e.g. CQ-Tank 101 (counts when = "READY TO DISCHARGE")



#2 - Totalizers: Cycle Counts

- Use three tags to accomplish this:

1. Use a digital 'Source' tag with multiple states.

e.g. Tank 101: undefined, IDLE, READY TO FILL, HEAT, DWELL, etc.

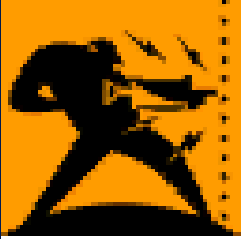
2. Use a two-state 'reset' tag

e.g. 12 hr shift trigger: 0 or 1

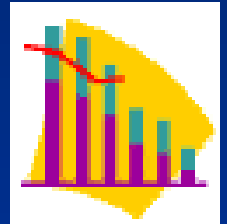
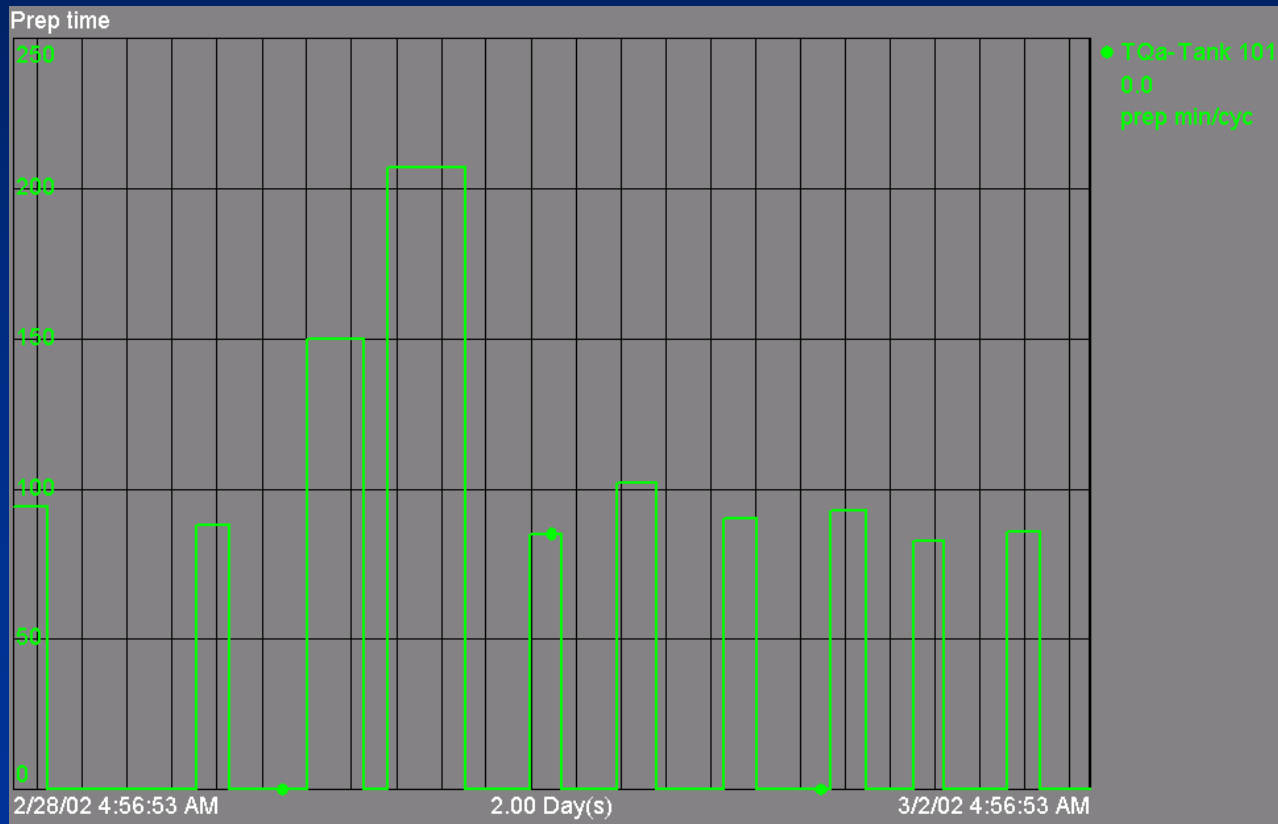
3. Create the totalizer tag that counts cycles



#3 - Totalizers: Record time while tag <="state X"



- Report how long unit takes to get to "Ready to Discharge" state





#4 - Datalink w/batch query

- Statistical data on your batch state times
- Deliverables:
 - Listing of all selected state times for multiple batches.
 - Average, Max, Min, and Median state times for multiple batches

#4 - Datalink w/batch query

Microsoft Excel - Datalink wQuery spreadsheet uc2002.xls

Microsoft Excel - Datalink wQuery spreadsheet uc2002.xls														
File Edit View Insert Format Tools Data Window PI PI-SMT Help														
Arial 9 B I U \$ % , .00 .00 97%														
D58														
Name Box	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M		
1				Average -->	3:18:12	10.0	18.7	10.9	38.1	21.9	98.6	176.3		
2				Maximum -->	3:26:45	10.2	18.8	12.5	38.2	25.2	110.3	186.4		
3				Minimum -->	3:04:50	9.8	18.7	9.5	38.0	16.7	83.3	160.8		
4				Median -->	3:23:00	10.0	18.7	10.7	38.1	24.0	102.1	181.6		
5														
6						Delta time	IDLE	READY TO FILL	FILL	HEAT	DWELL	READY TO DISCHARGE	DISCHARGE	prep
7	BatchID	Unit	Product	Start time	End time	hh:mm:ss	(min)	(min)	(min)	(min)	(min)	(min)	(min)	(min)
8	906103	TK101-UNT	44310	06-Sep-01 11:28:49	06-Sep-01 14:33:39	3:04:50	10.2	18.7	10.7	38.0	24.0	83.3	160.8	
9	906102	TK102-UNT	44310	06-Sep-01 10:09:49	06-Sep-01 13:36:34	3:26:45	10.0	18.8	12.5	38.2	25.2	102.1	181.6	
10	906102	TK103-UNT	44310	06-Sep-01 09:09:34	06-Sep-01 12:32:34	3:23:00	9.8	18.7	9.5	38.1	16.7	110.3	186.4	
11														
12														
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15														
16														
17														
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19														
20														

=PITimeFilter(P8,\$D8,\$E8,\$O8,"minutes",0,)

where:

P8 points to cell reference expression -> TK101="IDLE"

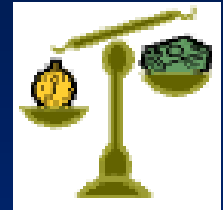
\$D8 points to cell reference for Start Time

\$E8 points to cell reference for End Time

\$O8 points to cell reference expression -> Delta time * 24

Summary

- Reducing batch cycle time increases your company's *Return on Assets*.



- VB programming proficiency isn't necessary to increase your *Return on Investment*.



- A **Keep-It-Simple-Stupid** approach can deliver significant "bang-for-the-buck"



