Directory Services and Your Enterprise RtPM

Presented by:
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Abstract

- → Your company is rolling out Active Directory (AD), Novell Directory Services (NDS) or SunOne Directory Service or IBM SecureWay Directory.
 - What are directory services? What is AD and NDS? How do directory services fit with your PI Server and Portal infrastructure?
 - → These are the types of questions that John will cover as he outlines Directory Services and what role they play in moving your PI Server to an Enterprise Level RtPM Infrastructure.

→ DISCLAIMER:

→ This talk is designed to be a primer, there will be some OSIsoft specifics for what is today. Also there will be some forward looking, non- OSIsoft endorsed ideas that will be used as examples.



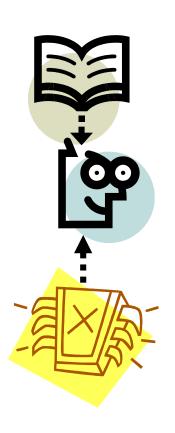
Agenda

- **→** Directory Services
 - General Overview
 - Uses
 - Examples
- **→ LDAP**
 - → History
 - → Use
- **→ PI and Security A few notes**
- → RtPortal and Directory Services
 - SPS Overview
 - RtPortal Issues
- → Q/A & Resources



Directories

- **→ Non-electronic Directories**
 - → Phone Book
 - → Healthcare Providers
 - → Parts Catalog
- **→ Electronic Directories**
 - Users
 - Web Sites (Yahoo List)
 - Printer Resources





Directory Service Attributes

- → Special Purpose Database Resource Lookup
- → Not Just a Normal Database, But Optimized
 - Write Few, Read Many Times
 - Often Contain Certain Types of Data
 - → Servers, Printers, File Systems, Applications, **Users, Profiles, Etc..**
 - Not Designed For Complex Queries
 - Hierarchically Organized
 - Standard Namespace
 - Remote Access LDAP

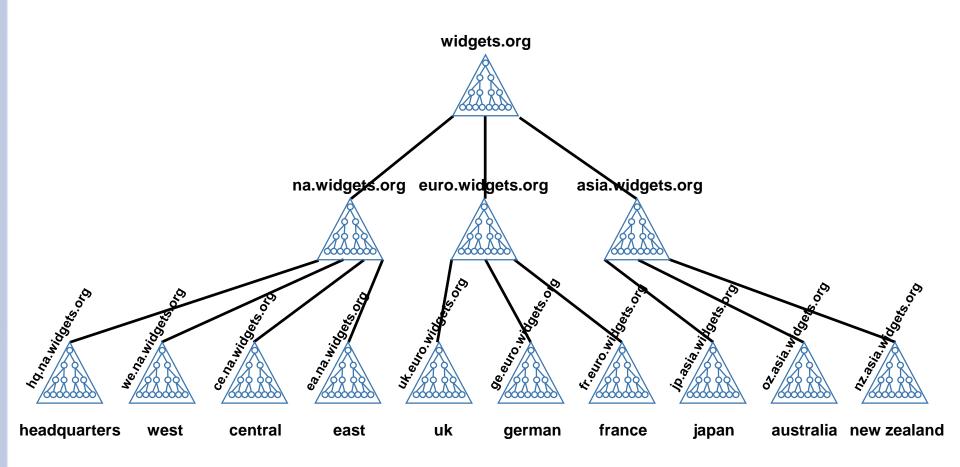


Drivers for a Directory

- **→ Single Unified Security**
 - → THE Security Service ("The C/S" Subsystem)
- **→** Single Source of Users
- **→** Single Source of Role Based Profiles
- → Authorization & Authentication
 - What & Who
- → Dynamic Indirection
 - → List Based Management eg. Mail Lists
 - Role Based Solutions
- → Costs
 - Multiple Create/Update/Delete Lists
 - **▶** No Need for Specific Security DBAs
- → Integration

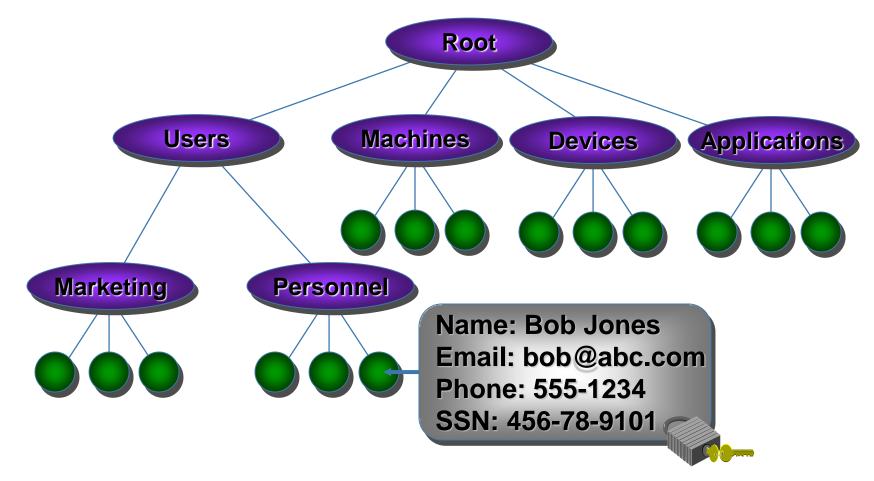


Domain Name System (DNS)





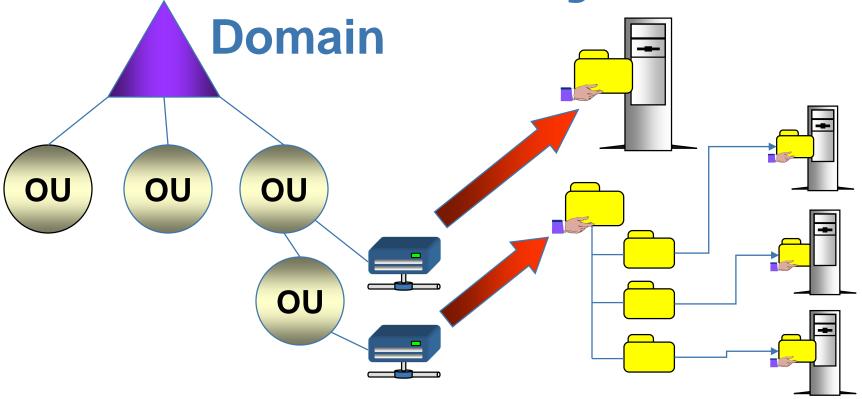
Directory Architecture





- Directory objects have attributes
- Object and attributes are protected by ACLs

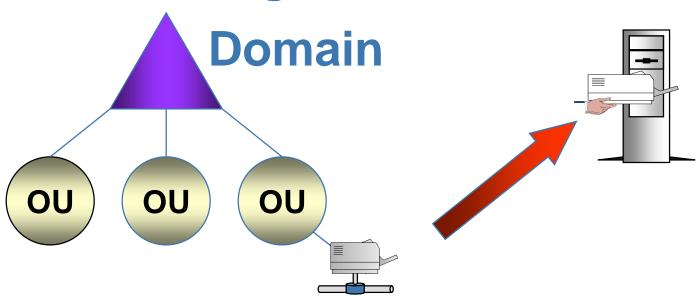
Shared Folder Objects



- → A shared folder directory object abstracts a shared folder or Dfs volume
 - A UNC path points to the resource



Printer Objects



- A printer directory object abstracts a shared printer
 - The printer object attributes include:
 - The printer's UNC path
 - Printer model and capabilities

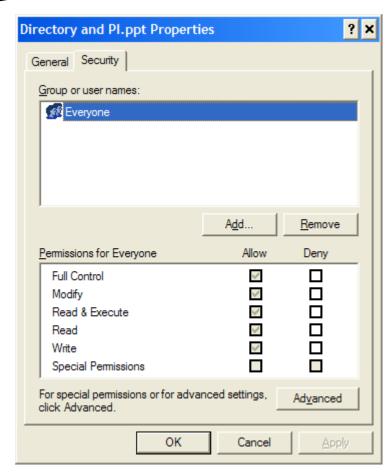


Object Access

Sales Managers
read access

Directory
Object

- Access to directory objects is controlled via Access Control Lists (ACLs)
- → Why is this important?

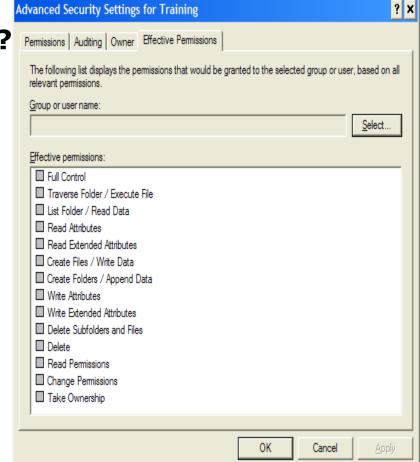




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ACLs

- **→** Access Control Lists
 - Access What can be done?
 - Control Who can do it?
 - Lists One to many
- Role Based or User Based
 - Any number of Groups
 - Groups, Groups of what?
 - → Roles, Users, Points, Etc.
- → Central Management
- Standard Management
- **→** SO?
 - Gets OSIsoft 'out of the business'





Example Object Classes

- → User
 - Given-Name, Address, Picture ...
- → Print-Queue
 - Print-Language, Print-Status ...
- **→** Computer
 - Operating-System ...
- Organizational-Unit
 - Organizational-Unit-Name ...
- → Forward Looking OSIsoft
 - Points, Point Classes, Digital States, Calculations, etc.



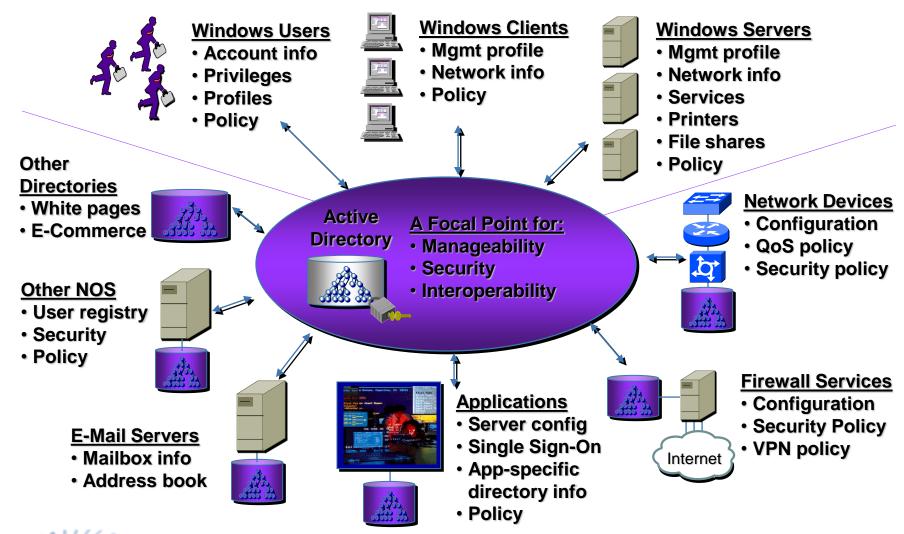
OSIsoft UC 2004

What is Active Directory?

- → Microsoft's Network Resource Platform
- Active Directory is an integral part of Windows 2000 Server that delivers essential network operating system services:
 - Focal point for management of network elements (users, applications, devices, etc.)
 - Trusted repository of security data for authentication and authorization
 - Open platform for application development and integration with other systems



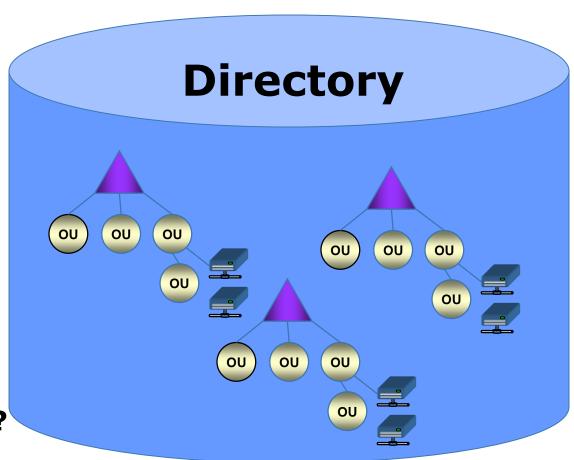
Windows 2000 Active Directory





Active Directory provides a focal point for management, security and interoperability

So Now We Have A Directory

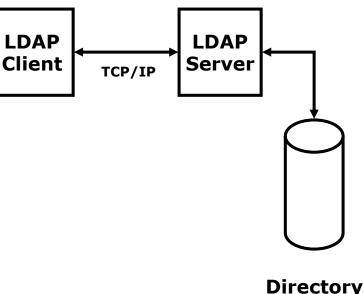






Directory Access - LDAP

- Open Standard, Originally Defacto by Major Network Players
 - → Came From X.500:
 - ▶ 1990 CCITT
 - → ISO 9594, Data Communications Network Directory, Recommendations X.500-X.521
 - → DAP, then add "L"
- → Lightweight Directory Access Protocol





LDAP 'Models'

- → Information
 - Describes the structure of information stored in an LDAP directory.
- → Naming
 - Describes how information in an LDAP directory is organized and identified.
- → Functional
 - Describes what operations can be performed on the information stored in an LDAP directory.
- **→** Security
 - → Describes how the information in an LDAP directory can be protected from unauthorized access.



PI Security Document

- 1. Overview
- 2. Computer System Security
 - 2.1 Physical Security
 - 2.2 File System
 - 2.3 Auditing
 - 2.4 User Database
- 3. PI Server Security
 - 3.1 Concepts
 - 3.2 Firewall Table
 - 3.3 Trust Table
 - 3.4 Users and Groups
 - 3.5 Backing Up the PI Server

- 4. Procedures
 - 4.1 Enabling Auditing
 - 4.2 Configuring the Windows Event Log
 - 4.3 Establishing Minimum Audit Settings
 - 4.4 Secure Boot Settings
 - 4.5 Password Management
 - 4.6 Requiring Login for Piconfig at the Console
 - 4.7 Disabling the PI Default User
 - 4.8 Users and Groups

<u>http://support.osisoft.com/PIServer/</u>
WhitePapers/PI Security Best Practices.doc







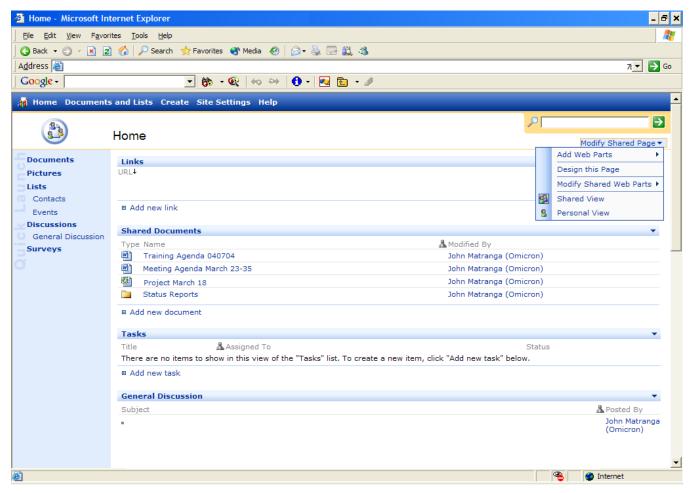
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Overview

- → RtWebParts Is Built Upon
 - Windows SharePoint Services
 - Windows Server 2003
 - **→ IIS**
- RtWebParts Fits In
 - Office SharePoint Portal Server 2003
 - → Windows Server 2003
 - **→ IIS**
- Windows Server 2003
 - File Access
 - User Authorization For Files & Resources
- **→ IIS**
 - Basic Authentication Over HTTPS
 - Windows Authentication Internal
- → AD for Roles etc
- → SPS Details
 - → AD Tree Import and Synchronization tree
 - Rules For Targeting



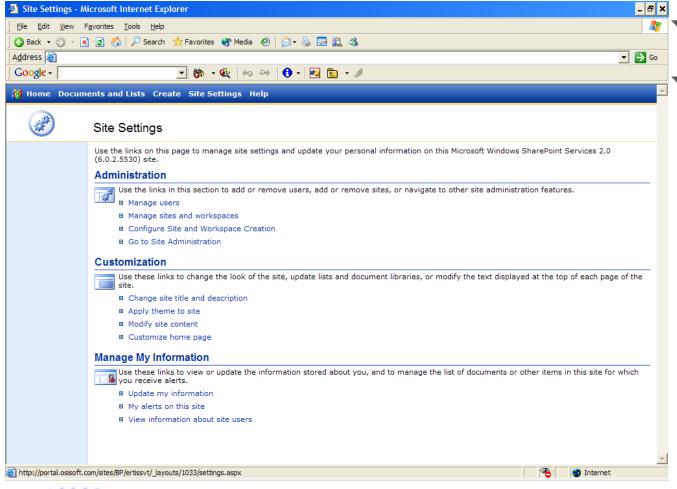
SPS Overview



- User or Role Based
- → Today
 - **→** File Dirs
 - → Files
- → Portal
 - → Sites/ Areas
 - Pages
- → Rights To Change Page
 - Design
 - Modify
 - Public View
 - PersonalView



SPS Site Settings

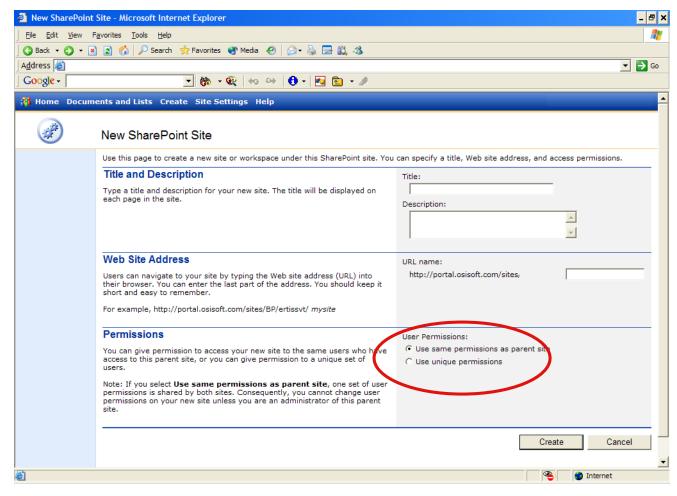


Users and ACL Rights Same As For Files



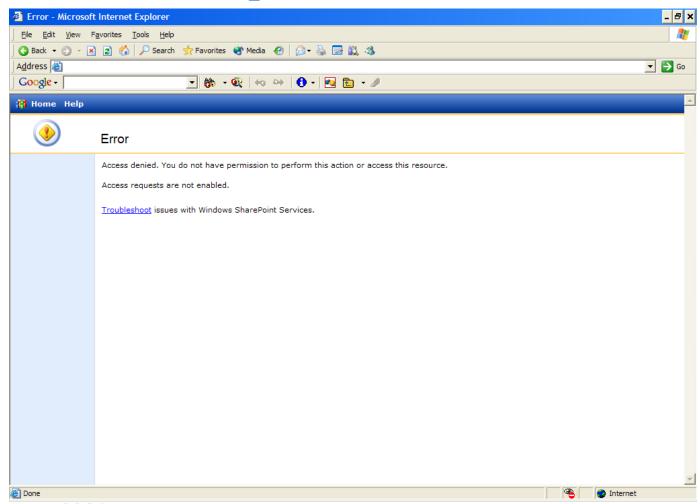
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New Site





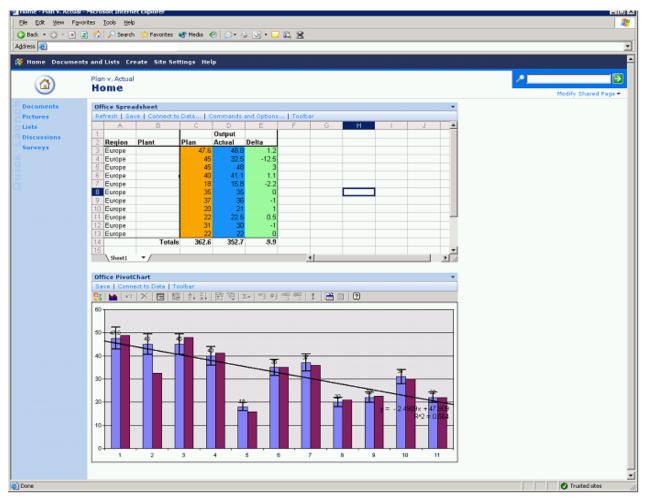
Security On The Security



→ As One Would Expect



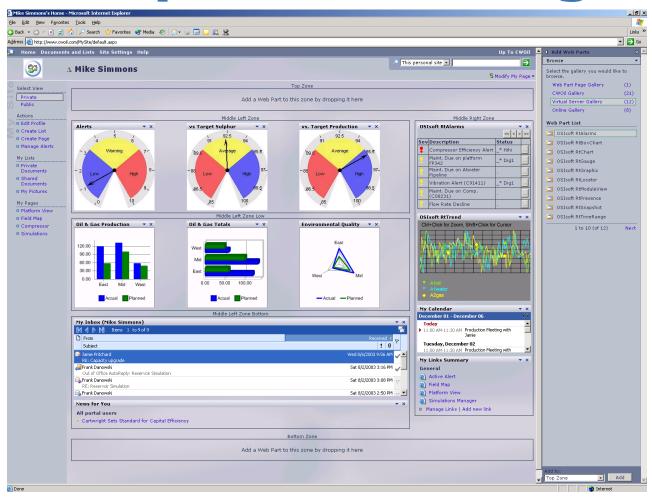
Excel Integration



- ★ Embed Actual Excel Spreadsheets Into The Portal
- → Have Excel Drive Other Items On The Page (Trend Below)
- → Allows For Direct, Secure Editing Of Spreadsheet (With Rights)
- → Can Be Used For What-if An Analysis



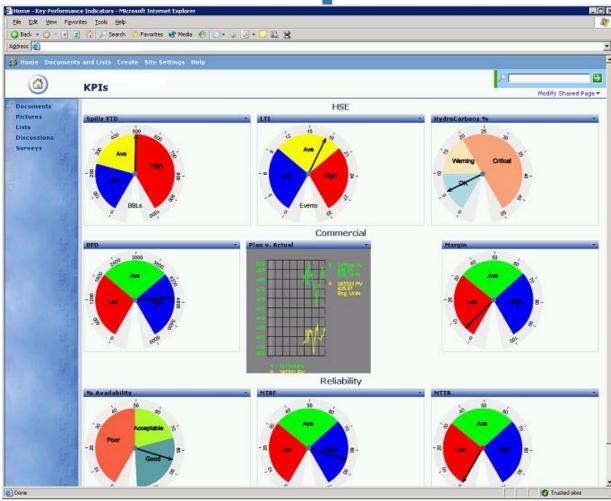
Sample Portal Page



- Personalized
- → Page Access
- → Resource Access
- → PI Data Access

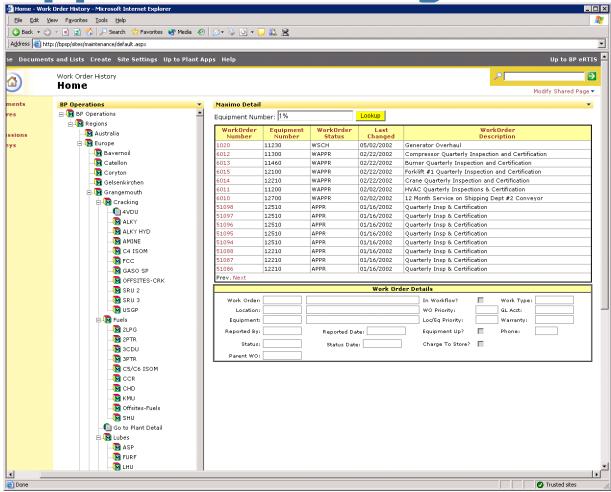


KPI Example



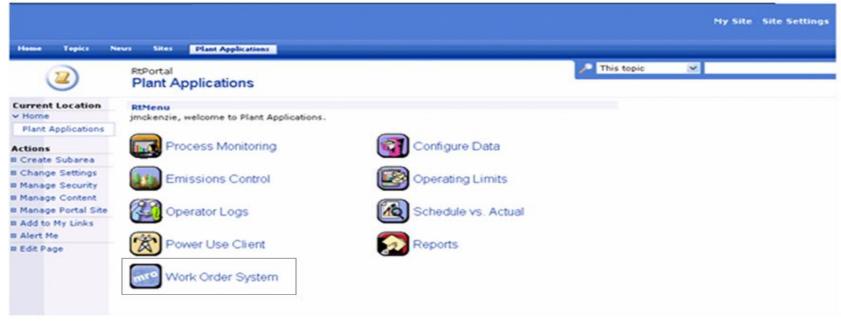
- → Parts Can Be Driven From PI, Relational, Web Services Sources Of Data
- → Can Keep User "ID" OR Share

Application Integration Example



- Data Access (User Context)
- → Custom WebParts Can Be Driven From The Portal

Applications Page



- **→ Integrated Security To THE Network Directory**
- → Plant Applications Menu See What You Get
- → Role Based Application Access
- → ADAM
- → No Need For Extra Administration



Questions and Information

- → John Matranga
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 - **215-854-3485**
 - jmatranga@omicron.com
- Other References
 - PI Security Whitepaper
 - http://support.osisoft.com/PIServer/ WhitePapers/PI Security Best Practices.doc
 - Microsoft
 - → http://www.microsoft.com/AD
 - LDAP (Open Standard, IBM Site for Good Overview)
 - http://www.redbooks.ibm.com/redbooks/SG244986.html
 - SharePoint
 - SharePoint Portal Server Administrator's Guide (Online)



