



Delivering Business Value from Digital Transformation

The Journey Continues with Advanced Analytics and Machine Learning

Presented by **Tibor Komróczki**



Delivering Business Value from Digital Transformation

- MOL Downstream Overview
- Perspective on Digital Transformation
- Delivering Business Value
- The Importance of the OT Infrastructure
- The Journey Continues- Advanced Analytics & Machine Learning:
 - Defining Advanced Analytics
 - Predicting Diesel Sulfur in Diesel Hydrotreater
 - Predicting & Optimizing Coke Yield & eliminate steam eruption in a DCU
- Closing Comments
- Q&A

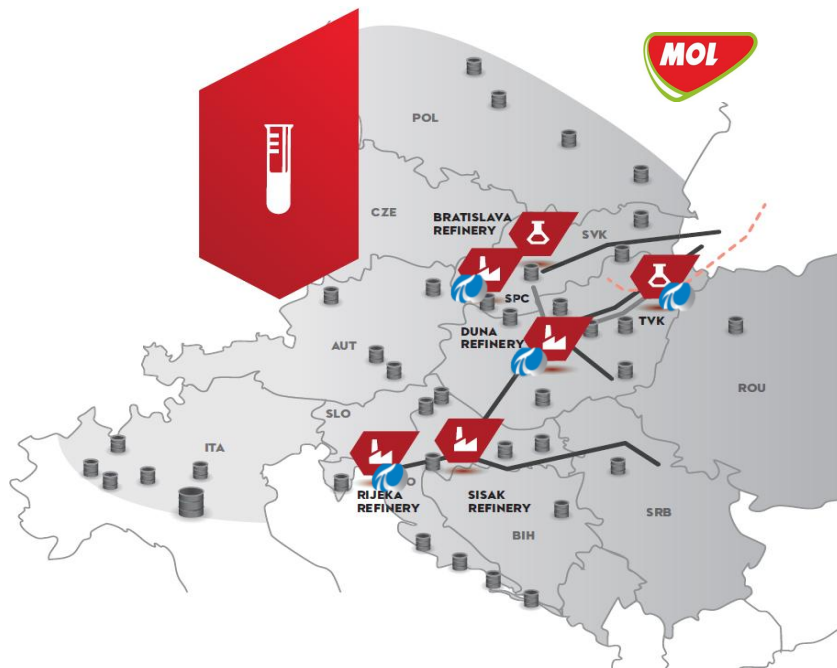




MOL Downstream at a Glance

An Integrated Downstream Fuels Value Chain

- Integrated Fuels Value Chain:
 - 4 refineries, 2 Petrochem plants
 - Logistics including 2,000 retail stations,
 - 8 brands, 13 countries
- PI System Overview:
 - 4 HA collectives, ~400K tags
 - Elements:
 - ~300 smart templates
 - ~21K elements
 - Notifications:
 - ~150K templates
 - ~6K notifications
 - ~61K event frames including dynamic
- PI Coresight is primary visualization tool
- Advanced Analytics and Microsoft Azure



MOL GROUP AWARDS

Petroleum Economist Award 2016 for Best Downstream Company of the Year

The Petroleum Economist Awards aim to celebrate the people, companies and projects which epitomize the best of the energy industry and to identify and reward examples of innovation and excellence.

In 2015 MOL Group's Downstream delivered its strongest ever performance with a Clean CCS EBITDA of USD 1.65bn alongside with strong free cash flow generation of more than USD 1bn.

The New Downstream Program (2012-2014), which targeted USD 500mn EBITDA was successfully complemented, MOL Group decided to react to further boost its profitability and competitiveness by launching the Next Downstream Program 2015-2017 (NxDSP).

The significant incremental improvement of the NxDSP may realize a 3 USD/bbl profitability boost by 2017.



FieldComm Group's Plant of the Year

FieldComm Group's Plant of the Year award is given annually to recognize the people, companies and plant sites around the world using the advanced capabilities of FOUNDATION Fieldbus, HART Communication and/or FDI technologies, IOT, IIOT, ML in real-time applications to improve operations, lower costs and increase availability.

This is a supplier and industry independent awards program.

To qualify, nominees must be able to supply documented examples of real-time integration of device diagnostics and multi-variable implementations with control, safety and plant information / asset management systems that have delivered significant benefits to the operation.





Perspectives on Digital Transformation

Triad of Digital Transformation

Enablement of Contextual Data Based
Decision Making & Management

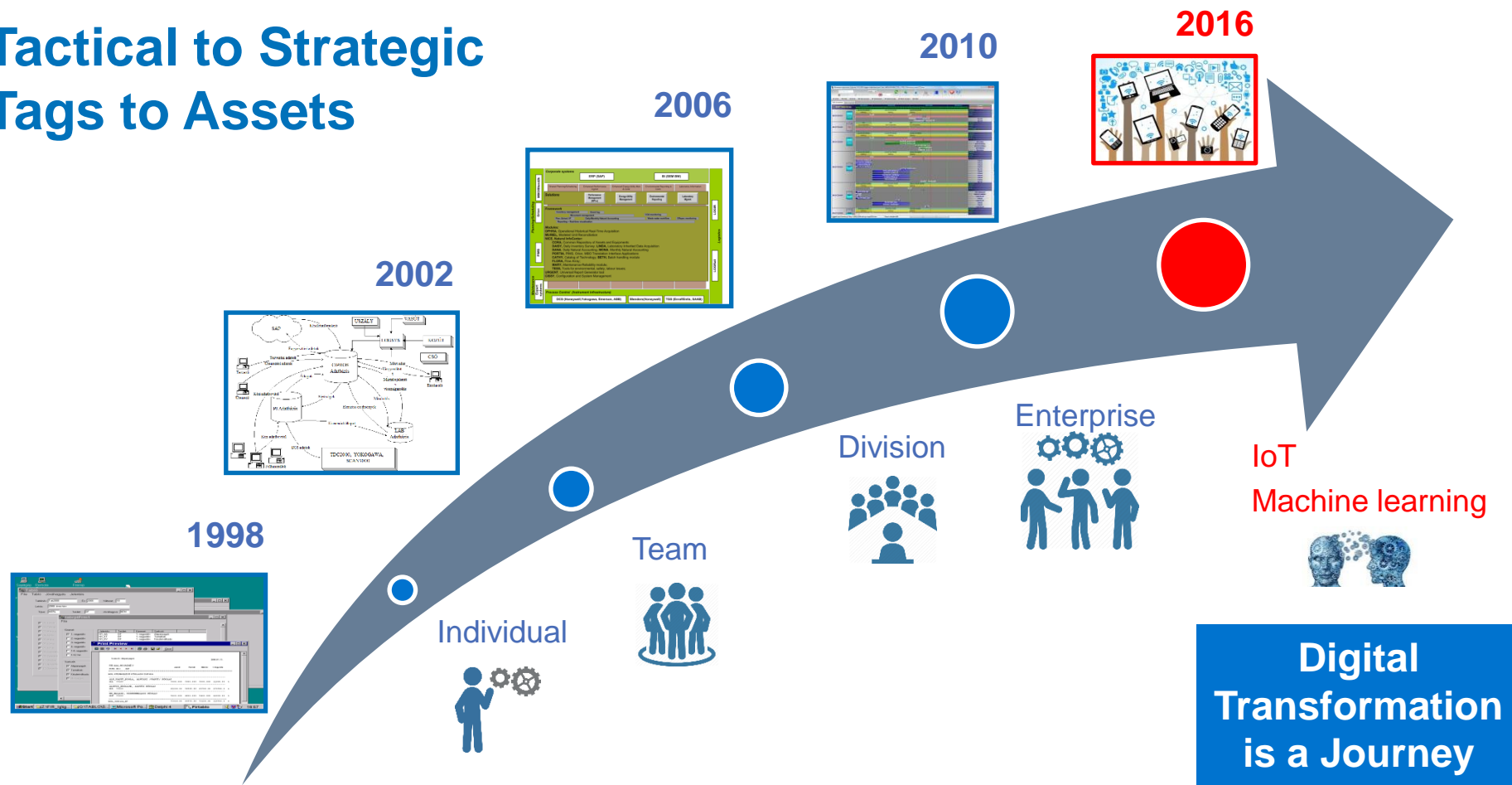


Improving skills
knowledge capture
changing paradigms about data
leading by example

Reengineering the workflow
around enhanced &
consistent data

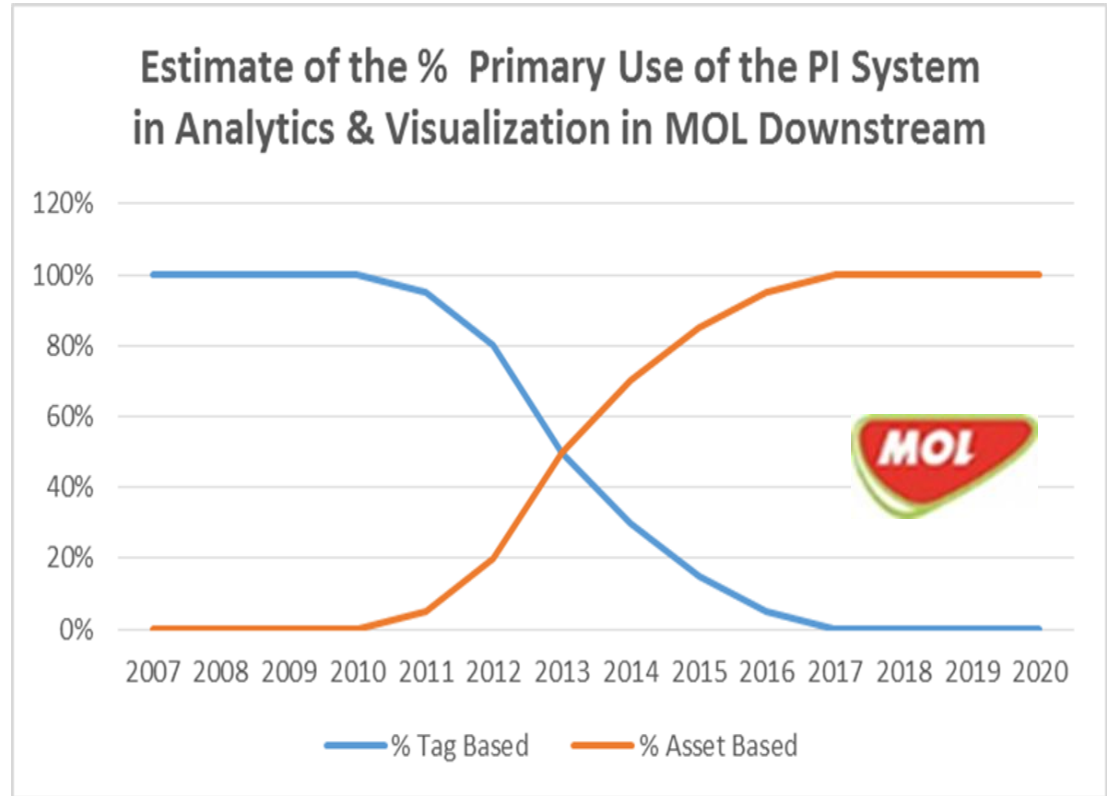
Revised roles/Responsibilities

Tactical to Strategic Tags to Assets



Moving to PI AF is a Vision and a Journey....."Just do It!"

- **Start PI AF with a key business initiative** and build, capability, momentum and awareness;
- **Market PI AF vision**, capability, and value to leadership with **alignment to strategic initiatives**;
- Leverage PI AF Jumpstarts, OSIsoft consultation, PI AF templates, SIs, etc. to **lower the barriers to PI AF use**;
- **Once PI AF critical mass** is achieved, adoption will accelerate and be seen as **transformative and strategic**;
- **MOL sees PI AF as enabling** to many PI System capabilities like PI Coresight, PI Connectors, Integrators, etc.;



Tactical Historian to Strategic Infrastructure Supporting Strategic Business Initiatives

Safety first (HSE,PSM)

New Downstream Program

NX DSP

INA
implementation
(2012)



Industrial
PI System
(2012/ Q2)

MOL
PI HA / PVS
(2014)

Logistics
implementation
(2016)



PI AF
(2010)

PI Coresight
2012 / Q1

MOL Petchem
implementation
(2014)



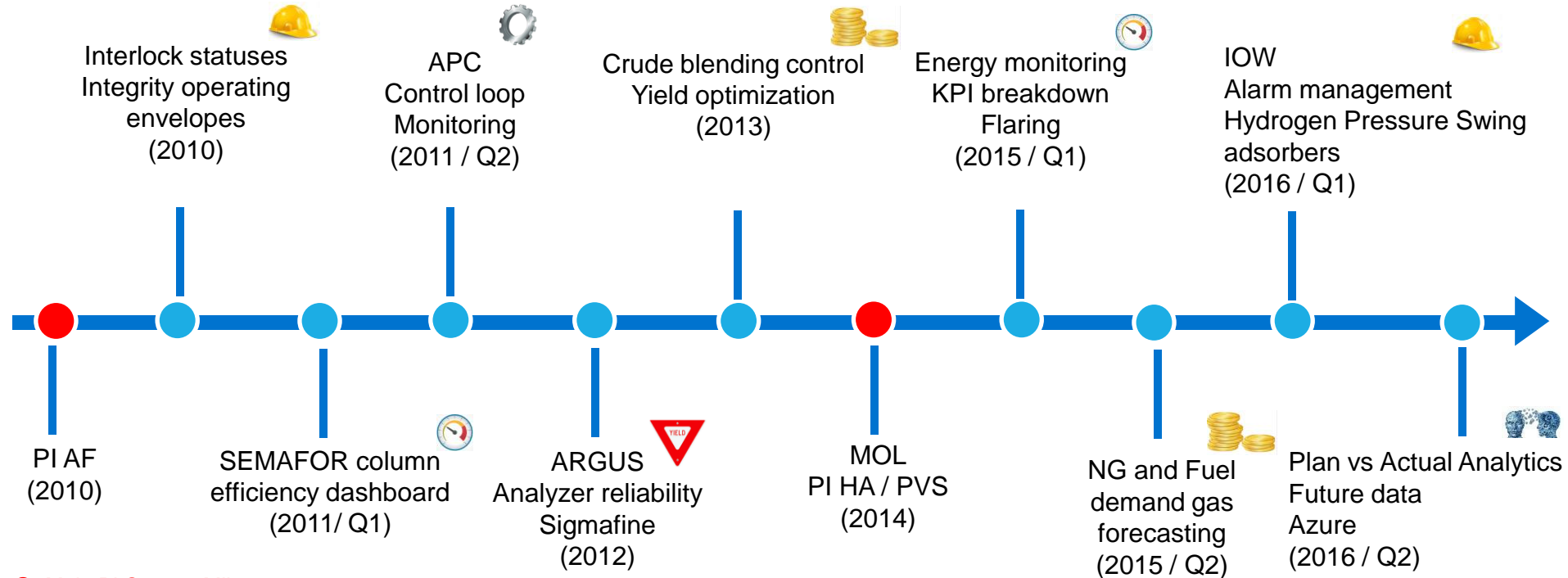
SN Upgrade
(2015)



PI System & Machine
learning
Integration
(2017)

● Main PI Milestones

Digital transformation with PI AF



● Main PI System Milestones



Delivering Strategic Business Value



Next Downstream Program Objectives/Goals

+ 2.5 % white product yield by 2017

- ▶ Increase conversion
- ▶ More efficient crude distillation



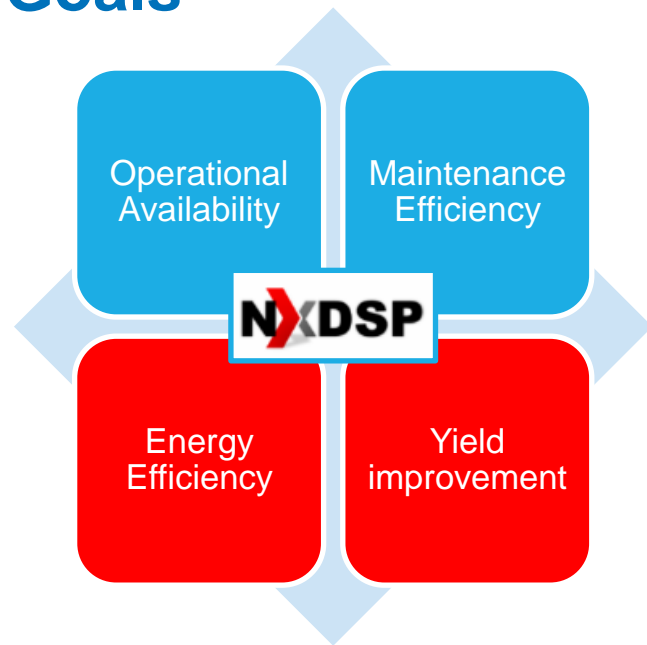
Adapt yields to volatile market trends

- ▶ Diesel / Mogas ratio from 2.4 to 2.8
- ▶ Motor fuels vs. Petchem products



Hydrocarbon Loss Management

- ▶ Flare gas recovery
- ▶ Slop reprocessing
- ▶ Regular Monitoring & Reporting



- 0,15 GJ/t Specific Energy Consumption

- ▶ Energy KPI Breakdown
- ▶ Energy monitoring System

Delivering Business Value: \$500M + \$500M = \$1B in 5 years

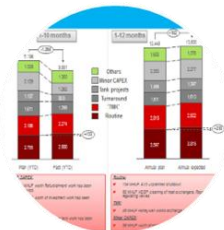
+ 1% Operational availability by 2017

- ▶ Optimize maintenance cost
- ▶ Asset Integrity and Process Safety Management



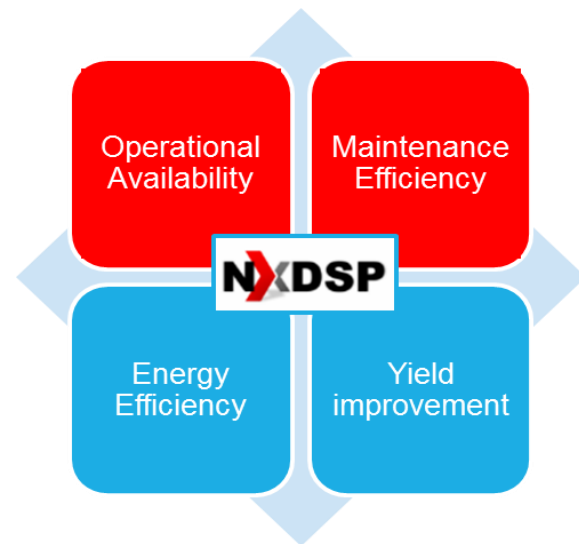
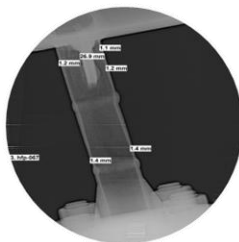
Monitoring & reporting

- ▶ CMS controlling
- ▶ SAP development



Corrosion management

- ▶ Corrosion Upgrading program (CUP)
- ▶ Authority compliance



New DS program **delivered USD \$500M Clean EBITDA improvement** in 2014 vs 2011 targets

ADDITIONAL \$500M

increase by end of year 2016 vs 2014



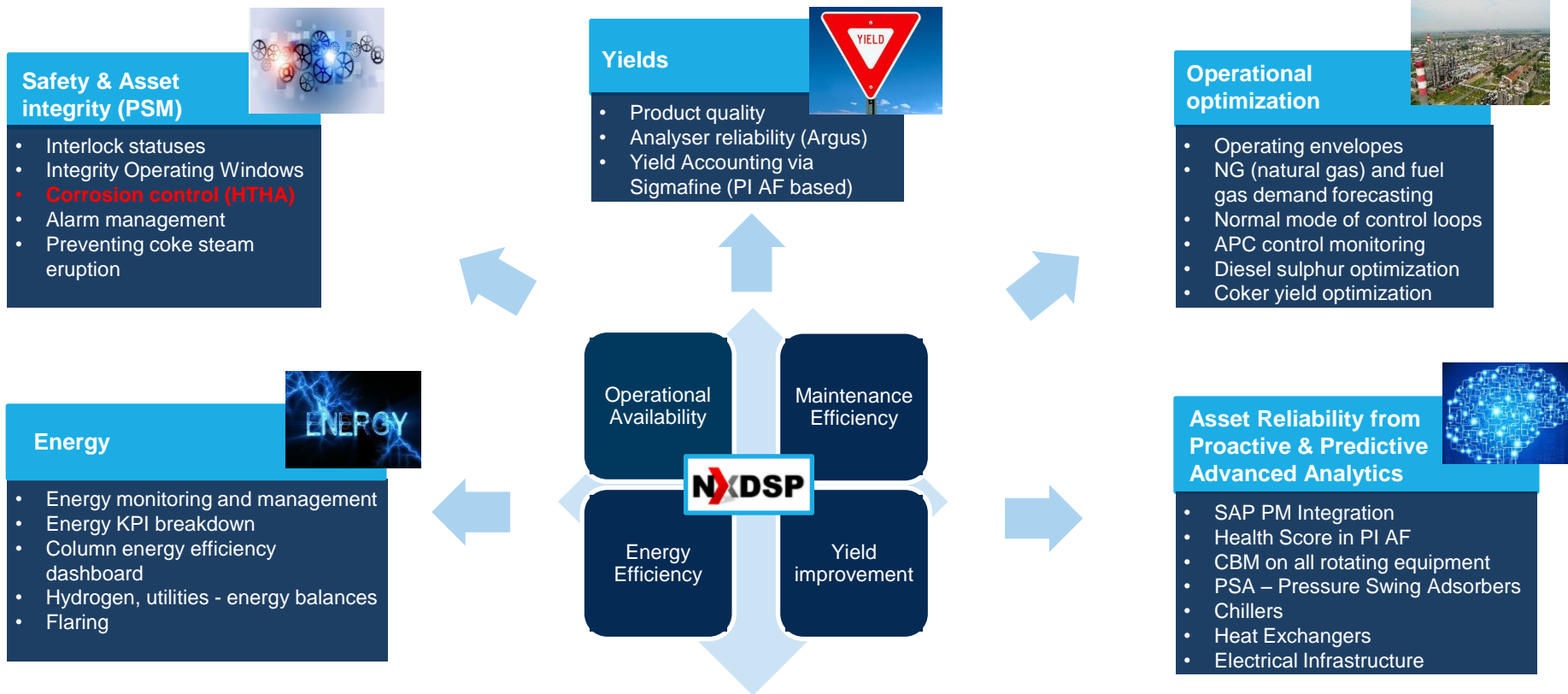
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Digital Transformation of New & Next Downstream program





The Journey Continues: Advanced Analytics & Machine Learning



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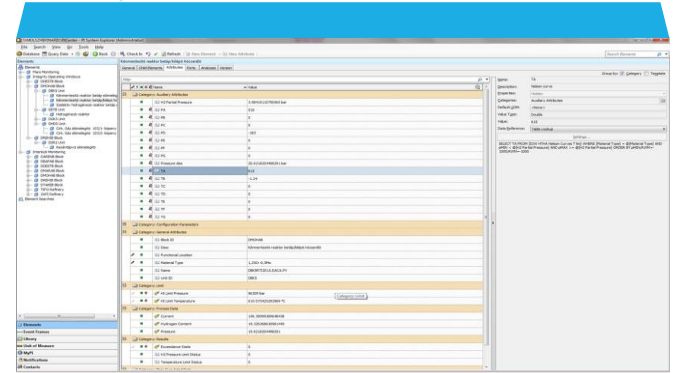
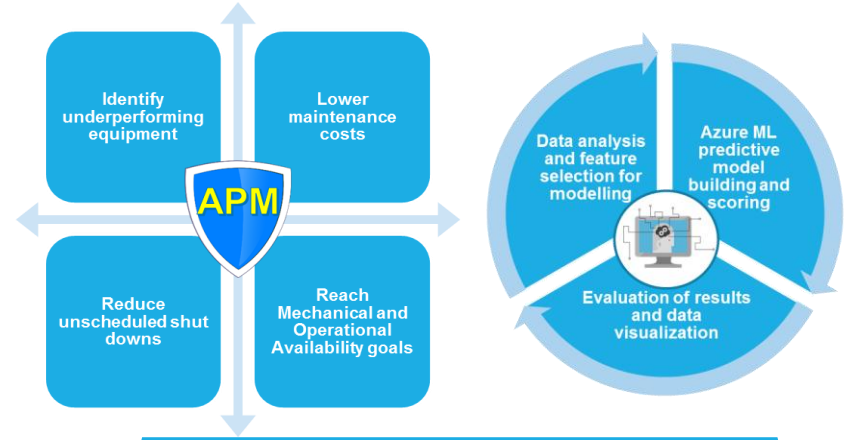
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The Importance of Having an OT Data Infrastructure

- Rapid development and scalability of applications
- Reinforce the use of data and analytics based decision making
- Support cultural change and normalization
- Leverage advanced technologies including advanced analytics and IOT to accelerate business value
- Enable sustainable business value in the 21st century



What can Advanced Analytics and IoT do for Oil & Gas Downstream?



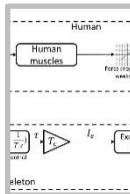
Increase productivity and efficiency across all major business units through the best practices for data harmonization



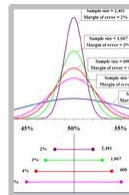
Condition based & predictive maintenance



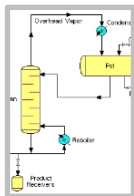
Alarm Management System (alarm rationalization) – Mode Base alarm , new alarm logics



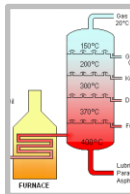
Analyze control loops behavior



Inferential and descriptive statistics



Energy modelling optimization



Deeper understanding of technological processes - Alternative crude oil usage as feed; yield optimization

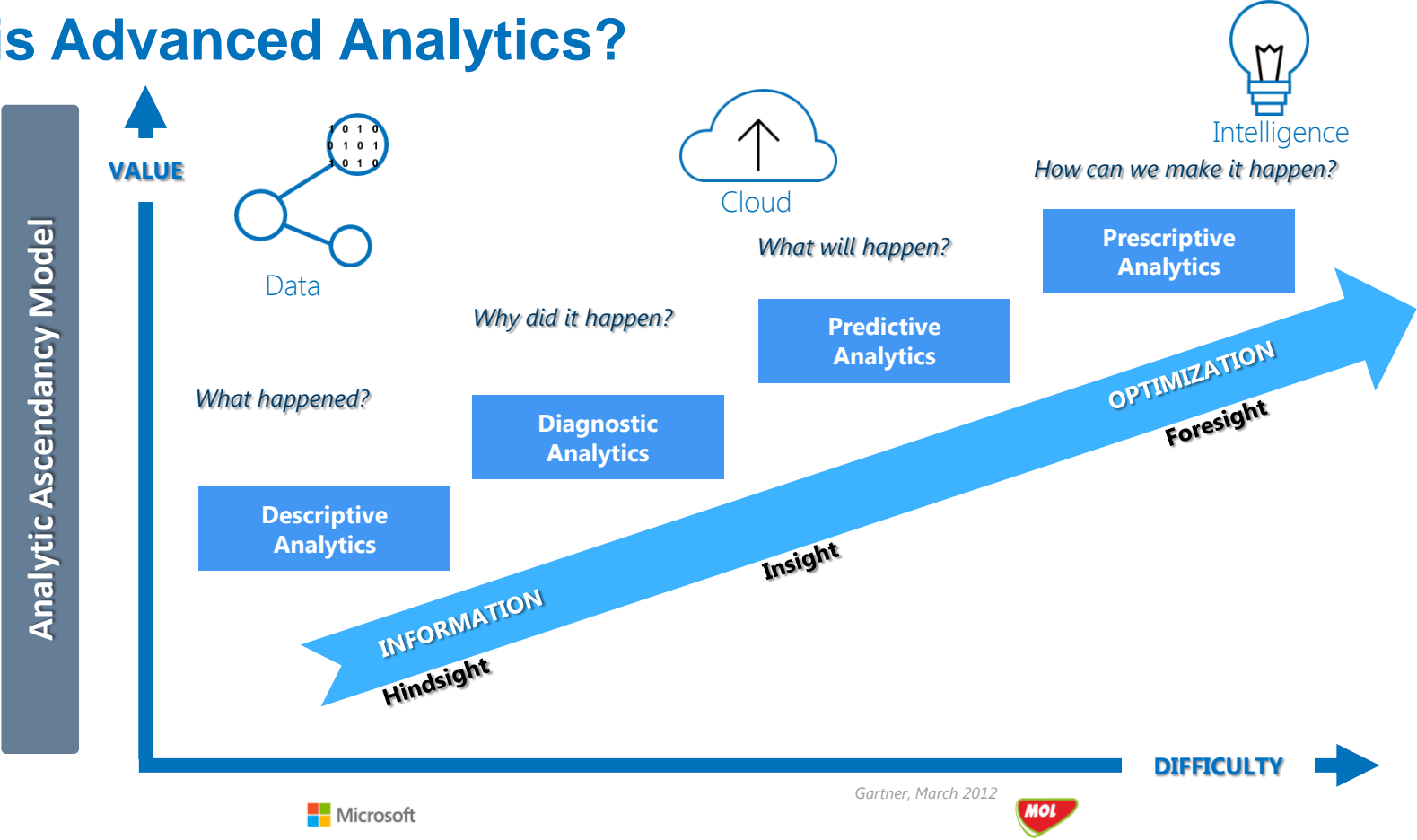


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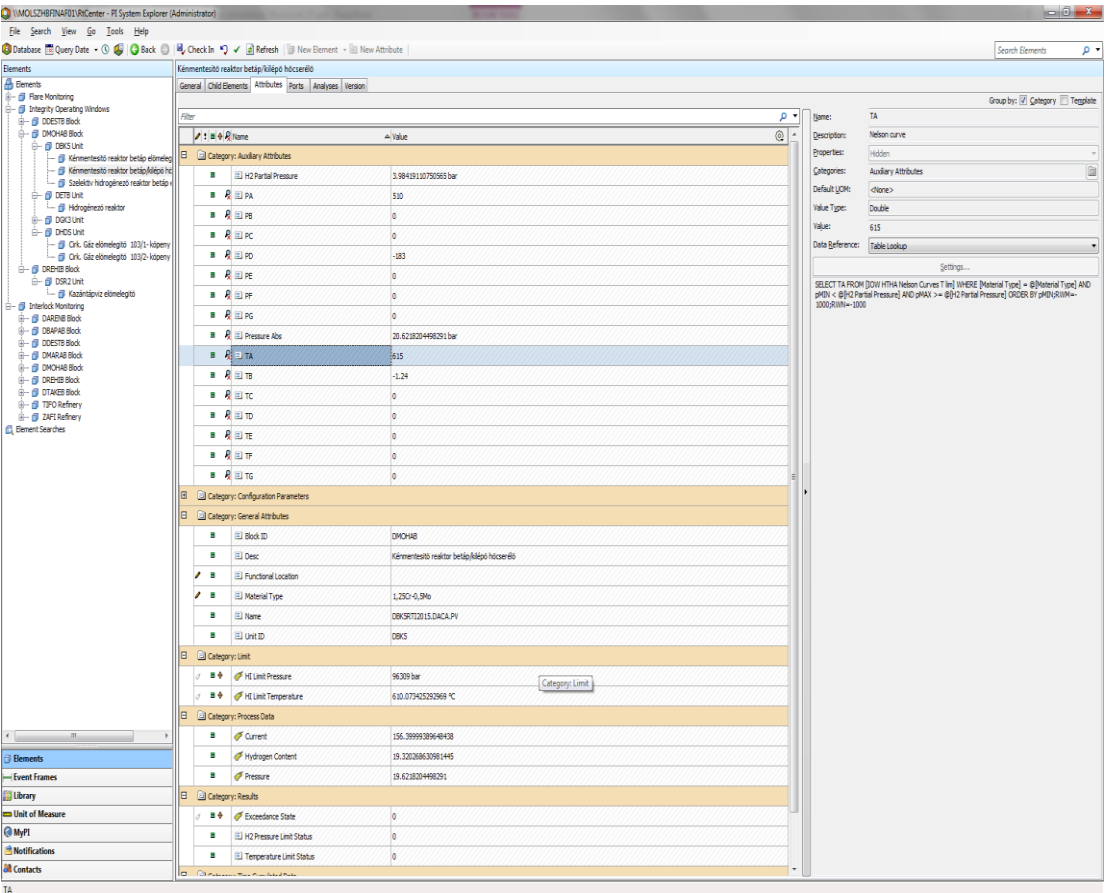
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What is Advanced Analytics?



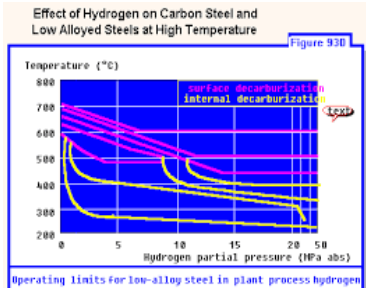
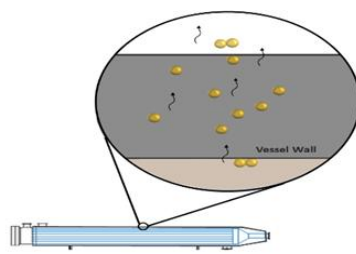
Improving Asset Integrity with Advanced Corrosion Analytics



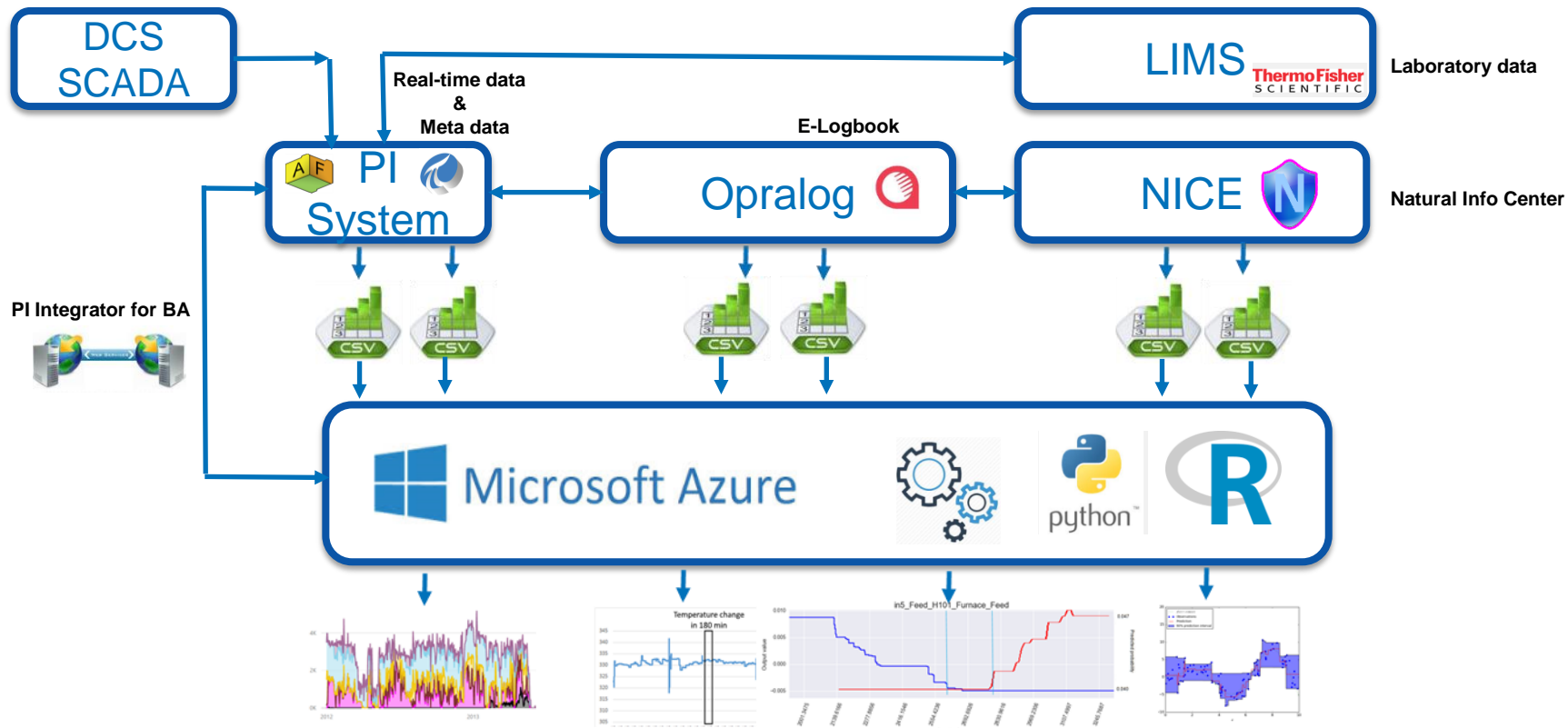
- High Temperature Hydrogen Attack (HTHA)
- $f \times$ (metallurgy, temperature, hydrogen partial pressure(PP), length of exposure)

Developed PI AF template that:

- Determine partial pressure
 - Attribute of pipe class
 - Temperature and length of exposure limits
 - Total time above Temp and PP
 - Alerts/notification/event frame
- Tested and rolled out in 6 units < 1 week
 - Expanded to all plants in 2015.



Machine Learning Architecture – Current & Future



Improving Sulfur in Diesel Prediction from Azure Machine Learning

COMPANY and GOAL

Replace RTO and offline modeling with Azure based Machine Learning to improve the prediction and optimization of sulfur in diesel in a diesel hydrotreating unit



CHALLENGE

Off line and rigorous on line RTO models were **slow**, difficult to maintain, and produced inconsistent results in predicting the sulfur in the diesel **resulting in lost benefits in excess of \$600K/yr & growing**.

- RTO systems were expensive and difficult to maintain
- Off line models were too slow
- Lost benefits of ~\$600K/yr in 4 units
- Growing potential loss from decreased specifications of sulfur in diesel

SOLUTION

Leverage **existing OT data infrastructure** to enable Azure machine learning to predict sulfur in diesel by:

- Analysis of data to determine the control variables which has the highest effect on sulfur content
- Determine the desired intervals for each variable to control the output sulfur content
- Advanced model to (time window based) to predict the changes of the sulfur based on the changes in the control variables

RESULTS

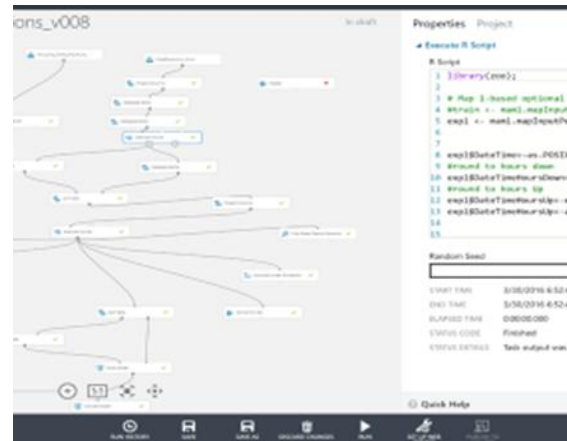
Ability to identify and control (open loop) the key variables in **predicting sulfur in diesel**. Expanding to other hydro treating units. **Initial savings ~600K and growing**.

- Enhanced the maintenance of existing empirical inferential calculations (Other Hydrotreater Sulfur content, Cloud point, Pensky Martens FP, Gasoline EBP)
- Enabled the determination of new empirical inferential calculations (E.g. NHT, Amine systems....)

Improving DCU Yield and Safety with Azure Machine Learning

COMPANY and GOAL

Improve Delayed Coking Unit yield and Reduce the risk of coke hot spot steam explosions from feed and operational variability by using Azure machine learning.



CHALLENGE

Opportunity crudes provided incentive to raise DCU yields but resulted in an increase likelihood hot spots resulting in steam eruption events while decoking.

- Economic incentive to run opportunity crudes \$6M for each 1% increase in DCU yield
- Increase feed variability to the DCU
- Increased risk of hot spots and steam explosion events during decoking – 4X increase in Q1 2016

SOLUTION

Leverage **existing OT data infrastructure** to enable the use of **advanced analytics and machine learning to improve yields and reduce the risk of steam eruption.**

- PI AF infrastructure in place from prior digital transformation from tags to assets
- Use Microsoft Azure Machine Learning to do massive high fidelity data correlation of DCU feed properties to yields and explosions

RESULTS

Reduced DCU steam explosion events while improving DCU yields from the processing of more opportunity crudes

- *Enabled the sustainability of increased DCU yields of over 2% by processing opportunity crudes*
- *Reduced steam explosions by 75%*
- *Calculated savings for 1 DCU unit = \$6M/yr for each 1% yield = \$12M/yr*
- **Rapid rollout to other DCUs**





Conclusion

Key Takeaways.....

1. Focus on rapid extension of the PI System across the enterprise
2. Migrate to the use of PI AF quickly by support of key business initiatives and leadership...it is a journey
3. Link to support of strategic business transformation strategy and vision if possible, gain executive awareness and support
4. Develop PI AF core competency and organizational awareness
5. Once in place, the OT infrastructure can and will enable rapid and scalable applications to business issues & opportunist



Contact Information

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Automation leader

MOL Plc.



Questions

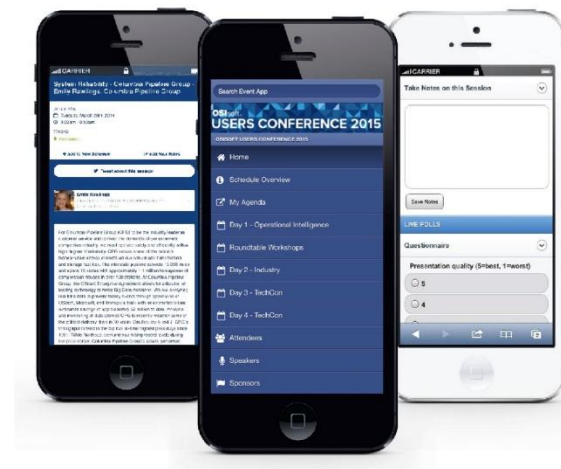
Please wait for the **microphone** before asking your questions



State your **name & company**

Please don't forget to...

Complete the Online Survey for this session



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감사합니다

谢谢

Danke

Merci

Gracias

Thank You

ありがとう

Köszönöm

Спасибо

Obrigado



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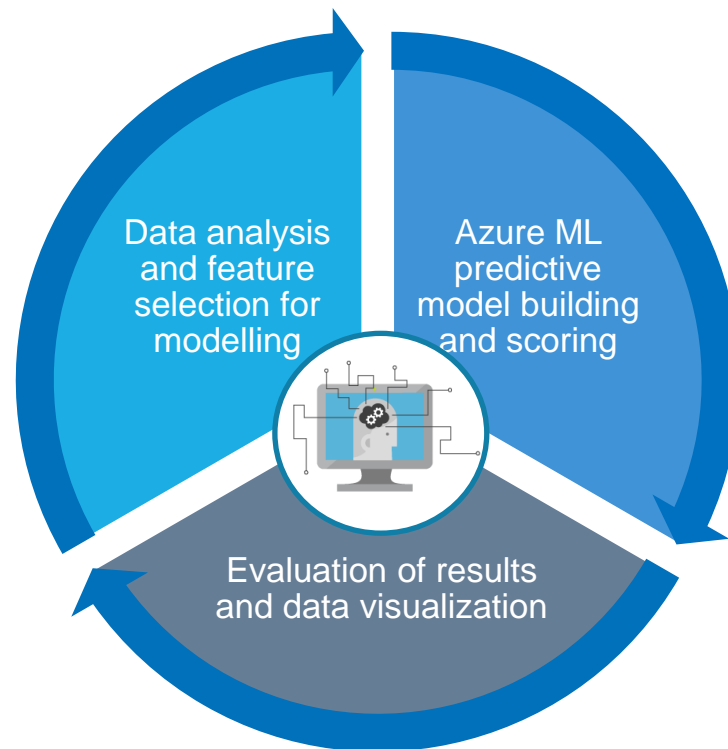


Backup slides

Machine Learning- Use Cases



- Find the optimal mixture of different feeds into the Delayed Coker process
- Achieve minimal level of coke yield
- Diesel Hydrotreater unit product sulfur content estimation based on available data
- Azure ML technology adaptation compare laboratory, online analyzer, APC soft sensor and ML data



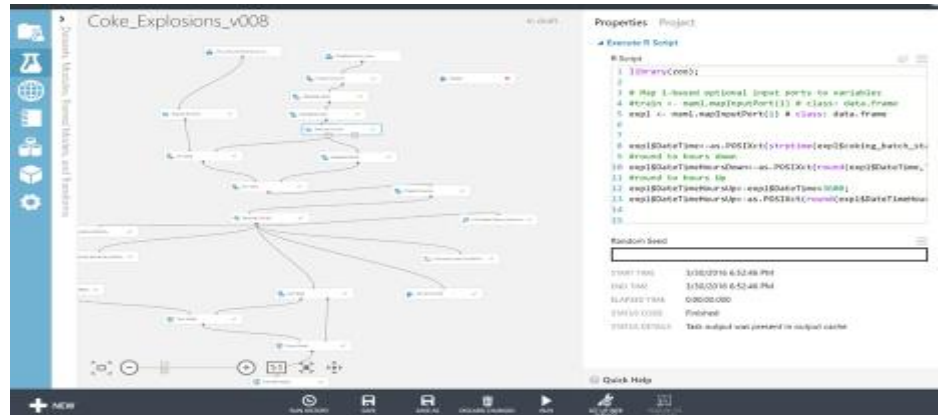


Predicting Diesel Sulfur in a Diesel Hydrotreater

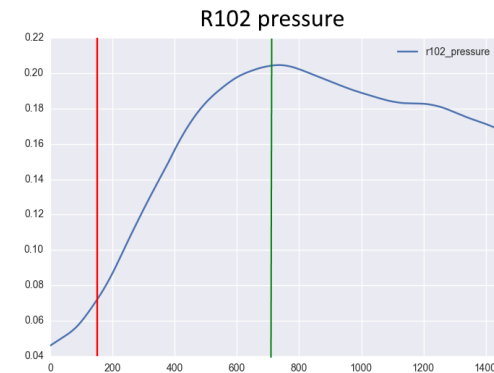
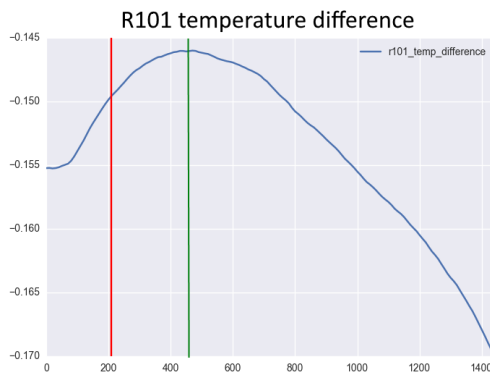
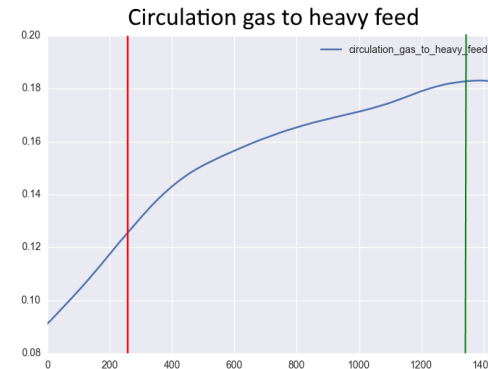
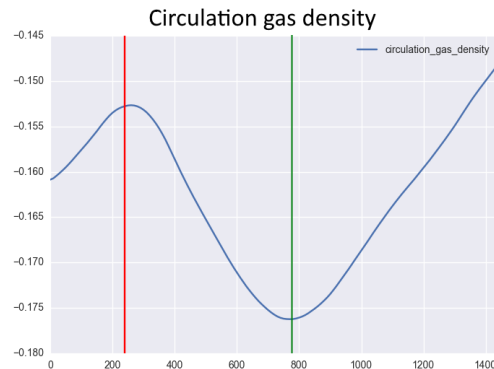
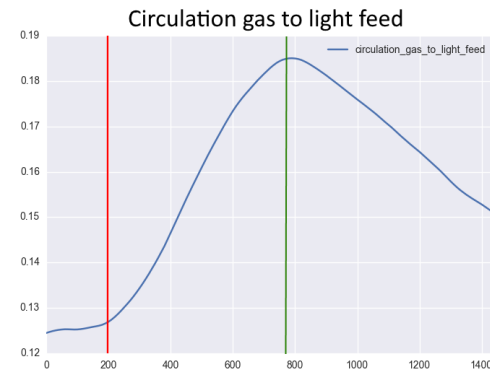


Project Scope – Rough Method to Optimize Sulfur in Diesel

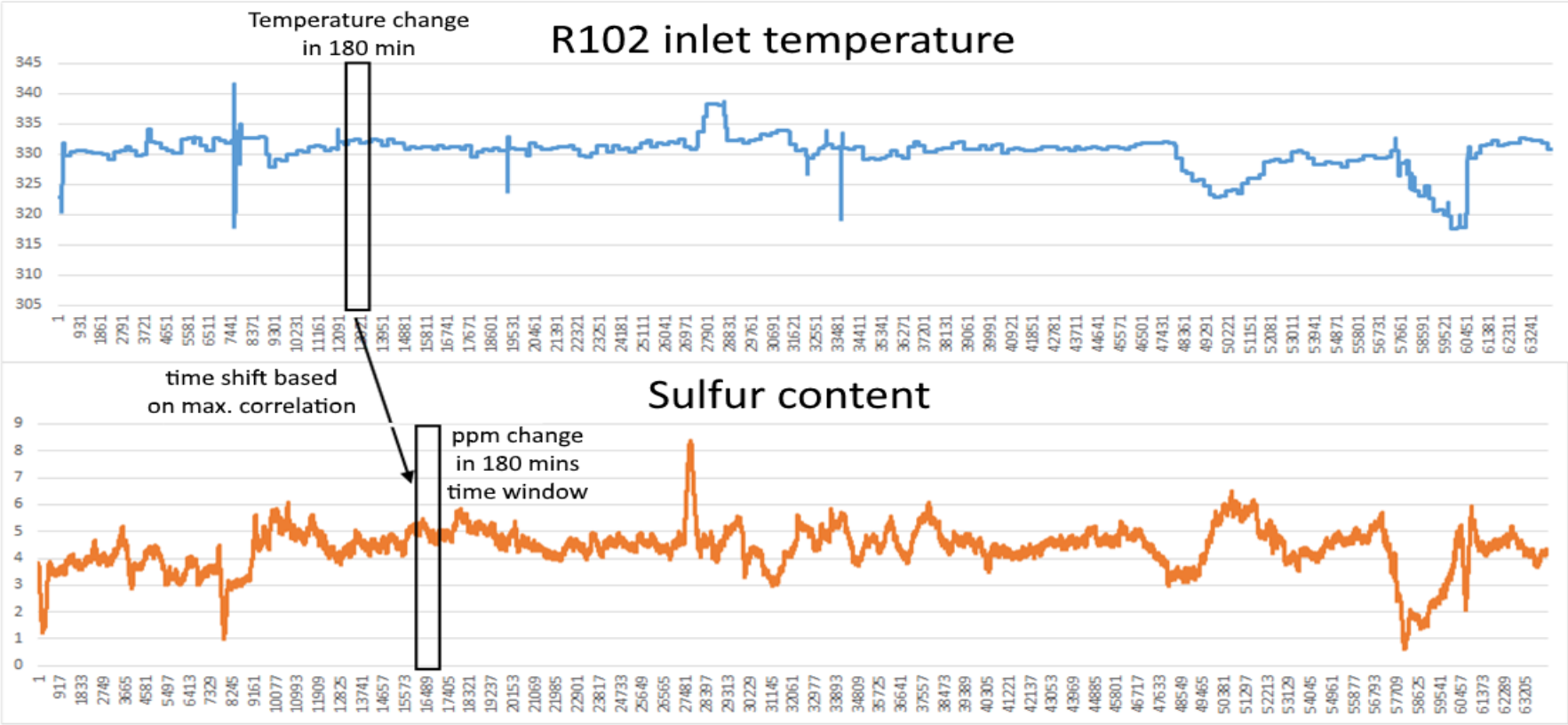
- Analysis of data to determine the control variables which has the highest effect on sulfur content
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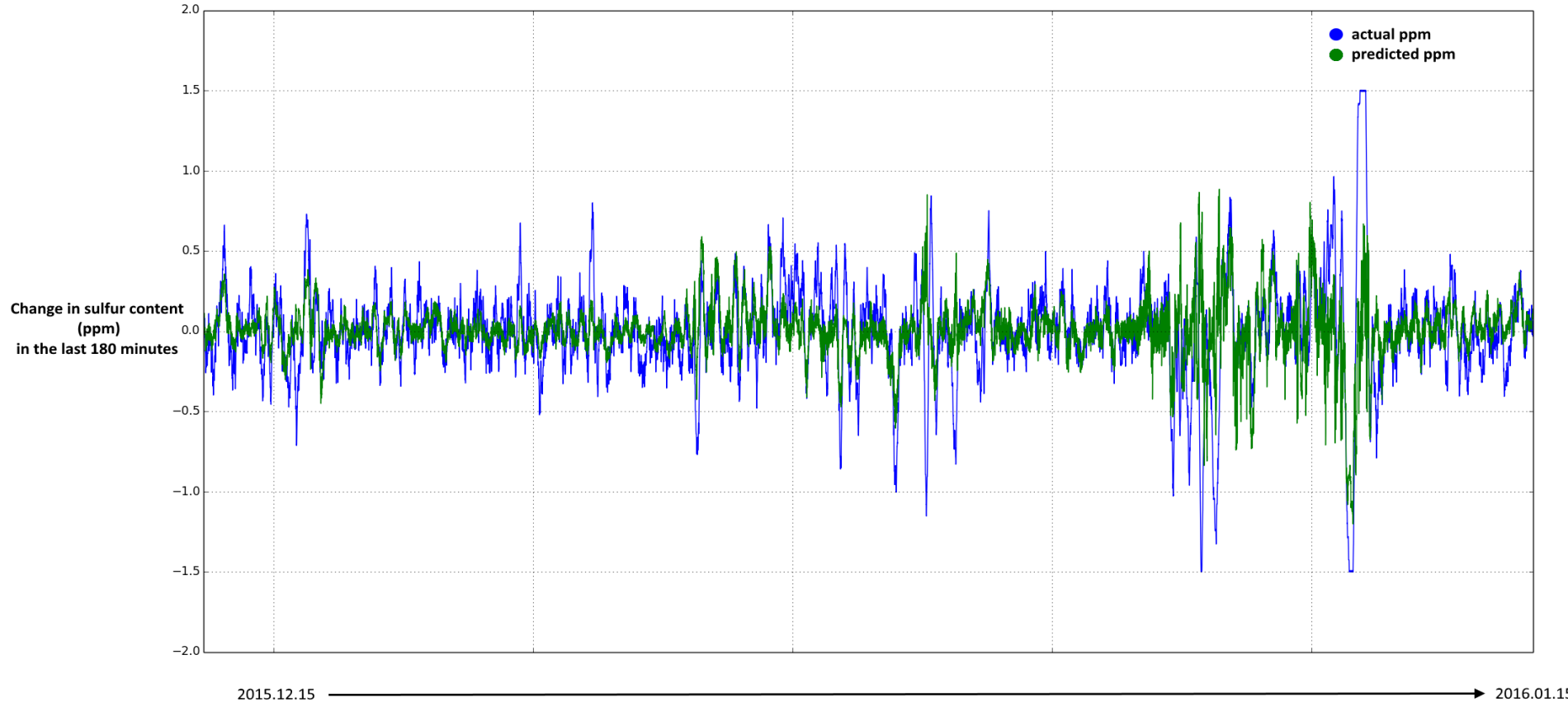
Time shifted correlation with sulfur content



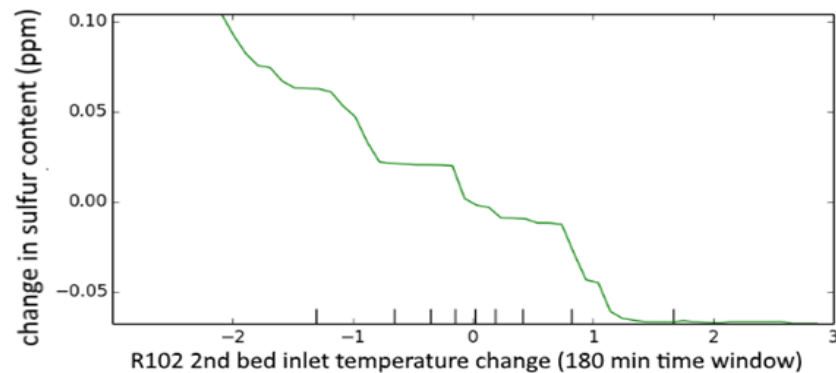
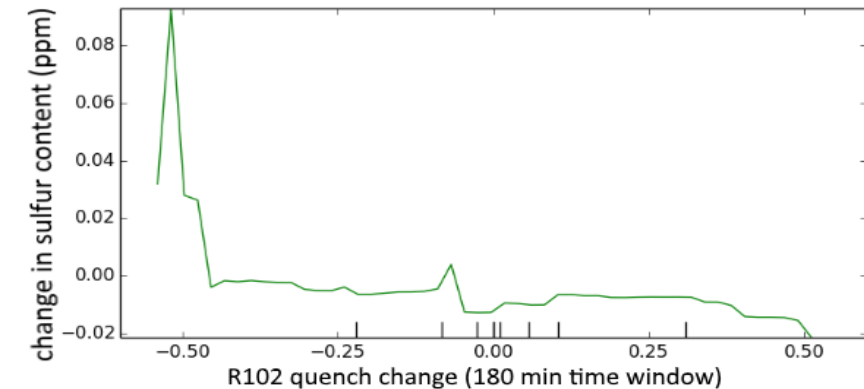
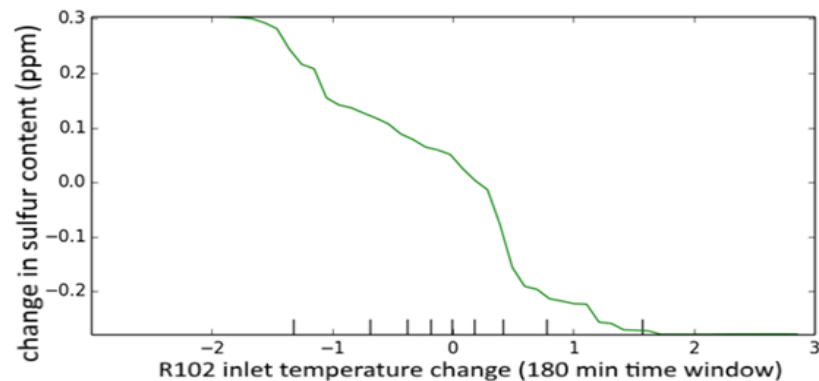
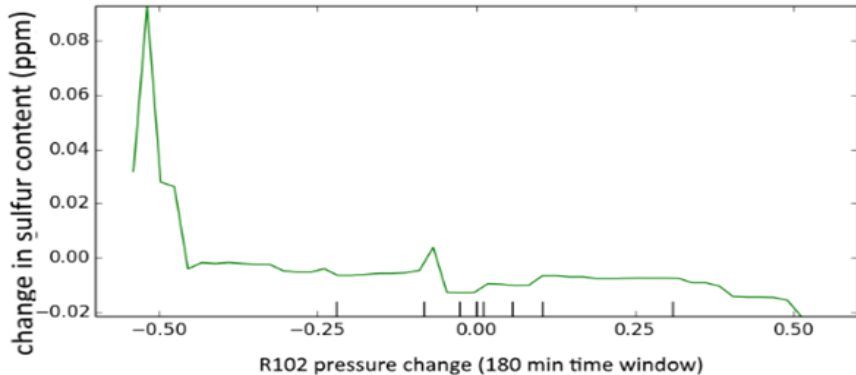
Predicting Output Based on Changes During a Time Period



Prediction and Control Model

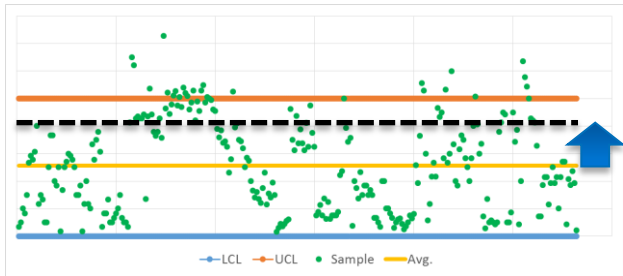


Influence of Sulfur Content



Benefits from Production Support

Other Diesel & Gasoline product sulfur content



Effect of other empirical inferential

Maintenance of existing empirical inferential calculations
(Other Hydrotreater Sulfur content, Cloud point, Pensky Martens FP, Gasoline EBP)

28.000 \$/Year

New empirical inferential calculations (E.g. NHT, Amine systems....)

70.000 \$/Year

Tighter quality control

Quality giveaway decrease	3	ppm
Operation time (in feasible operation mode)	20	%
Fuel gas decrease	4495	GJ/Year
Benefits from decreased fuel gas consumption	47.000	\$/Year

- Sum of possible benefit ~ \$140K/Year per unit X 4 units = \$560K/yr



Predicting and Optimizing Coke Yield and eliminate steam eruption in a Delayed Coker Unit

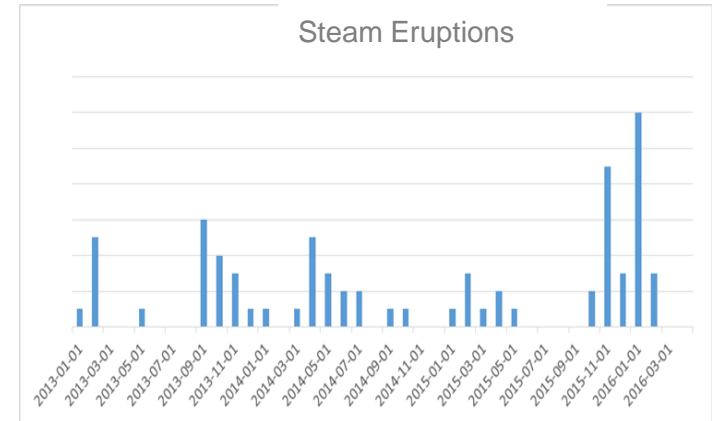
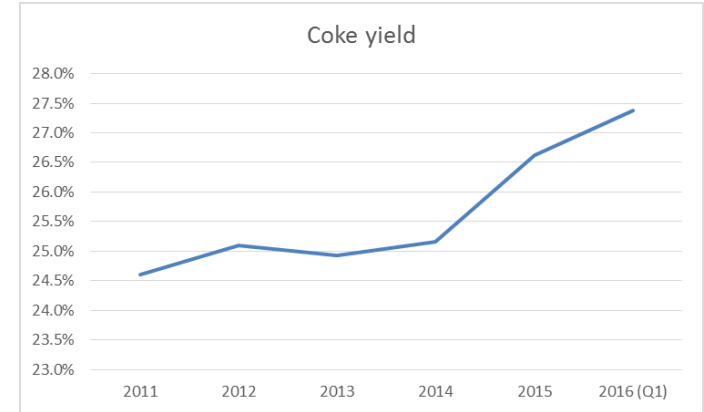


Business issues in Delayed Coker Unit

- Increasing coke yields from 25.39% to 27.43% (**+2.04 %**) from 2012.01.01 and 2016.03.01.
- Average monthly steam eruptions in 2012-2015 period was 3.85, in the first month of 2016 it was 15.5 (**4X increase**)

1 % Coke yield decreasing

~ \$6M/year benefit in Danube Refinery!

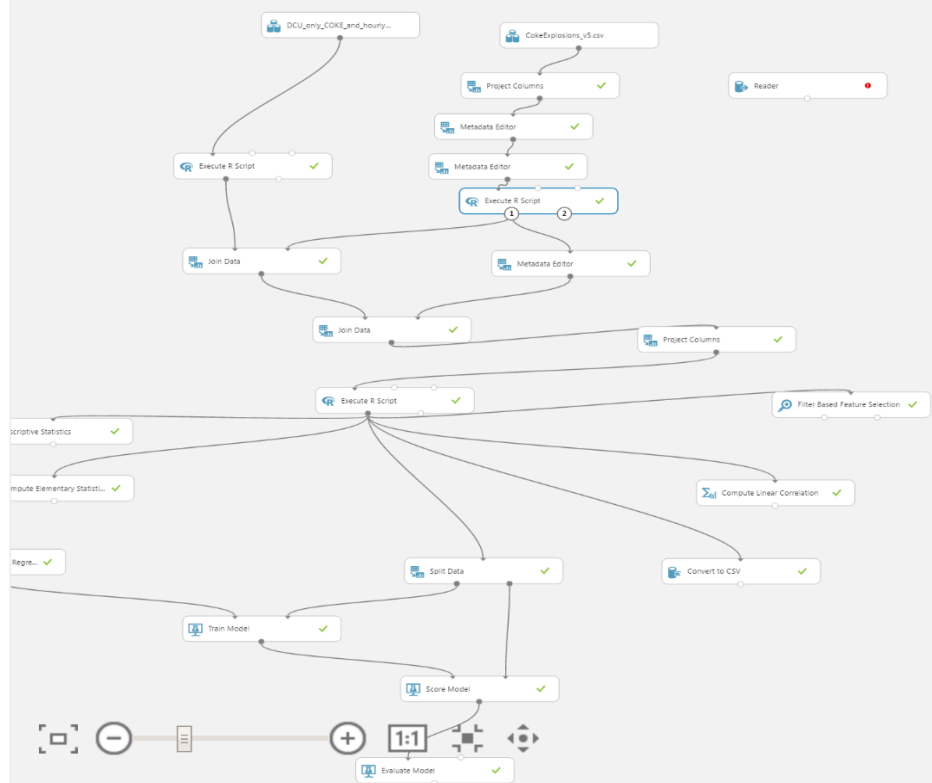




Datasets, Modules, Trained Models, and Transforms

Coke_Explosions_v008

In draft



Properties Project

Execute R Script

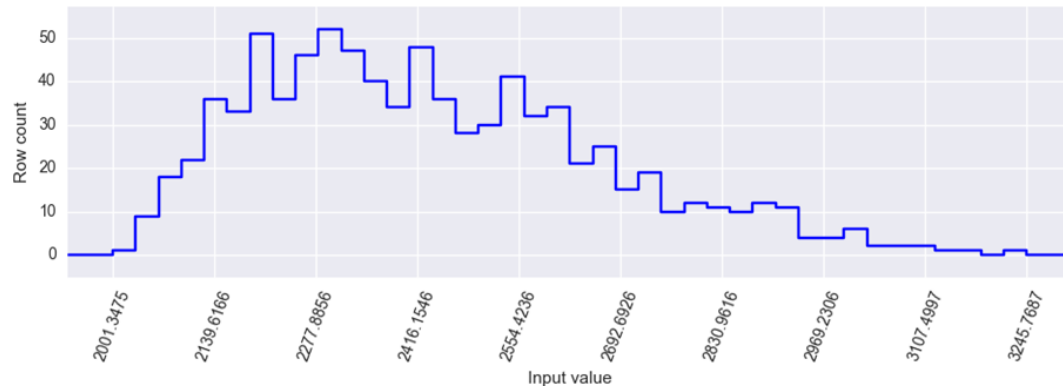
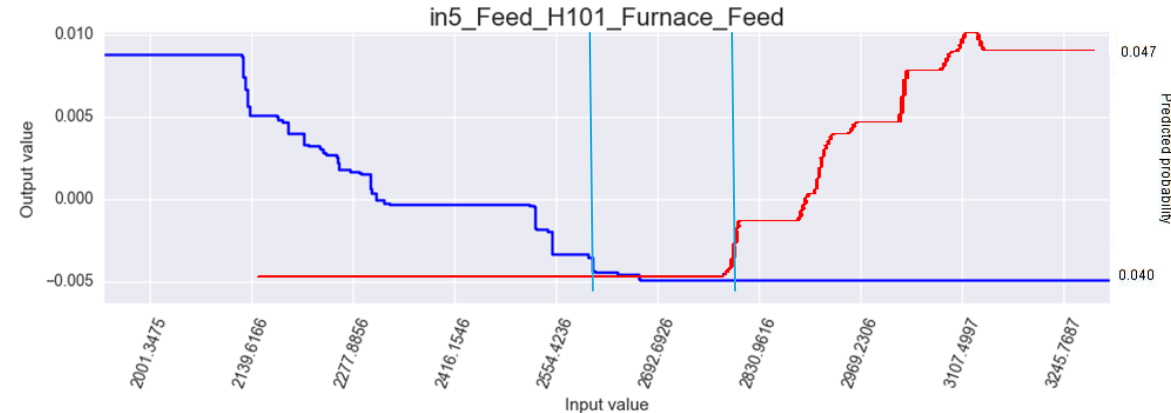
```
R Script
1 library(zoo);
2
3 # Map 1-based optional input ports to variables
4 #train <- mam1.mapInputPort(1) # class: data.frame
5 expl <- mam1.mapInputPort(1) # class: data.frame
6
7
8 expl$DateTime<-as.POSIXct(strptime(expl$coking_batch_sta
9 #round to hours down
10 expl$DateTimeHoursDown<-as.POSIXct(round(expl$DateTime,
11 #round to hours Up
12 expl$DateTimeHoursUp<-expl$DateTime+3600;
13 expl$DateTimeHoursUp<-as.POSIXct(round(expl$DateTimeHour
14
15
```

Random Seed

START TIME 3/30/2016 6:52:46 PM
 END TIME 3/30/2016 6:52:46 PM
 ELAPSED TIME 0:00:00.000
 STATUS CODE Finished
 STATUS DETAILS Task output was present in output cache

Quick Help

Coke Yield & Explosion



Blue: coke yield (output value)

Red: steam eruption

~In case of > 3100 t Furnace feed input the coke explosion likelihood is increasing

Blue histogram:

Row count coke cycle

Between the 2550 -2800 t intervallic the coke yield could be decreased without coke explosion

PI Event Frames as monitoring tool



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Azure ML Competence development and deeper analyses

Microsoft

-
- The diagram illustrates the integrated process of coke production and gas/liquid recovery. Key components and flows include:
- Feed and De-coking:** Feed enters the bottom of two 3-8 bar COKE DRUMS. Coke Cutting Water (140 bar) is injected at the top. Coke is moved by COKE HAULERS to a DRAIN SUMP.
 - Gas Recovery:** Coke Gas (3-8 bar) from the drums goes to a Separator and Condenser. Offgas is sent to a Reflux Drum (2-3 bar) via a Sour Water Pump. Light Gas Oil is pumped to Slops. Heavy Gas Oil is pumped to a Furnace.
 - Liquid Recovery:** Coke Product Vapor (480-482 °C) is condensed and recycled. A MANIFOLD VAPOR unit separates Steam (recycled) from Coking Vapor (recycled) and Feed (recycled).
 - Other Streams:** Wet Coke is pumped to COKE STORAGE. Residual Oil is pumped out. Makeup Water is added to the Condenser.
- Note:** All pressures are absolute pressures.
- Note:** The quench system in the upper left corner is used only when a drum is being steamed prior to de-coking.

