



The Evolution of the PI System at Noble Energy

The Journey Continues...

Presented by

Joe Hill, PI Team Lead - "The PI Guy" Vincent Witzel, Real Time Data Practice Manager CSE ICON







- Noble Energy at a Glance....
- Noble's Journey to an Enterprise Agreement (EA)



- Noble's PI Project Highlight Reel
 - Calculation of Flash Gas to Oil Ratio (FGOR) with PI Connector for UFL
 - Ensuring Regulatory Compliance Using Notifications
 - Improving Situational Awareness Using Event Frames (EF)
 - Operational Workflow Improvement using PI Integrator for Esri ArcGIS
- Best Practices & Lessons Learned
- Continuing the Journey with the PI System®



Noble Energy at a Glance...





Energizing the World, Bettering People's Lives®

- HQ Houston, TX
- Operational Centers:
 - Denver
 - Houston
 - Pittsburg
- Reserves of 1.4 billion barrels of oil (YE2015)
- ~400K BOED
- CapEx ~\$1.5 billion
- Shale/Unconventional:
 - DJ Basin
 - Permian Basin
 - Eagle Ford
 - Marcellus
- Deepwater
 - Gulf Of Mexico.
 - Israel/Cyprus
 - Equatorial Guinea/Cameroon

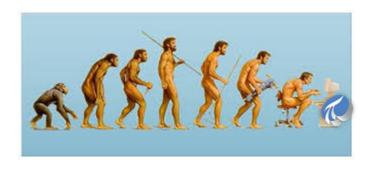










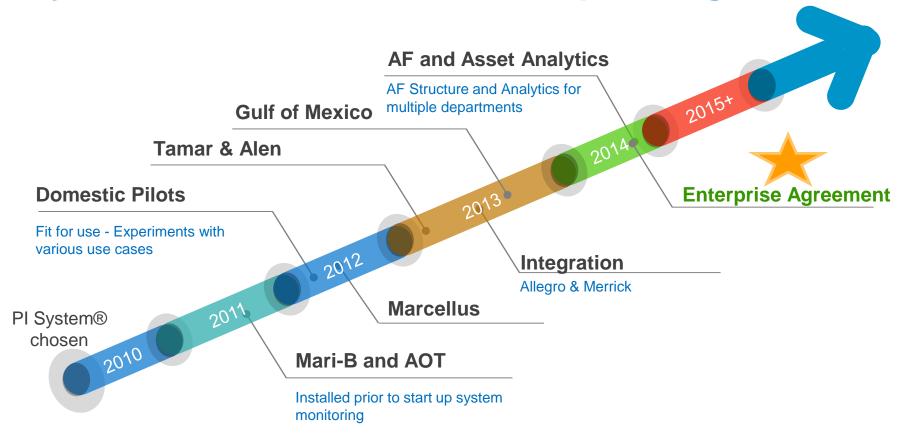


Noble's Journey to an **Enterprise Agreement (EA)**





Key Successes Lead to an Enterprise Agreement









PI System® At Noble Energy: Central System

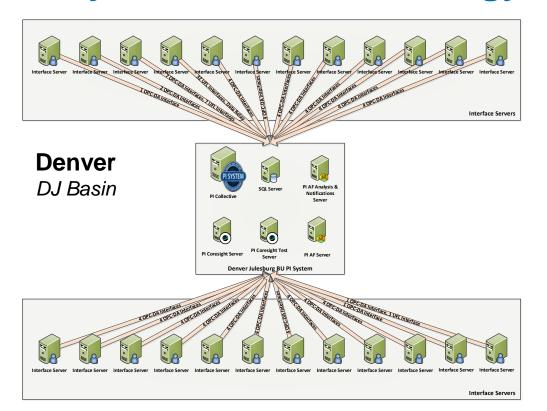
Houston Central System
Deep Water Operations

Texas Onshore

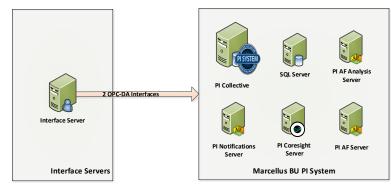
Aseng Interface Data Partner Interface Server Interface Server PI. AF & SQL Server For Ticonderoga & Na Kika Gulf Of Mexico BU African BU Interface Server PI Notifications SQL Server Interface & CygNet Connector Server Interface Server 2 Tasks for THK Data Share PI Integrator for Integrator for ArcGIS Interface Server CygNet Connector Server Eastern Mediterranean BU Houston Central PI System Texas BU

Interface Server

PI System® At Noble Energy: Local Systems



Canonsburg Marcellus Shale





Why the Enterprise Agreement (EA)?

- Stay Relevant with Business & Technology changes and challenges
- Enterprise Based Strategic vs Tactical
 - Infrastructure vs solution approach enabling "Best of Breed"
 - Self-sufficiency vs Dependency
 - Analytics enablement
- Predictable cost structure for Enterprise Infrastructure
- Acceleration of time to value and value levels
- Sustainment of value over time Use of new technologies/business models



Challenges we had to Overcome

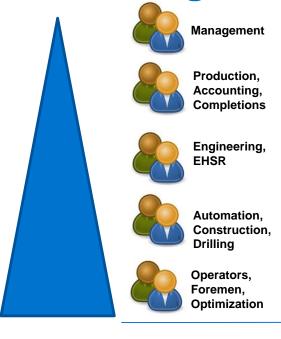


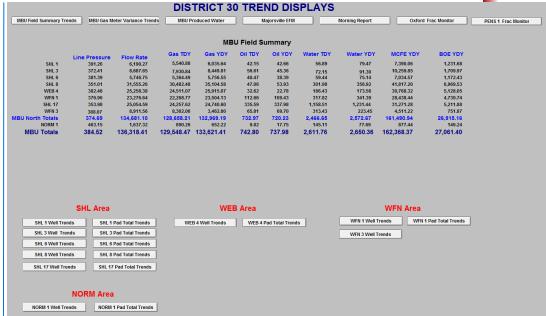
- Recent heavy investments in SCADA —Why is this different?
- Finding the Money ...minimal/no budget...the pooling of resources

- Education getting to understanding and support from the org.
- Understanding of strategy and getting individual and team alignment
- Getting across the finish line



Positioning the PI System® & SCADA - Context





Current Data Flow









We Already have SCADA? – Executive Positioning

Application Teams, **Data Sources Designed for Control** & **Operations SCADA** Security/Firewall Ε **DCS** Other Control Other **Data** SCADA = Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition **DCS** = Distributed Control System







Other Control Systems = (PLCs)Programmable Logic Controllers, etc.



Noble's PI Project Highlight Reel

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Noble's PI Project Highlight Reel

Business Problem

Limited functionality of data visualization and reporting tools Limited amount of historical data available within SCADA systems

Tag based systems make data difficult to find

Inconsistency and inefficiency in the way wells are optimized by engineers

Staying emissions compliant with new Colorado State and federal regulations require minimal tank venting to atmosphere

Environmental group had limited insight into control system alarms, and consequently, safety and compliance concerns that might result

Lack of situational awareness due to the large scale of global operations

Technical Solution

Real-time data historization, visualization, and reporting (PI tags and PI Performance Equations, PI Interfaces & Connectors (UFL, OPC, etc.), ProcessBook displays, DataLink Reports)

Real-time data & information contextualization using AF

Gas lift well optimization using PI Coresight displays and PI **Analytics**

Calculating Flash Gas to Oil Ratio (FGOR) using Asset Analytics Tank Pressure Monitoring using Notifications

Regulatory compliance tracking and reporting using Event Frames + PI Coresight + PI DataLink

Emergency response, routing, and geospatial situational awareness using the PI Integrator for Esri ArcGIS

= PI-Based Solutions

= AF-Based Solutions





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Best Practices - Creating an Enterprise Ecosystem for Noble's PI System





Best Practices – First Step



Rationalize and Ensure Standards are in Place:

- **Documentation**
- Security
- **Backups**
- **Exception and Compression**
- Interface Configuration
- Tuning Parameters
- Performance Monitoring with Notifications

- Establish a COE, Training, and Certification Program
 - Do more with less





Best Practices – Executive Buy-In



Established Enterprise AF Guidelines and Governance;



Executive Governance body with Business Value KPIs

Looking Ahead

Journey to Geospatial Dashboards/Analytics

More use of Asset Framework/Event Frame Use Cases

Elevate awareness and strategic support for the PI System® at the executive level – reinforce with KPIs (generated in the PI System®) and business impact

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Questions

Please wait for the microphone before asking your questions

State your name & company

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감사합니다

Merci

Danke

谢谢

Gracias

Thank You

ありがとう

Спасибо

Obrigado









Appendix





PI System® Used for Eliminating Spreadsheets

Using PI DataLink® to Automate old Spreadsheet...Good

Start...

| 34 | A | С | D | E | F | G | Н | I | J | K | L | М | 0 |
|---------------------------|---|------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|---|--|---|-------------------|--------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|--|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Rohn State LD 09 10 Wells | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | | | T | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Well Name | Area | Tubing Size (ID) | Tubing Pressure (psi) | Casing Pressure (psi) | Gas Lift Injection Setpoint (MCFD) | Gas Lift Injection Meter (MCFD) | Gross Gas (Allocation Meter) (MCFD) | Net Gas (MCFD) | Critical Velocity (MCFD) | Over (+) or Under (-) Injecting (MCFD) | Producing Above Critical Rate? | Trends |
| 5 R | ohn State LD09-63HN | D1 | 2.441 | 137.78 | 856.73 | 400 | 371.86 | 529.71 | 162.79 | 484.36 | 65.62 | Yes | Rohn State LD09-63HN Coresight Display |
| 6 R | ohn State LD09-64-1HN | D1 | 2.441 | 139.43 | 795.85 | 400 | 397.85 | 642.04 | 153.47 | 508.80 | 13.95 | No | Rohn State LD09-64-1HN Coresight Display |
| 7 R | ohn State LD09-64HN | D1 | 2.441 | 96.62 | 634.84 | 400 | 402.65 | 0.04 | 72.15 | 429.83 | -120.39 | No | Rohn State LD09-64HN Coresight Display |
| 8 R | ohn State LD09-65-1HN | D1 | 2.441 | 126.11 | 311.81 | 400 | 405.88 | 539.44 | 95.99 | 481.66 | -10.34 | No | Rohn State LD09-65-1HN Coresight Display |
| 9 R | ohn State LD09-65HN | D1 | 2.441 | 142.66 | 508.91 | 400 | 401.29 | 489.02 | 88.37 | 482.79 | -8.75 | No | Rohn State LD09-65HN Coresight Display |
| 10 R | ohn State LD09-66-1HN | D1 | 2.441 | 126.65 | 815.85 | 400 | 403.83 | 434.14 | 70.00 | 432.35 | -8.43 | No | Rohn State LD09-66-1HN Coresight Display |
| 11 R | ohn State LD09-66HN | D1 | 2.441 | 122.18 | 753.36 | 400 | 384.90 | 438.47 | 63.82 | 509.53 | -7.67 | No | Rohn State LD09-66HN Coresight Display |
| 12 R | ohn State LD09-67-1HN | D1 | 2.441 | 115.63 | 770.46 | 400 | 396.67 | 470.58 | 80.13 | 494.75 | -18.36 | No | Rohn State LD09-67-1HN Coresight Display |
| 13 R | ohn State LD09-67HN | D1 | 2.441 | 121.53 | 789.16 | 400 | 307.10 | 424.39 | 125.32 | 486.24 | -24.07 | No | Rohn State LD09-67HN Coresight Display |
| 14 R | ohn State LD09-68-1HN | D1 | 2.441 | 126.26 | 800.59 | 400 | 392.73 | 462.86 | 127.06 | 436.55 | 40.11 | Yes | Rohn State LD09-68-1HN Coresight Display |
| 15 R | ohn State LD09-68HN | D1 | 2.441 | 130.10 | 798.56 | 400 | 392.57 | 432.76 | 73.74 | 490.39 | 26.87 | Yes | Rohn State LD09-68HN Coresight Display |
| 16 R | ohn State LD09-69-1HN | D1 | 2.441 | 128.02 | 794.29 | 400 | 391.80 | 452.55 | 96.90 | 534.29 | 1.20 | Yes | Rohn State LD09-69-1HN Coresight Display |
| 17 R | ohn State LD10-62HN | D1 | 1.995 | 169.14 | 738.34 | 300 | 305.86 | 640.56 | 331.41 | 329.93 | 265.06 | Yes | Rohn State LD10-62HN Coresight Display |
| 18 R | ohn State LD10-63-1HN | D1 | 2.441 | Good Data Fo | ood Data F | pint': PI Poin | me': PI Poin | 98.92 | Calc Failed | ood Data F | Calc Failed | Calc Failed | Rohn State LD10-63-1HN Coresight Display |
| 19 R | ohn State LD10-63HN | D1 | 1.995 | 185.18 | 861.81 | 300 | 271.29 | 733.71 | 425.05 | 402.05 | 333.02 | Yes | Rohn State LD10-63HN Coresight Display |
| 20 R | ohn State LD10-64-1HN | D1 | 1.995 | 268.52 | 733.15 | 300 | 308.16 | 896.23 | 623.20 | 430.53 | 467.68 | Yes | Rohn State LD10-64-1HN Coresight Display |
| 21 R | ohn State LD10-64HN | D1 | 1.995 | 260.51 | 781.95 | 300 | 313.26 | 978.87 | 672.07 | 439.70 | 538.65 | Yes | Rohn State LD10-64HN Coresight Display |
| 22 R | ohn State LD10-65-1HN | D1 | 1.995 | 234.95 | 842.76 | 300 | 289.81 | 809.46 | 572.89 | 407.81 | 439.52 | Yes | Rohn State LD10-65-1HN Coresight Display |
| 23 R | ohn State LD10-65HN | D1 | 1.995 | 311.62 | 891.87 | 350 | 199.61 | 345.59 | 243.81 | 291.24 | 250.23 | Yes | Rohn State LD10-65HN Coresight Display |
| 24 R | ohn State LD10-66-1HN | D1 | 1.995 | 156.02 | 756.03 | 300 | 302.84 | 574.50 | 338.26 | 373.97 | 204.03 | Yes | Rohn State LD10-66-1HN Coresight Display |
| 25 R | ohn State LD10-66HN | D1 | 1.995 | 194.20 | 848.45 | 300 | 297.08 | 797.06 | 540.77 | 384.70 | 416.53 | Yes | Rohn State LD10-66HN Coresight Display |
| 26 R | ohn State LD10-67-1HN | D1 | 1.995 | 144.56 | 749.95 | 500 | 341.74 | 622.17 | 157.33 | 338.05 | 269.85 | Yes | Rohn State LD10-67-1HN Coresight Display |
| 27 R | ohn State LD10-67HN | D1 | 1.995 | 147.04 | 760.82 | 300 | 309.22 | 622.17 | 351.10 | 351.16 | 256.74 | Yes | Rohn State LD10-67HN Coresight Display |
| 28 R | ohn State LD10-68-1HN | D1 | 1.995 | Good Data Fo | ood Data F | pint': PI Poin | me': PI Poin | 776.19 | Calc Failed | ood Data F | Calc Failed | Calc Failed | Rohn State LD10-68-1HN Coresight Display |
| 29 R | ohn State LD10-68HN | D1 | 1.995 | 146.57 | 679.52 | 300 | 305.24 | 559.23 | 272.10 | 346.81 | 201.99 | Yes | Rohn State LD10-68HN Coresight Display |
| 30 R | ohn State LD10-69-1HN | D1 | 1.995 | 165.78 | 744.34 | 300 | 300.52 | 650.08 | 336.59 | 367.02 | 288.71 | Yes | Rohn State LD10-69-1HN Coresight Display |
| 31 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| а | Tubing and Casing pressure re previous day's 24hr verages (12am-12am) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Critical Velocity is a previous ay's 24hr average (12am- 2am) | | | | | | | | | | | | |

PI System® Used for Eliminating Spreadsheets (cont'd.)

Using PI Coresight™ to ELIMINATE Excel all together from the equation





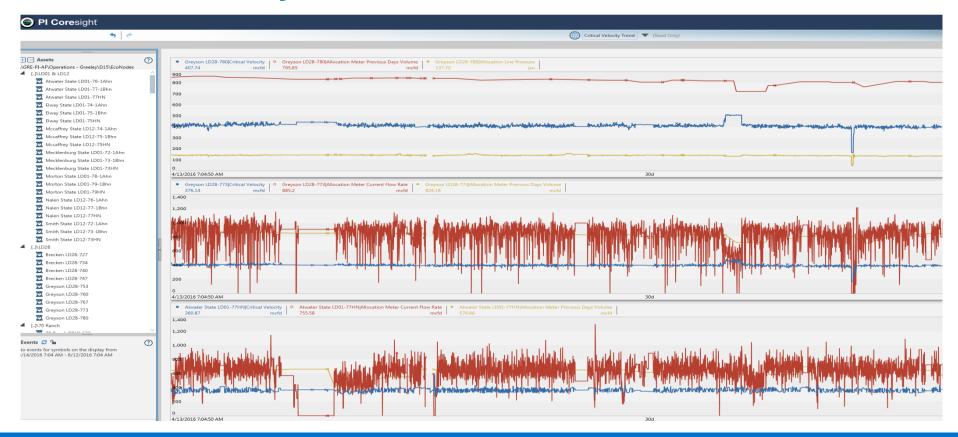
Critical Velocity trends in Pl Coresight™







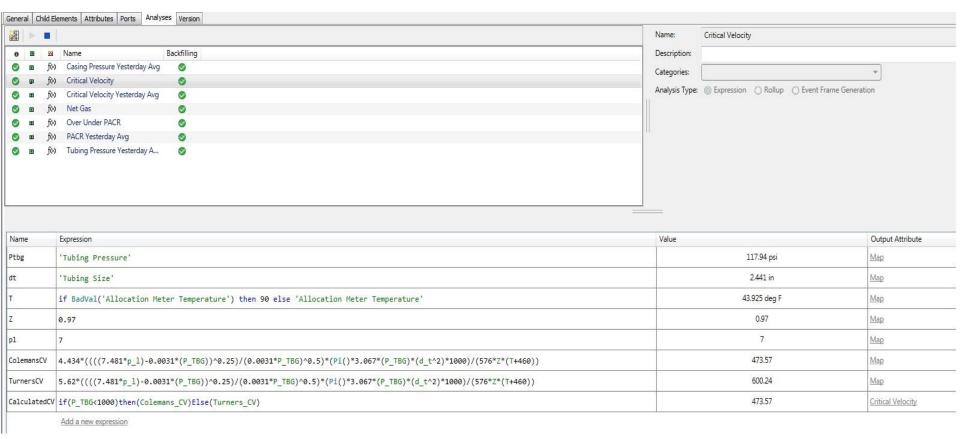
Critical Velocity Visualization and Self Serve BI







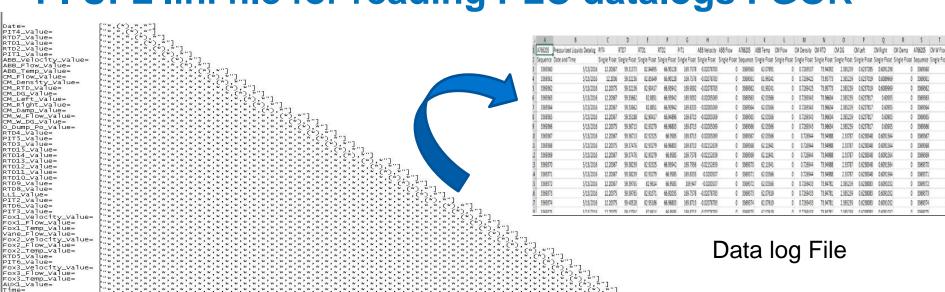
PI Asset Analytics for Well Performance Calculations







PI UFL .ini file for reading PLC datalogs FGOR



TagNameFinalTimeStamp = Date & TagnamePIT4 = "015." & PLC_Name & "_PIT4"
TagnamePIT4 = "015." & PLC_NAME & "_RTD7"
TagnameRTD7 = "015." & PLC_NAME & "_RTD1"
TagnameRTD1 = "015." & PLC_NAME & "_RTD1"
TagnameRTD1 = "015." & PLC_NAME & "_RTD1"
TagnameRBD = "015." & PLC_NAME & "_RTD2"
TagnameABB_Flow = "015." & PLC_NAME & "_CM_BE_Tlow"
TagnameABB_Flow = "015." & PLC_NAME & "_CM_Flow"
TagnameCM_Density = "015." & PLC_NAME & "_CM_DENSITY"
TagnameCM_RTD = "015." & PLC_NAME & "CM_DENSITY"
TagnameCM_RTGN = "015." & PLC_NAME & "CM_DENSITY"
TagnameCM_US_G = "015." & PLC_NAME & "CM_US_TOW"
TagnameOM_US_G = "015." & PLC_NAME & "CM_US_TOW" "_ABB_velocity'

AUX2_Value= AUX3_value= AUX4_Value= AUX5_Value=

.INI File

Example of the Power of PI AF: Calculation of FGOR

Developed Practice to Calculate the Flash-Gas-to-Oil-Ratio (FGOR) / A. Mandel

The application of a FGOR value (ft³ of gas/bbl of liquids) to total oil production provides an estimate of total gas production. FGOR values vary with the crude oil production rate, change with the extent of reservoir depletion and may become erratic at certain critical flow rates (e.g., due to slug flow conditions, reciprocating pumping actions, gas breakthrough in the reservoir, and other effects).

Consider the following process flow diagram of a typical legacy site, containing one HP-separator, one 300-bbl storage tank (12' x 15') and one burner:

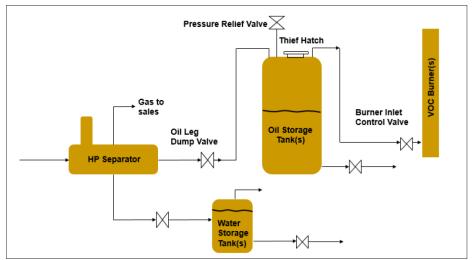


Fig. 1 - Process flow diagram of a hypothetical site

Solution (case 2 - flow of flash gas down the pipe to the VOC burner):

- 1. Head Space volume = $50\% * \pi * \frac{(12ft)^2}{4} * 15 ft = 848.23 ft^3$
- 2. Calculate number of moles of gas (at the tank) at the start of the well cycle (above ambient pressure):

a.
$$n_i = \frac{848.23 \, ft^3}{35.3144621 ft^3/m^3} * 5 \frac{oz}{in^2} * 430.922223 \frac{Pa}{in^2} * \frac{mol*K}{8.3144 \, Pa*299.82K} = 20.76 \, mol$$

3. Calculate number of moles of gas (at the tank) at the end of VOC burner cycle (above ambient pressure):

a.
$$n_f = \frac{848.23 ft^3}{35.3144621 ft^3/m^3} * 2 \frac{oz}{in^2} * 430.922223 \frac{Pa}{\frac{oz}{in^2}} * \frac{mol*K}{8.3144 Pa*298.15K} = 8.35 mol$$

- 4. Calculate total number of moles generated from flash = 20.76 8.35 = 12.41 moles
- 5. Calculate volume of generated vapor from flash:

a.
$$V = 12.41 \, mol * \frac{8.3144 m^3 * Pa}{mol * K} * \frac{273.15 K}{101325 Pa} * \frac{35.3144621 \, ft^3}{m^3} = 9.822 \, scf$$

- b. Convert to actual conditions: $V = 9.822 \ scf * \frac{101325 \ Pa}{84993 \ 72 \ Pa} * \frac{298.15 \ K}{273.15 \ K} = 12.78 \ acf$
- Subtract the volume calculated in (5) from the Fox Flow reading = 200 12.78 = 187.21 acf
- 7. Total volume of feed entering the tank = 5.5 gal/dump * 5 dump/cycle = 27.5 gal/cycle
- Convert total feed volume to bbl = 27.5 gal/cycle * 42 gal/bbl = 0.65 bbl/cycle
- Calculate FGOR in acf/bbl = 187.21/0.65 = 288.027 acf/bbl









FGOR System Overview Well Battery O/G/W Data Flow **PLC Future** Coresight PI UFL PI Folder on **CSV File** Interface **Share Drive** .INI File Mapping







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Effect of PI Notifications

GOAL

Develop a process to stay compliant with newly introduced Colorado emissions regulations







CHALLENGE

New Colorado State regulations require minimal tank venting to atmosphere



- Quickly dispatch repair teams
- Remediate in order to minimize fines

SOLUTION

Developed method to gather tank data and notify EHS&R



- **UFL** Interface
- **Notifications**

RESULTS

EHS&R is able to respond quickly to field issues and resolve them much quicker

- > Staying compliant with the state
- Keeping our emissions lower in the process

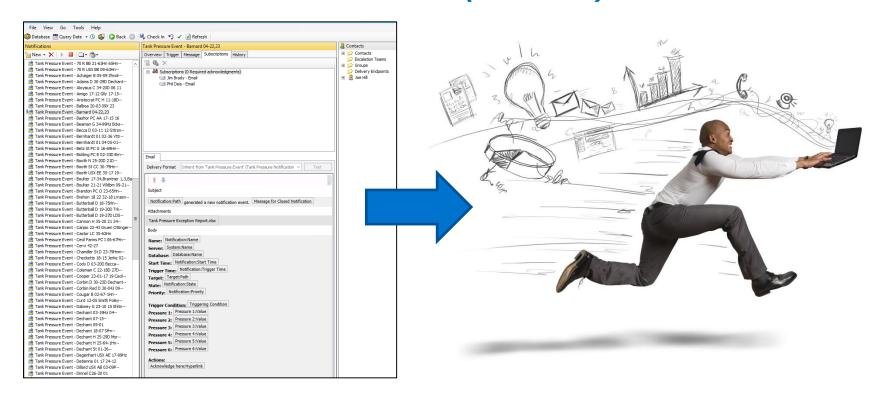








Effect of PI Notifications (cont'd.)





Improving Situational Awareness Using Event Frames

GOAL

Raise visibility of alarm conditions outside of Operations to improve the situational awareness of Noble's Environmental, Health, Safety & Regulatory (EHS&R) group.







CHALLENGE

EHS&R had little, to no insight into control system alarms

- No direct SCADA access
- Consequently, unaware of safety and compliance concerns that might result

SOLUTION

Developed reports and displays to raise EHS&R level of awareness

- Asset Analytics to generate Event Frames for use in PI DataLink® and PI Coresight™
- > EHS&R trained to interpret reports and displays

RESULTS

EHS&R is able to understand the scale of alarms being triggered in the field without needing to access a SCADA system

- ~2,800 EFs generated, including temperature, level, and pressure alarms.
- EHS&R can be proactive about alarm mitigation

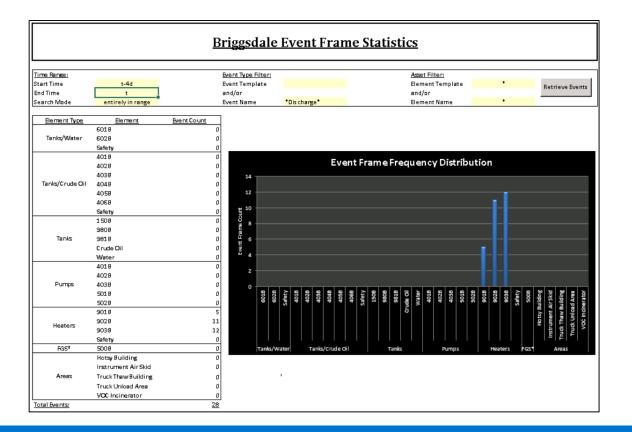








Improving Situational Awareness Using Event Frames (cont'd.)







Operational Workflow Improvement using PI Integrator for Esri ArcGISTM

GOAL

Improve the efficiency of business workflows and situational awareness for Noble's upstream operations







CHALLENGE

Noble Energy has thousands of offshore and onshore assets worldwide but, no single visualization tool to tie together asset data, real-time data and weather feeds.

This compromises the ability to:

- Route personnel to remote locations
- Respond to inclement weather
- Respond to emergency situations
- Ensure compliance of service providers

SOLUTION

Combine real-time data from the PI System and other sources, such as weather feeds with traditional asset data



- Vehicles
- Weather Radar
- **Asset Management**

using the PI Integrator for Esri ArcGIS and Esri ArcGIS web maps

RESULTS

A single standard visualization tool to view remote asset status, asset production rates and weather data in a geographical context.

- Many sources of disparate data
- Map can be configured to reveal as much or as little information as needed at each zoom level.









PI Integrator for Esri ArcGIS™ Demo

