



Using the PI System to manage energy for a more sustainable future

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TOYOTA

Presentation agenda

- 1. About Toyota
- 2. European energy monitoring strategy
- 3. Implementing PI System at TME
- 4. Developing plant's Energy Monitoring Systems
- 5. Learning points & Next steps
- 6. Conclusion



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About Toyota

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1. About TOYOTA



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Toyota – in the World

- Established in **1937**
- **53** manufacturing companies in **28** countries and regions, outside of Japan
- Vehicles sold in more than **170** countries and regions worldwide
- **10.594** million vehicles sold worldwide in CY 2018
- Market share: **45.6%** in Japan, **14.0%** in US in CY 2018
- More than **13** million cumulative hybrid sales
- Operating income totalled **€19.3** billion in FY18-19
- Around **370,000** employees worldwide



1. About Toyota

2. European energy monitoring strategy

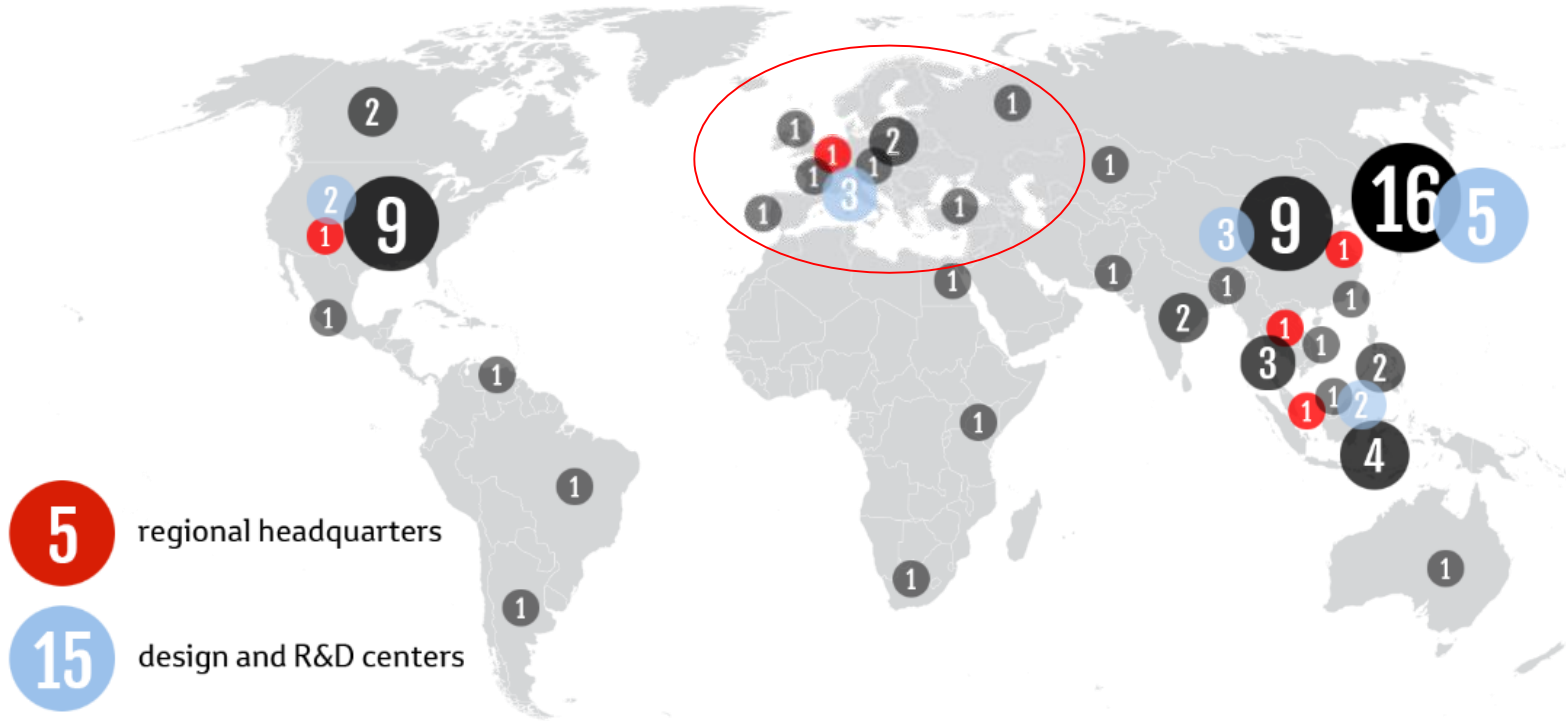
3. Implementing the PI System at TME

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Toyota – in the World



- 5 regional headquarters
- 15 design and R&D centers
- 69 manufacturing companies worldwide*

**includes wholly owned companies as well as joint ventures, KDs and contractual manufacturing*

About Toyota

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Toyota – in Europe

- Began selling cars in **1963**
- **9** manufacturing plants in **7** countries
- Over **€9** billion invested since 1990
- More than **€6** billion spent with European-based suppliers per year
- **1,035,430** vehicles sold in CY2018
- More than **2,000,000** hybrid vehicles sold in Europe
- **5.0%** market share in CY 2018
- Employees (approx.): **20,000**
(direct / including TPCA, 50/50 joint venture Toyota/PSA Peugeot Citroën)



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Manufacturing facilities

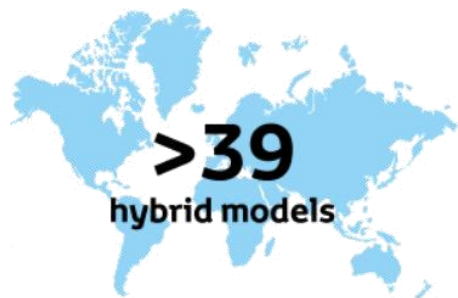


Driving sustainability

First hybrid vehicle in 1997



Toyota Prius (1997)



Worldwide hybrid cars development

First mass produced H₂ car



Toyota Mirai (2014)



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TOYOTA ENVIRONMENTAL CHALLENGE 2050



CHALLENGE 1

New Vehicle
Zero CO₂
Emissions Challenge

CHALLENGE 2

MEASURE:1

Challenge of Establishing a Zero CO₂ Emissions Challenge

CHALLENGE 3

MEASURE:2

Challenge of Establishing a Zero CO₂ Emissions Challenge

CHALLENGE 4

Challenge of Minimizing and Optimizing CO₂ Usage

CHALLENGE 5

Challenge of Establishing a Recycling-based Society and Sustainable Use

CHALLENGE 6

MEASURE:1

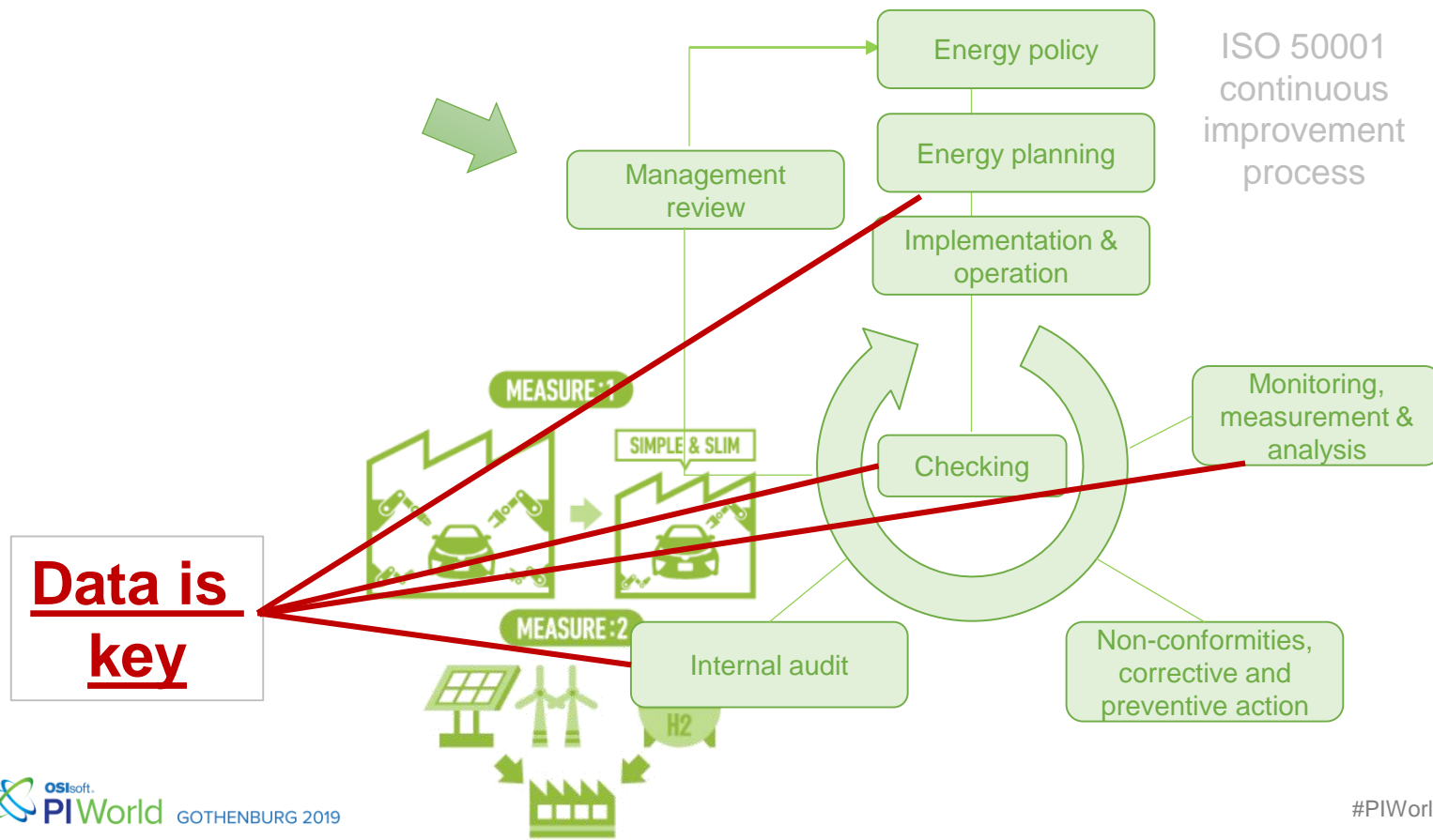
Challenge of Establishing a Future Society in Harmony with Nature

MEASURE:2

H₂



Data : a key element of energy reduction



ISO 50001
continuous
improvement
process

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2. European energy monitoring strategy



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From a time consuming process...

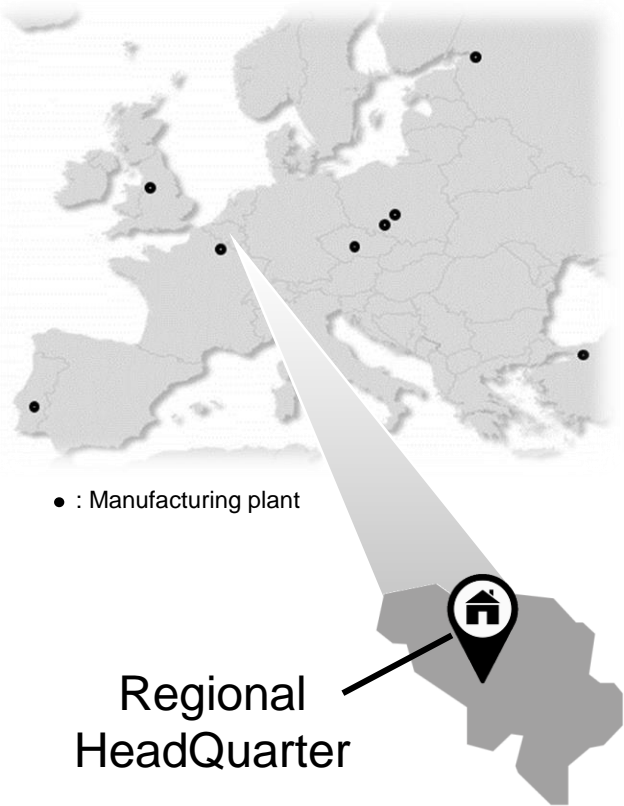


Plant by plant :

- 8 different plants using 8 different EnMS
EnMS = Energy Monitoring System
- No monitoring standard, difference in capabilities
- Benchmark is very difficult and time consuming

From headquarter point of view:

- When doing analysis, long time to gather data (upon demand)
- Need to combine all data, match formats (timestamps / units)
- Probability of man error is important



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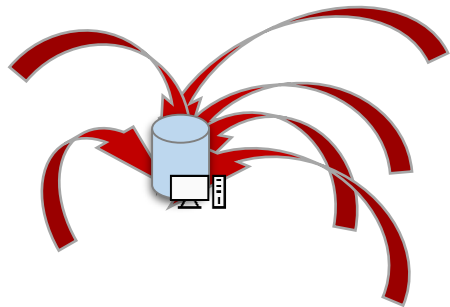
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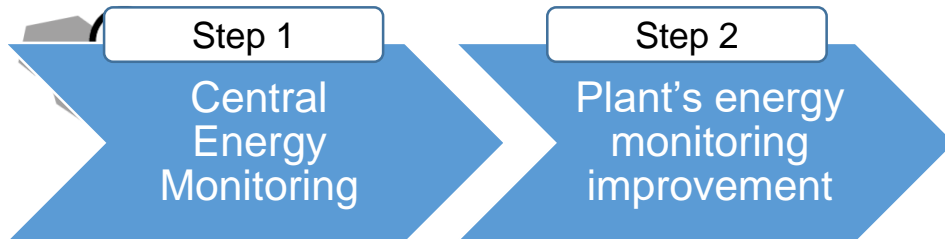
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... to an ideal quick access to data



- 1 system to communicate with all plants devices
Centralized infrastructure in headquarter
- Easy observation / comparison
Curve superposition, intuitive trend analysis
- Smart reporting
Automated detailed reports, easy to update

How to implement :



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3. Implementing the PI System



Target :

- Implement a central EnMS
- Keep plant's local system operational
- Keep possibility for plant to use
- Optimize resources investment



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Why OSIsoft PI System ?



1. Pi System offers a good flexibility

Possibility to build framework as we want, and adapt on European level / Plant level

2. It was a proven solution

Several implementation cases available, good references

3. It can work with any protocol

Plenty of interfaces, possible to connect the different systems that we have

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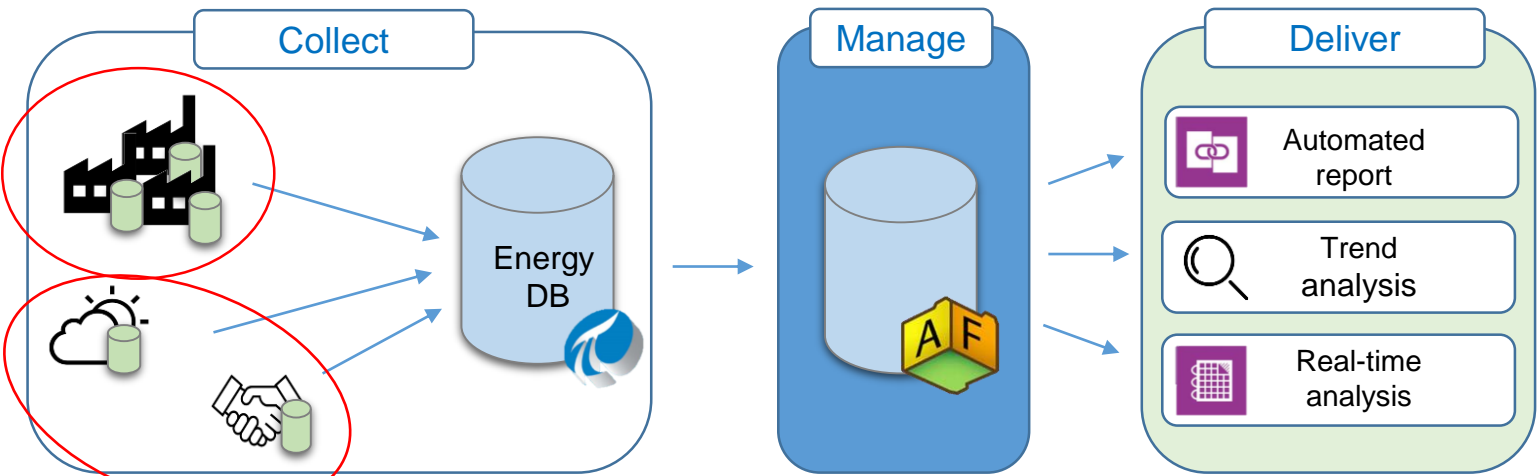
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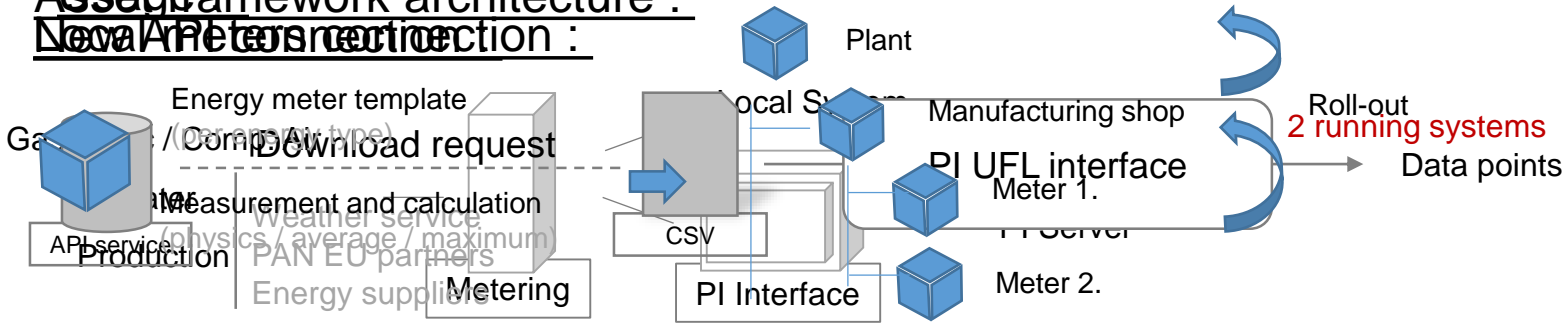
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Implementing the PI System

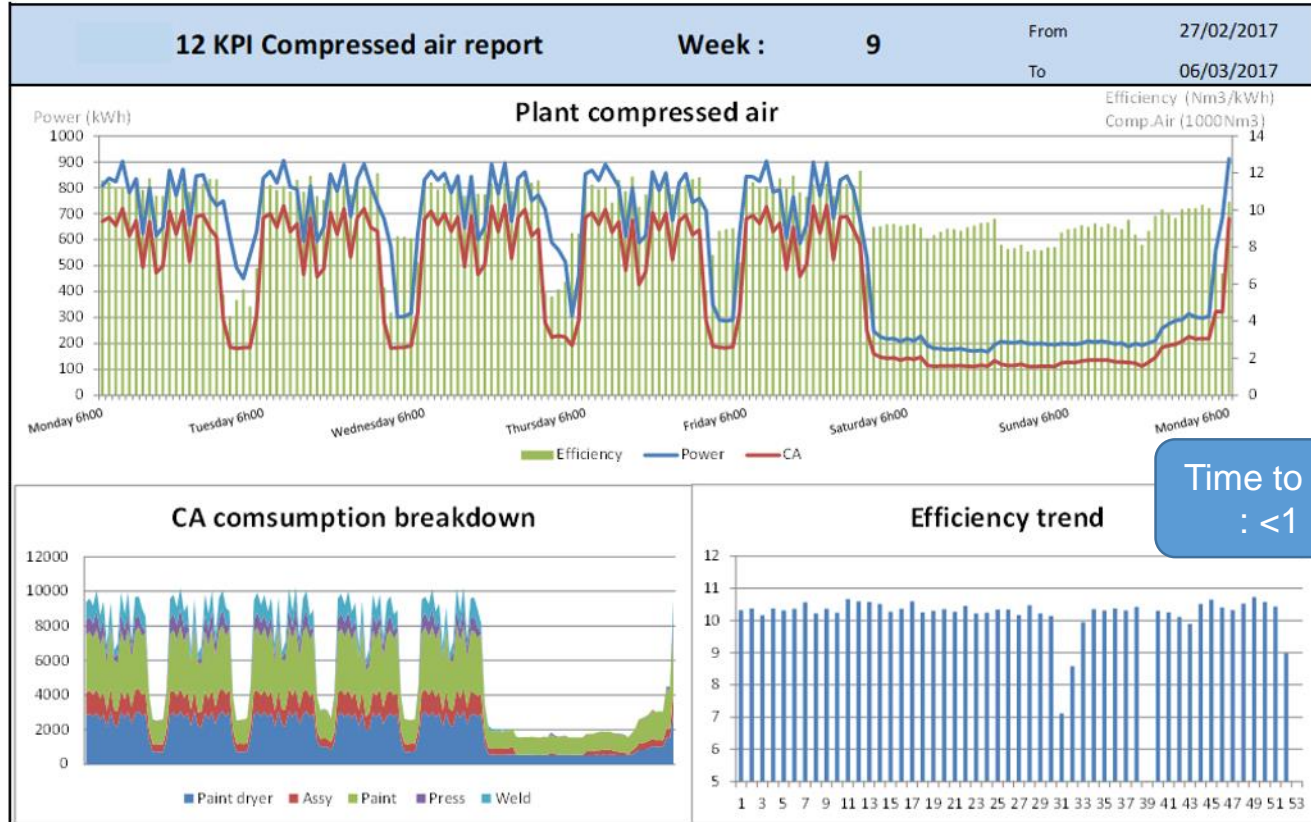


Asse framework architecture : New API extension :



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Equipment performance report



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Moving one step further



STEP 1

EU-Monitoring improvement



- Central EnMS 
- Plant's local system operational 
- Possibility for plant to use 
- Minimize resources investment 

STEP 2

Plant's energy management improvement

How to proceed ?

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Developing plant EnMS



STEP 2

Plant's energy management improvement

Pilot project in 1 plant

Make data usage easier

- Metering architecture
 - Shop architecture
 - 1. Press
 - 2. Welding
 - Process
 - Compressed air

Optimize abnormality management




Reduce reporting time

Consumption	Cost	Reference consumption	Reference cost	Energy efficiency	Price
275975kWh	16,854.00€	266467kWh	16,676.14€	X	439 €

Grant access to data for a large public

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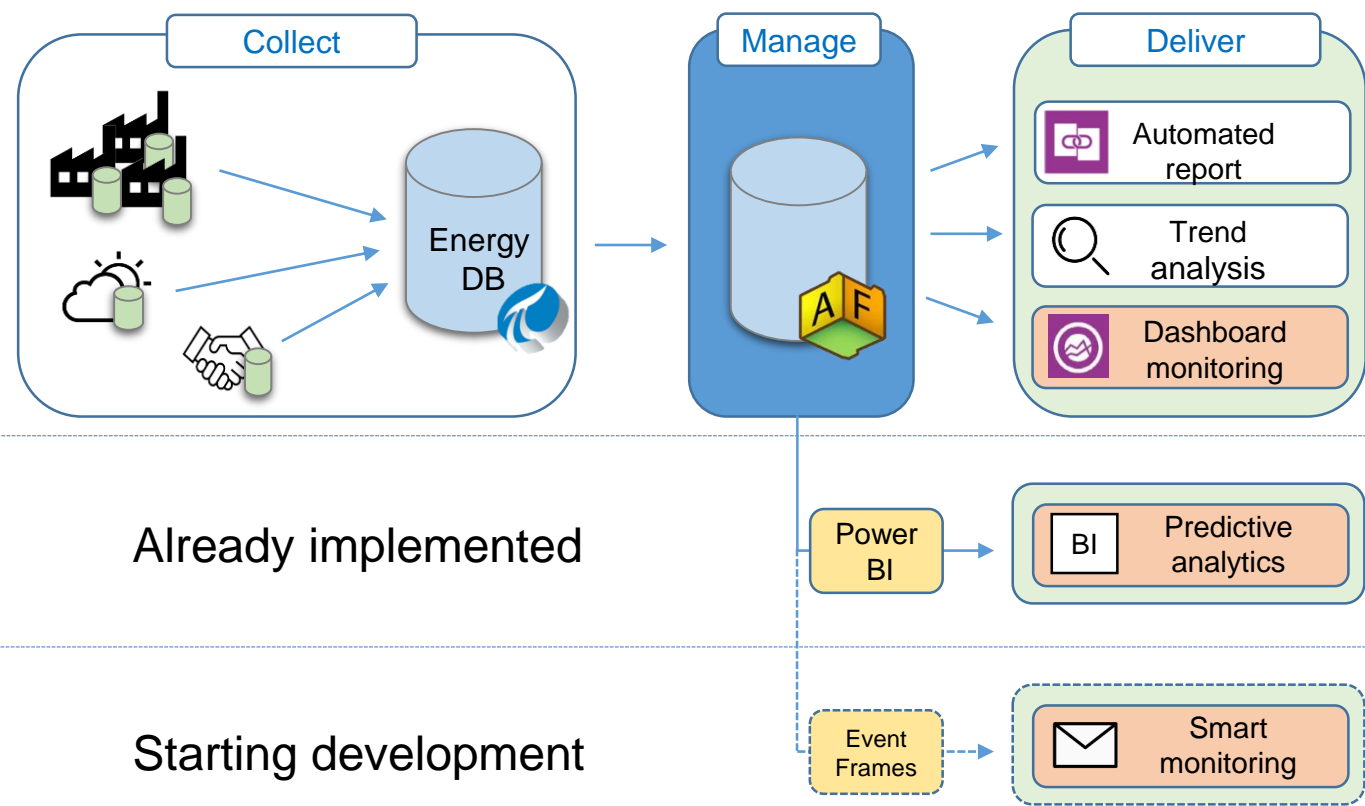
Who want to see data ?

		
Facility engineer	Shop engineer	Plant management
Energy reporting, energy supply optimization, equipment management	Project follow-up, troubleshooting, abnormality management, start/stop management	Strategic planning, business impact



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Developing plant EnMS



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WEEK-END CONSUMPTION Report

WEEK END

CALENDAR YEAR'S WEEK

26

FISCAL YEAR'S WEEK

Start time
30/06/2017 21:00

End Time
03/07/2017 06:00

WEEK-END TIME

Studied length
in hours 57.00

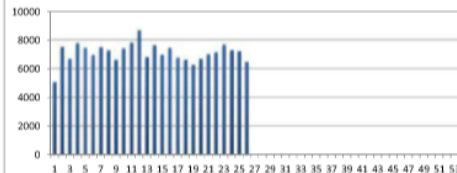
Calculation details
interval(min) 10

TMC Requirements

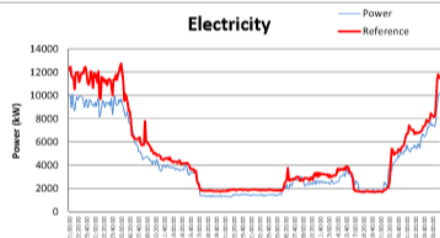
Minimum value(kW)
Target(kWh/day)

Plant's result

Energy Performance Indicator (kWh.day⁻¹)



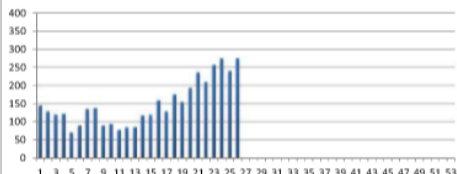
Electricity



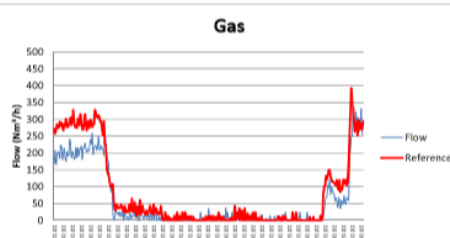
Consumption	Cost	Reference consumption	Reference cost	Statut vs reference	Savings
236130 kWh	15,857.20 €	279200 kWh	16,361.12 €	O	2,524 €
Remarks					
Comments / explanations					

Ratio min/max
12.73%
Min
1304.15
Peak consum.
10243.66

Energy Performance Indicator (kWh.day⁻¹.DJU⁻¹)

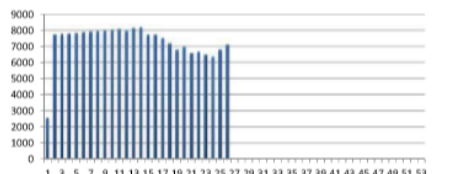


Gas

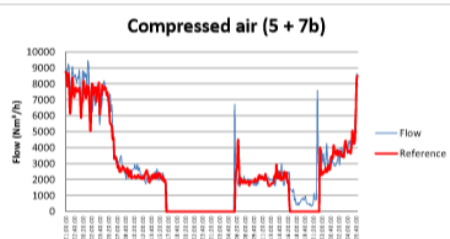


Consumption	Cost	Reference consumption	Reference cost	Statut vs reference	Savings
152942 kWh	4,588.25 €	210740 kWh	6,322.19 €	O	1,734 €
Remarks					
Comments / explanations					

Energy Performance Indicator (m³.day⁻¹)



Compressed air (5 + 7b)



Consumption	Cost	Reference consumption	Reference cost	Statut vs reference	Loss
155409 m³		142165 m³		X	
Remarks					
Comments / explanations					

Ratio min/max
3.57%
Min
336.8
Peak consum.
9438.2

Navigation through plant



202 QA0
Data retrieval

Data extraction to csv

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5. Learning points

#	Step	Learning point
1	All	It is easy to connect a lot of data points, but we must be sure about the accuracy and the reliability of the data
2	Implementation	It is better to spend more time to build an efficient Asset Framework to simplify delivery tools development
3	Implementation	Plant's members involvement is a difficult but mandatory step
4	Monitoring	It is important to keep enough people trained to maintain the system
5	Delivering	Discussion with « end-customer » is important to build an efficient delivery tool (dashboard / report)

Next steps : Finish pilot trial and roll out to other plants

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CHALLENGES

- No sufficient energy data flow from manufacturing plants
- No standard for energy monitoring in manufacturing plants

SOLUTION

- Implementing a centralized European framework
- Develop a plant size monitoring structure and roll-out in every plant

BENEFITS

- Hard benefits :
Tangible energy reduction in pilot plant
- Soft benefits :
Empowering our engineers to take more efficient actions



**We managed to combine business application
with significant step toward our corporate vision.
Let's continue to improve and transform our industry.**



Chris TORFS, Senior Mngr, Plant & Environment div.



Kevin ROSATI

- Facility engineer

Energy monitoring, Energy Reduction,
Facility management improvement

- Toyota Motor Europe
- kevin.rosati@toyota-europe.com

Questions?

Please wait for
the **microphone**

State your
name & company



Please remember to...

Complete Survey!

Navigate to this session in
mobile agenda for survey

